The Weather
Today—Fair and warmer. Highest temperature in the lower 70s. Yesterday—High, 63; low, 46.

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UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA MAY 14 1946

Lewis Shuns Coal Meeting As Industrial Layoffs Grow

Paralysis Creeping Over Nation While Strike Shows No Sign of Settlement

By Alfred Friendly
Post Reporter

With no sign from any quarter of an end to the coal strike, the Nation last night watched industrial paralysis overtaking it.

The prospect is a spreading of the dim-out, or even blackout, to 22 Eastern States and a curtailment of manufactured gas. By midnight tonight, some 2000 passenger trains will be withdrawn from their daily runs and freight shipments will be cut to one third or one fourth of normal. Motor carriers were being mobilized for emergency transportation of food.

More than 800,000 men have already been made idle by the strike and shutdowns throughout industry were snow-balling.

Lewis Doesn't Attend

Yesterday's session of Government-sponsored negotiations between mine owners and union representatives ended without any statement and apparently without any progress.

The operators were frank to admit their "disgust" with the proceedings which, as before, have scarcely touched on the essentials of a new contract. John L. Lewis did not even attend the day's meetings.

There was some expectation that President Truman might point a way to settlement at the press conference he has called for this morning, but as far as can be determined, the Government has determined on no line of action forcing an end to the strike.

Although Congress continued to call for "action" yesterday, and the Senate may consider labor legislation today, no concrete suggestions have emerged which observers believe would have a tangible or immediate effect in sending the 400,000 striking miners back to their jobs.

Rationing Proposed

Government agencies battled the problem yesterday, but the results were largely a series of exhortations:

1. The Civilian Production Administration ordered electric utilities in States east of the Mississippi to make the most effective possible use of noncoal fuels. It proposed that State utility commissions set up rationing systems on a two-stage basis. The first stage would involve extensive dimouts; the second would be an absolute prohibition against the use of electricity for all but the most essential public health and safety purposes.

2. The CPA drafted, for issuance today, an order permitting utilities selling manufactured gas to curtail their services as necessary.

3. In a statement of policy, CPA Chief John D. Small noted that emergency stocks of coal held by the Government for distribution amounted to no more than the Nation's normal 12-hour supply. Small asked for coal, electricity and gas

See COAL, Page 2, Col. 5

U. S. Losing Its Golden Allure For Europeans

London, May 8 (U.P.).—The United States is losing some of its allure for emigrants as the land of golden promise, reports from American embassies and consulates in Europe indicated tonight.

The embassy in London said it was having no difficulty handling applications for visas, since the GI brides' rush had ended. Britons were estimated to be applying for permission to enter the United States at the rate of about 1000 a month. This was double the number that applied in 1940, but only a fraction of this year's British quota of nearly 60,000.

A good many of these applications are from fiancees of American soldiers, who total about 10,000.

One observer said adverse publicity probably was partly responsible.

Siamese Twins Born To Oregon Woman

Portland, Oreg., May 8 (A.P.).—Siamese twins, joined near the base of their spines, were born here yesterday and are "in no immediate danger," Dr. Joseph V. Springer, who delivered them, revealed today.

He said the mother, Mrs. Mary Hurse, 26, Deep River, Wash., wife of a logger, is in good condition and the twins, bothgirls, are taking nourishment. Their combined weight at birth was 9 pounds 4 ounces. There are two other children, both boys, Dr. Springer said.

7 Frenchmen Reported Hurt in Clash With GIs

Paris, May 8 (U.P.).—The Agence France Presse reported from Le Havre tonight that five dock-workers and two policemen were wounded last night in a battle with American soldiers.

The agency said the fray resulted in a four-hour strike of French workers this afternoon to protest repeated attacks by Americans.

Center of Family Love Suit



Associated Press Photo

OBLIVIOUS TO IT ALL—Two-year-old Lynn Baughman of Chicago is the principal in a $25,000 damage suit brought by her mother against Lynn's grandmother, Mrs. Rose Baughman, asking damages on the grounds that she alienated her son's affection for his own daughter. The mother, Mrs. Millicent Baughman, also asked $25,000 on the same grounds from her mother-in-law. Damages were one phase of a separate maintenance suit filed by Lynn's mother against Richard Baughman, father of the child

AFL Moves To Oust D. C. Building Unit

Labor-Management Council Was Set Up to Solve Local Disputes

An attempt to eliminate jurisdictional disputes among building trades unions here may cost the Washington Building and Construction Trades Council its AFL charter.

The Council, a clearing house for 27 building trades unions, has been ordered to appear Monday before the AFL Building Trades Department to show cause why it should not be expelled from the federation for helping to set up and operate the Joint Local Jurisdictional Board.

The Joint Local Jurisdictional Board was set up in January, 1945, to solve jurisdictional and other disputes among the various building crafts here. It consists of six members, three from the unions and three from local contracting firms.

Support Is Promised

Employer members of the joint board charged that the charter revocation proceedings were instituted because a local of the AFL Operating Engineers failed in an attempt to "feather bed" a job by insisting that a man be employed merely to "turn on and off a switch."

The Washington Building Congress, another management-labor group, has announced that it will come to the support of the joint board at the hearing set for 10 a. m. Monday at AFL headquarters, 9th and Massachusetts ave. nw.

The local construction trades council has been in existence for 25 years. In addition to serving as a central agency for all union problems, it also acts as an employment agency for union members of building trades.

The dispute which brought about the hearings arose last November. Local 77 of the Engineers insisted that Mehring & Hanson, heating contractors, 12 H st. ne., hire an operating engineer to run a gasoline engine supplying power for a welding machine on a job at the Army Air Base, Andrews Field.

The firm refused and turned the case over to the Joint Local Jurisdictional Board, which decided that a member of the International Brotherhood of Steamfitters (AFL), Local 602, who was actually running the welding machine, operate the engine.

The engineers' union then withdrew from the Washington Council and appealed the findings to the AFL executive council.

In arriving at their decision that a steamfitters' union member should operate the gasoline engine for the welding machine, the Board used as precedent this ruling in a similar dispute in 1937:

"The jurisdictional right to operate electric welding sets is held to be, by existing decisions, within the jurisdiction of the trade doing the welding."

Union members of the board

See DISPUTE, Page 2, Col. 3

Electricity, Gas Outlook Brighter Here

More Coal Allocated Power Co.; Gas Light Firm 'Well Fixed'

The threat of a breakdown in gas and electricity service in the District because of the coal strike faded slightly yesterday as a result of the following developments:

1. The Washington Gas Light Co. announced it could keep going for "a pretty good period."

2. The Potomac Electric Power Co. stated it had been allocated 87 additional carloads of fuel by the Solid Fuels Administration and that coal supplies are expected here tomorrow or Saturday.

The Gas Light Co. made its optimistic announcement after it had been learned that a Federal directive authorizing manufactured gas companies to start rationing or curtailing service to all consumers had been drafted by the Civilian Production Administration. The order will be formally announced today.

"We are comfortably fixed in regard to solid fuels," said Howard B. Noyes, general superintendent of the Gas Light Co., which serves 260,000 consumers in the District and Montgomery, Prince Georges, Arlington and Alexandria counties.

"We have eliminated almost entirely the use of coal. We use oil mostly with some coke and natural gas. I think you're safe in saying we can keep going for a pretty good period."

A. G. Neal, Pepco president, said the situation was brighter for his company now that it has been allocated 87 additional carloads of coal. Pepco was allocated 175 carloads last Friday.

"We understand that some of the coal is now in shipment," he said, "and we are expecting the first supplies to reach Washington Friday or Saturday."

Neal said if everyone gets behind the local electricity conservation program so that a savings of 30 per cent can be attained, the new coal supplies will see the company through the middle of the first week in June.

In addition to disclosing that the emergency carloads of coal had bee nallocated by the SFA, Pepco announced:

1. That, effective at midnight Tuesday, it had dropped the Virginia Electric & Power Co. load, which approximated 3 per cent of Pepco's total load. It was estimated this step will save 2400 tons of coal per month.

2. That it is hopeful that the next 48 hours will show a "material improvement" in power savings as public compliance with the Commissioners' conservation order becomes more uniform.

3. That it is receiving a small amount of power through its interconnection with the Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore.

The Baltimore company receives some of its power from two privately-owned hydroelectric plants

See FUEL, Page 2, Col. 4

Pilot Fails to Report Position

Transport Plane Is 'Overdue' On Flight Over Boston Harbor

Boston, May 8 (A.P.).—A Douglas DC3 air transport with two pilots and several passengers was reported overdue by Coast Guard Air-Sea Rescue tonight several hours after it left Squantum Airport for Logan Airport here—but airfield officials said they believed the ship was in no danger.

Airways traffic control at Logan Field said it thought the ship, listed to "Tropical Air Transport," believed to be a Florida fruit express service, had gone on to a destination beyond Logan without filing a flight plan.

He said the transport, which Air-Sea Rescue listed as flown by "Pilot Robinson," left Squantum, about 10 minutes distant from Logan, with the intention of filing a flight plan to its next destination by radio as it came over Boston.

"It did not report when over Boston and did not file a flight plan to its next destination, but undoubtedly went right on," a traffic-control man said.

"We don't consider it missing," he added.

"The Coast Guard is concerned about it principally because it took off from a navy field at Squantum."

The Logan control tower said it believed Tropical Air Transport was a new charter line which flew from Florida to Boston with fruit shipments. Air-Sea Rescue had no record of the line and it was unlisted by the telephone company.

Squantum Airport initiated the search early tonight when it notified the Coast Guard airbase at Salem that the plane had not landed. A Coast Guard message over the Boston police teletype said the plane was due at Logan Airport after its 10-minute cross-harbor hop at 12:45 p. m. (EDT).

Triple Play Helps Tigers Top Nats, 1-0

Newhouser Downs Wolff in Hill Duel, Allows Two Safeties To Four by Roger

By Shirley Povich
Post Reporter

Roger Wolff was outpitched by Hal Newhouser yesterday in a 1-0 duel and outlucked, too, when the Detroit infield pulled the rarest sort of triple play to snuff out Washington's only serious scoring bid of the ball game.

Newhouser, despite a two-hit pitching job, needed that triple play and a shabbily scored run in the fifth to win his battle with Wolff who held the Tigers to four hits, three of them infield singles.

The Tigers wrenched their winning run out of Wolff in the fifth inning with a powerful assist from Gerry Priddy who threw away a double-play ball that would have turned the Tigers back scoreless.

Infield Singles Start Damage

Infield singles by Mullin and Outlaw put Tigers on second and first with one out in the fifth after which Third Baseman Gil Torres grabbed Richards' sharp grounder and routed it to Priddy at second for what appeared to be the start of a sure-fire double play. But Priddy, with oodles of time to complete the double out, fired the ball low past Vernon at first base and Mullin raced across the plate.

The 10,064 customers were scenting a big Washington inning against Newhouser in the third when the ghastly triple play business behind Newhouser's back took him out of the inning without damage.

Al Evans opened that third inning with a two-bagger against the left-field wall and Wolff drew a walk from Newhouser. On a line drive by Torres, the triple play began to take form.

Toorres' smash was hit toward Newhouser who barely got a gloved finged on the ball, deflecting it on the ball, deflecting it on the fly to second baseman Eddie Mayo who raced to second for the put out on Evans before Evans could return to that bag, and then heaved the ball to Greenberg at first for the third out before Wolff could retrace his steps.

It was the second triple play in the American League in two seasons and, paradoxically, the second time the Nats were victimized by the Detroit club.

Vernon Gets Other Hit

Newhouser gave up only one other hit after Evans' third-inning double and that was a single to center by Mickey Vernon in the seventh. Vernon raced to second on that hit when McCosky fumbled the ball but Newhouser put down that threat by fanning Heath and disposing of Priddy on a ground ball.

A single into left field by Jimmy Outlaw was the only clean hit allowed by Wolff among the four he permitted. Mullins' single and Outlaw's single that set the stage for the Tigers' run in the fifth were both infield blows that Vernon and Travis got their hands on. The fourth Detroit hit was McCosky's bunt in the sixth.

Wolff bravely attempted to keep the Nats in the ball game by pitching no-hit ball in the last 3 1-3 innings, but except for Vernon's blow in the seventh the Nats couldn't get to first base against Newhouser in the late innings . . . Eddie Lake gave

See NATS, Page 12, Col. 1

Strikers Unaware of Public Opinion

Reporter Presents Miners' Viewpoint on Wages, Welfare

By Agnes E. Meyer

Harlan, Ky., May 8.—The country at large must try to understand the slowly mounting tension of the striking miners in the Appalachian area and the reasons behind this smouldering impatience. At first they enjoyed a chance to rest. These men had been working nine hours a day, six days a week to meet the increased demands of war production. Through sheer patriotism the Big Sandy area with less men, doubled the output of the mines. The miners were tired and took to fishing and hunting at the beginning of the strike. But their mood is changing. They cannot understand why their demands for a living wage and a minimum of safety provisions should not receive immediate recognition. Public opinion and popular indignation over the gradual stoppage of the wheels of production throughout the Nation scarcely reaches them in their incredible isolation. They want to go back to work. But said they: "We have already used up the funds of the local union and we will use up every cent of our accumulated war bonds, before we will accept defeat of what seems to us the most elementary justice."

At a camp near Harlan I asked the miners and a group of local labor leaders what they expected to get out of the strike. "We want a living wage," they said, reenforcement of adequate safety provisions, and a welfare fund to take care of the families of the boys who get killed or disabled. During the war," they explained to me, "we got $10 per day for nine hours' work six days a week, portal to portal—or $63.50 for 54 hours. Now that the war is over we are afraid the seven-hour day and the five-day week will be restored, which means a basic salary of $35 a week under the 1941 contract, or a substandard wage for the hardest, dirtiest work in all industry. In most of the mines about 40 per cent of the men are on this daily rate of $1 per hour, and 60 per cent are on the tonnage rate of 65 cents per ton. These skilled men used to get higher wages than the men on the day rate and some still do if they work in a high grade mine. If the tonnage men have a poor streak of coal, they often get less than the men on daily rates."

They then showed me the company's pay sheet at the Black Mountain Coal Co. for the last two weeks before the strike. For 10 working days the tonnage men of equal skills ranged from $41.91 to $123 because of the different physical conditions they happened to encounter. "On the average throughout the year," they continued, "the tonnage men make about what the men on daily rates are getting but the tonnage men hate the big variations in their pay. If they go back to the seven-hour day and five-day week, they will also make only about $35 a week plus travel time.

"We were having a hard time feeding our children on $35 a week before the war. With the high cost

See MEYER, Page 9, Col. 5

Russia Snubs U. N. Council On Iran Issue

British Delegate Calls Gromyko's Absence 'Evasion Of Responsibility'

New York, May 8 (A.P.).—Russia snubbed the United Nations Security Council today on two counts on the Iranian issue and the Council then postponed consideration of the case.

Britain's delegate, Sir Alexander Cadogan, bluntly characterized the absence of Soviet Delegate Andrei A. Gromyko as an "evasion on responsibility or obligation."

Australia's representative, Paul Hasluck, demanded that the Council or some competent United Nations body clarify the entire veto issue and the action to be taken when a member delegate absents himself from the Council deliberations.

Iran Report Ordered

The 10 sitting delegates adopted a resolution proposed by Edward R. Stettinius, jr., United States delegate, calling on Iran to report by May 20, or sooner if possible, on the withdrawal of Red troops from Iran.

The Council on April 4 had requested both Russia and Iran to make such a report by May 6.

[Joseph Goodman, Associated Press reporter, in a delayed dispatch from Tehran dated May 6—the day Russia said her troops would be out of Iran—said Soviet forces streaming northward that day were stretched over 50 miles of road and railway in Azerbaijan Province between Marand and Dzhulfa, on the Soviet frontier. Goodman quoted British sources in detail, giving places and numbers of vehicles. The basis of the reports was not brought out. The observation might have been made by plane.—Editor's note.]

Stettinius' resolution today significantly asks for a report only from Iran.

The Council adjourned after sitting 43 minutes, subject to the call of the chairman.

Evasion Charged

The British delegate, declaring that the absence of a delegate does not stop the work of the Council, said that "it is quite true that we all sit here, largely having a sort of responsibility to the totality of the members of the United Nations, and to remain away from any of our discussions can be considered to amount, to a certain extent, to an evasion of that responsibility."

"Well," Sir Alexander added, "that is a matter which any member of the Council must settle with his own conscience."

Hasluck proposed that the Council ascertain from the absent Gromyko just how he regards the effect of his absence from the table.

He pointed out that each member of the Council, whether permanent or non-permanent, "acts in a representative capacity that extends beyond the representation of his own government."

"Can we entertain a situation where a member holding office

See NATIONS, Page 2, Col. 3

Mine Blast Kills 17

Dampremy, Belgium, May 8 (A.P.).—At least 17 men were killed last night in Belgium's worst coal mine explosion in 10 years at a mine near Dampremy. Three or four more miners were still unaccounted for.

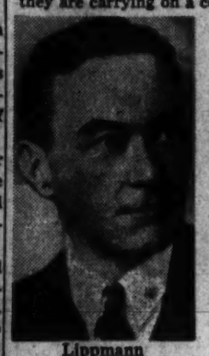
Today and Tomorrow

U. S. in Germany

(Tuesday Mr. Lippmann pointed out why Great Britain and Russia were interested in a unified Germany. Today he considers why the United States is working for a decentralized Germany and says solution of this problem is the only way to European peace.)

By Walter Lippmann

IN MY preceding article I pointed out that Prussia, which for 80 years has dominated Germany, is divided between the Russians and the British, and that in and from their respective zones they are carrying on a contest for the control of a reunited Germany.



Lippmann

Seen from Moscow this Anglo-Soviet duel is portrayed as a conflict between fascism and anti-fascism; seen from London, as a conflict between democracy and communism. But seen from within Germany it is an auction in which the two rivals bid for German support, offering the Germans the very things they lost by losing the war—namely a united and centralized Reich, its territorial integrity, and finally its position as the greatest power of continental Europe.

The Americans have been relegated to Southern Germany, where none of the great issues can be dealt with. We do not have the initiative or direct responsibility. We are on the sidelines of the main contest. We can, for example, talk to the Russians about food supplies from the Soviet zone and to the British about coal from the Ruhr. But the first and the last word remains Russian or British, and the American participation is advisory and consultative, dealing with the accomplished facts that result from British or Russian activity in their respective zones. Since we are on the outside looking in, even our information is filtered, and our grasp of the general situation is indirect and uncertain. Though we belong to the board of directors, we do not have the kind of knowledge which only the management can possess.

* * * *

IT is necessary to dwell on this point because we cannot hope to work out a constructive settlement unless we can find a way to become in fact, not merely nominally as now, a principal power in Germany. I have already pointed out that our zone in Southern Germany gives us no leverage in the predominant region, which is Prussia. I should now add that at Potsdam we made the enormous error of allowing the Soviets to fix the eastern boundaries of Germany without insisting simultaneously upon determining the status of Western Germany. The Potsdam agreement left the Russians masters of Eastern Germany; the non-agreement about the west left the British the masters of most of Western Germany. The effect of this error has been to partition Prussia between the Soviets and Britain, excluding the United States and France from direct participation in those German affairs which really count.

It follows, so it seems to me, that for us the right way back to influence is to repair the Potsdam error by intervening for a settlement in Western Germany. If Secretary Byrnes and the State Department could be induced to invest in this vital region even a fraction of the brain power, nervous energy, and moral passion which they have expended on Bulgarian elections, Iran, and other secondary issues, they would begin to get some sort of grip upon the realities of war and peace. Twelve months after the great war which Germany started, they are discussing, and quarreling about, everything on God's green earth except Germany.

* * * *

This default in Washington—the failure and refusal to take an active interest in a settlement of Western Germany—has had a confusing effect upon the American authorities in Germany.

In our own zone we are conducting a most promising experiment with the political decentralization of Germany. If the pattern which we have applied to Bavaria and to two other South German states were generally adopted, it would cause Germany to become a confederation of some ten or eleven self-governing states. No one has ever suggested any other constitutional structure within which the Germans could be free without being a menace to their neighbors. And only by developing such a confederation can the four separate military governments be dissolved, and replaced eventually by a united allied military supervision and control.

* * *

THIS is the American conception of how to deal with Germany. It is a good conception, and no one else has suggested a better one. But, outside our own zone, we not only do not promote our own demonstrated principle, but in fact use our influence against it. For, harassed by the practical difficulties of feeding and supplying Germany across the military zones, we have become the insistent advocates of re-establishing a central German administration—we do not admit that it would be a "central government"—in Berlin.

Now it would be one thing to re-establish such a central government of limited powers—though it ought not to be in Berlin—if Prussia, like South Germany, had already been decentralized into a number of separate states. But Prussia has not been decentralized; on the contrary, as I have already reported, the British and the Russians are more and more committed to promising the Germans a unified and centralized Prussia, dominating a unified and centralized Reich.

For us to promote a central government in Berlin under these conditions is to defeat in Germany as a whole our best contribution to the solution of the German problem.

* * * *

THE French vetoed the central administration which General Clay demands. They will not agree even to the rudimentary beginnings of a central German government in Berlin until the Ruhr and the Rhineland have been politically separated from Prussia, of which they are now an integral part. This is regarded as stubborn obstruction. But in truth the French have been defending our own principle, and protecting us against sacrificing to immediate expediency our best contribution to a lasting solution of the German question.

The French demand that the Ruhr be politically autonomous, and not administered from Berlin, is not opposed to the American conception of Germany as a loose confederation. On the contrary, France and the United States have the same basic principle. They could with great advantage work together towards a general German settlement which would differ radically from the kind of re-united, centralized Reich which the British and the Russians, in their terrible blindness, are offering the Germans.

* * * *

OUR economic policy for Germany is all snarled up because, in spite of the decentralization we are applying in our own zone, we have acquiesced in, and are indeed promoting, a unitary Germany. This has compelled us to be quite irrational about the economic future of Germany. We are driven to emasculate the productive power of the German nation because we not really expect, nor for reasons of immediate expediency do we really want, to decentralize the political power of Germany.

Thus we find ourselves sponsoring inherently ludicrous plans to

See LIPPMANN, Page 2, Col. 1

'. . . Can No Longer Advise Si[lence]'

Anglo-U.S. Report on Palestine Called 'Betrayal' by Arab King

Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, May 8 (A.P.).—King Ibn Saud, one of the most influential Arab leaders, today branded the British-American Inquiry Commission report on Palestine a "betrayal" and urged the United States and Britain to "fulfill their promises" and reject its findings.

"I cannot advise Arabs any longer to keep quiet," the monarch declared. "I have been doing my best to convince Arabs to work hand in hand with the Allies because I was certain justice would be done. But now we feel these recommendations are a betrayal."

The inquiry commission's report recommended immediate immigration of 100,000 Jews and urged that Palestine be neither a Jewish nor an Arab state.

The 6-foot-4 ruler who wields great influence because of his position as protector of the cities of Mecca and Medina, said it was "known that the British government carried out several studies and investigations to find a solution to the Palestine question," and that as a result this policy was laid down:

"1. The British considered that their duty definitely was fulfilled as regards the promise of a Jewish national home in Palestine.

"2. Recognition of the necessity for establishment of an independent Palestinian government.

"3. Imposition of restrictions on Jewish purchase of lands.

"4. Complete abolition of immigration.

"Unfortunately the superficial recommendations of the committee

See PALESTINE, Page 2, Col. 6

British Loan Over Hurdle; Senate Kills Base Proviso

McFarland's Clause Is Defeated, 45-40; Vote Set for Today On Point of Order

By Robert C. Albright
Post Reporter

The Senate yesterday virtually paved the way for approval without change of the $3,750,000,000 British loan by narrowly defeating the opposition's sharpest challenge.

By a 45-to-40 majority, the Senate rejected the McFarland amendment requiring outright cession to the United States of island bases leased for 99 years from the British.

It was the first clear-cut test of British loan strength and apparently signaled defeat of a whole series of opposition amendments, including one move to kill the loan on a technicality.

Hurdles Remain

The galleries sent up a cheer as Senator Kenneth McKellar (D., Tenn.), in the chair, announced the vote. Opponents had put their strongest amendment out front in an effort to kill the Anglo-American financial agreement. Even opponents of the loan conceded the long Senate fight was nearly over.

These hurdles, however, remained in the path of final passage:

1. Senator Edwin C. Johnson (D., Colo.) moved to strike down the loan on a point of order. Under the Constitution, he said, bills involving raising of public revenue must originate in the House. The Senate agreed to vote at 1 p. m. today on the point of order. Leaders apparently had the votes to overrule it.

2. A group of Senators led by James O. Eastland (D., Miss.) announced they would move immediately after the Johnson vote to displace the British loan with legislation aimed at John L. Lewis' coal strike. Senate Majority Leader Alben W. Barkley announced he would "resist" the motion in an effort to pass the loan bill today.

The May 15 legal deadline for Selective Service meanwhile was crowded so closely by Senate loan debate that some Administration spokesmen voiced fear the draft law would die.

30-Day Extension Discussed

Senator Barkley told newsmen he hoped to get the draft extension bill before the Senate tomorrow, immediately following passage of the loan, and will drive for final passage before Wednesday's deadline.

But even if the Senate acts swiftly to extend the draft, rejecting House provisions for exemption of teen-agers and a five-month draft holiday, a sharp House-Senate conference tussle will follow. In event of a stalemate, there was talk of a simple resolution extending the draft for 30 days.

Defeat of the McFarland amendment to exact bases from Britain in return for the loan followed a brisk two-hour debate capped by this warning from Barkley:

"It is my conviction that any Government which agreed to a proposal like this at the end of a shotgun would fall within 48 hours."

Approval Predicted

Sixteen Republicans joined 29 Democrats to defeat the amendment. Twenty Republicans, 19 Democrats and one Progressive (La Follette) voted for it.

Among those who backed McFarland were several who will vote for the loan on final passage, and against other amendments, causing leaders to predict approval of the loan by a more comfortable margin.

House Speaker Sam Rayburn meanwhile reiterated his forecast that both the Senate and House will pass the loan. If the Senate concludes action today or tomorrow, House Banking Committee hearings will start early next week.

Canoe Turns Over Off Hains Point, Dunking 2 Sailors

Two sailors took a busman's holiday in a canoe yesterday and ended up in the briny of Georgetown Channel about 300 yards off Hains Point.

Rescued by Harbor Police after clinging to their overturned canoe for more than a half-hour were Machinist Mate 3/C Thomas L. Mistretta, 24, and Machinist Mate 3/C Anthony Caputa, 20, both attached to the USS George K. McKenzie, now docked at the Washington Gun Factory.

None the worse but much the wetter for their experience were the two Tars, who needed no hospital treatment.

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British Egypt Plan Worries Dominions

Germans Amazed

Green Yanks Parade on VE-Day

London, May 8 (AP).—German civilians, a year ago stunned by the overwhelming might of Allied arms, looked on in amazement today as green United States troops, less than half of them armed, paraded through the streets of Frankfurt in celebration of the victory in Europe.

The VE-Day anniversary passed virtually unnoticed in Britain. In France a brief ceremony was held at the Arc de Triomphe. In the Soviet Union the day was marked by complaints of the press and radio with the way Russia's allies were meeting the problems of Europe.

In crushed Italy VE-Day was a holiday but there was no air of gaiety among a people depressed by the lack of food and the fear of a harsh peace settlement.

Tito Addresses Army

Marshal Tito told his army in a Belgrade broadcast that Yugoslavia would demand the return of territories ceded to other countries "under an unjust peace after the First World War," apparently referring to Trieste.

Sweden, which escaped the war, observed the anniversary with one minute of silence and the ringing of church bells. Large sums were collected for the starving children of Europe.

Generalissimo Francisco Franco's Spain announced that 16 Germans regarded as obnoxious by the United States and Britain would be returned to Germany.

In Berlin a four-power victory parade was postponed until tomorrow at the request of the Russians, who still were fighting a year ago today. But the Americans held their parade in Frankfurt and it was noteworthy for its lack of evidence of military power.

Just 4000 troops, most of whom never saw combat in Europe, paraded with two machine-guns, a few hundred rifles and two light armored patrol cars past the reviewing stand of Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, United States commander in Europe, while German civilians exchanged whispers or looked on in stony silence. Otherwise, baseball games and dances were the only evidences of an American holiday in the U. S. Occupation Zone.

In Paris, Maj. Gen. Robert M. Webster of the Air Transport Command placed a wreath on the tomb of France's unknown soldier, and after a minute of silence a French bugler sounded taps. French observance of VE-Day is scheduled for Sunday, coinciding with Joan of Arc Day.

Britain's own celebration of her official VE-Day will be June 8.

The Moscow radio's commentator "Analyzer" announced that the people of the Soviet Union were dissatisfied with "certain things going on in the world" on the anniversary of victory. In an English-language broadcast, he accused the Allies in Germany of retaining Hitler supporters in positions of responsibility. He said the Russians were not satisfied with Allied handling of war criminals, Allied occupation policies or Allied attitudes in the Trieste boundary dispute.

Soviet political writers complained that the Communist-supported proposal for a French constitution was defeated in Sunday's French referendum because of rightist warnings of pressure from the United States and Britain against the charter. They also blamed the Catholic Church.

South Africa and Australia Term Suez Canal Vital

London, May 8 (AP).—Australia and South Africa, taking the position that the Suez Canal is a vital link in communications between them and the United Kingdom, view with misgivings Britain's proposal to withdraw her troops from Egypt, an authoritative source disclosed tonight.

This high source, who cannot be identified by name, said representatives of the Union of South Africa were "particularly concerned" with the proposal, while the Australian government would be "very disturbed" if the British Commonwealth were left without a base for military operations in the Middle East in the event of war.

The British proposal, made in Cairo as a forerunner of negotiations for revision of the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty, spurred hopes in India, meanwhile, that a similar policy might be applied there. But in Cairo the announcement was greeted with suspicion and reserve, both by Egyptian politicans and Egypt's press.

Australian View

It was learned reliably that Australia took the position that withdrawal of the British military establishment might be acceptable if, in future negotiations, Britain and Egypt could agree on a British base adequate for protection of the Suez Canal and other vulnerable points in the Middle East.

Neither Dr. H. V. Evatt, Australian Minister for External Affairs, nor Field Marshal Jan Christiaan Smuts, Prime Minister of South Africa, issued any public statement on the situation, however.

Prime Minister Attlee, who apologized to Commons for giving the impression yesterday that Dominion representatives had agreed to the proposal in advance, made it clear that eventual withdrawal from Egypt was a decision for which his Labor Government would assume full responsibility. The Dominion representatives were consulted but not asked to commit themselves, he said.

Egypt States Plans

Cairo, May 8 (AP).—Premier Ismail Sidky Pasha told the Chamber of Deputies tonight that the Egyptian Government would make available armed forces and facilities, including rights of passage through Egyptian territory, to the United Nations Security Council when called upon to do so.

His statement was in clarification of Egypt's stand on the British proposal to withdraw her forces from Egypt on condition that Egypt make arrangements for mutual assistance in time of war or imminent threat of war.

Palestine Move Planned

Jerusalem, May 8 (AP).—An unofficial but well-informed source said today that plans already had been drawn for modernizing and extending several camps in southern and central Palestine to receive British troops who may be evacuated from Egypt. Jewish and Arab contractors will be assigned to the work, he added.

Cowboys Ride Range in India, Wear Dhotis

Bombay, India (AP).—Cowboys are riding the range in India, but they look nothing like the sombreroed buckaroos in chaps and fancy vests who roamed the West in the United States.

They wear dhotis (a thin cotton garment giving all the protection of a heavy muslin curtain or light bed sheet) and turbans as they ride the sandy banks of the holy Jumuna river seeking to capture 1000 wild cows and bulls which for 25 years have roamed this region.

The cowboy simply gets onto the trail of a cow and chases it until the quary is too weary to run farther, unless the horse gets tired first. The animal then is led to a corral on the end of a rope, or it is bound and carried in on a hand cart.

The cow is a sacred animal to Hindus and must not be harmed.

Some of the cowboys have mastered the art of throwing a lariat, American style.

Arlington County P-TA To Install Officers

Newly elected officers of the Henry Clay P-TA, Arlington County, will be installed at a meeting in the school tomorrow at 8. The new officers are:

Harry W. Porter, jr., president; A. R. Tuttle, first vice president; Dr. C. E. Bagley, second vice president; R. L. Murray, third vice president; Mrs. Carroll Upperco, secretary; Mrs. Paul Hammack, treasurer and Mrs. Homer Carpenter, historian.

India Newsmen Here

New York, May 8 (U.P.).—Two noted Indian newspapermen including the son of Mohandas K. Gandhi arrived today for conferences in the United States and Canada, in hopes of obtaining supplies to relieve the acute shortage of newsprint in India. Devadas Gandhi, managing editor of the Hindustan Times, New Delhi, and Ramnath Goenka, publisher of the Express group of newspapers in Madras and Calcutta, arrived from England.

Don't Tell Him Planes Have Elevators, Too

Chicago (AP).—A 13-year-old Negro boy huffed and puffed up seven flights of stairs to an Army recruiting office.

"Are you afraid of elevators?" asked Lieut. Phyllis M. Lowe.

"No, ma'am," the lad confessed. "I am forces.

Cont Oil Del	14			
Cont Steel	2	20¾	20	
Ropperweld Stl	3	18¾	18½	
[illegible]	29	59⅞	58½	

LIPPMANN

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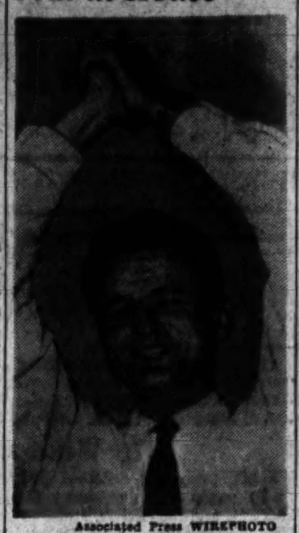
make the Germans produce less wealth than they are capable of producing. We are, therefore, encouraging what is worst and most dangerous in the Germans and are discouraging what is best and most admirable. Except in our own unimportant zone, where we follow a diametrically opposite line, we are encouraging their political vices, which are associated with centralized power, and are discouraging their virtues, which are bound up with their capacity and their passion for productive labor.

* * * *

THE makings of a constructive policy exist. But if there is to be such a policy, there will have to be a deep reorientation of opinion at the White House and in the State Department. It will have to begin with a realization that in the making of peace the German problem is paramount. Somehow that elementary but enormous idea has eluded the State Department. At Potsdam, at London in September, at London in January, in New York, and now again in Paris, we have been diverted and distracted, embroiled and excited, over relatively small questions—which have become magnified and rendered insoluble—because we are not at grips with the great questions.

I hope that another diplomatic failure will not be necessary in order to carry home the conviction to our authorities that they are not making peace, and cannot make peace, around the fringes of Europe—and that being breathless, eloquent, and even tough is no substitute for lucidity and the determination to put first things first.

Ex-Marine Wins Seat in House



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

GEORGE SMATHERS, 32-year-old former Marine, veteran of fighting in the South Pacific, gives the victory handclasp after defeating Representative Pat Cannon (D., Fla.), 2-to-1, in Florida's Fourth Congressional District. Cannon was up for reelection for a fifth term in the House

NATIONS

From Page 1

under such conditions can select an occasion on which he does not choose to act as a representative?" he said. "If we entertain that idea for a moment, it would undermine the whole structure of this body."

Duty Failure Suggested

"If in addition to that," Hasluck continued, "we entertain the other proposition that a member by absenting himself could also prevent the council from taking action, then we not only fail in our duty as representatives but I suggest that we defeat the whole purpose for which this body was created."

Stettinius told the Council that the Soviet Union has not complied with the request of the Council to report and that Iran has complied on May 6 "only in a preliminary manner and apparently as fully as conditions have permitted."

His resolution provides that the Council shall consider what action to take in the case after receiving the further information requested from Iran.

Hussein Ala, Iranian Ambassador to the United States, sat in the visitors' section of the chamber during the short session.

Ala's letter to the Council pointed out that responsible officials of the Iranian government had verified the complete evacuation of the provinces of Khorassan, oGrgan, Mazanderan, and Gilan.

The letter said that because of the interference originally complained of when the case was put before the council the Iranian government had been unable to report finally on the province of Azerbaijan.

No Official Report

Tehran, May 8 (U.P.).—Foreign Ministry officials said today that the government had received no official information whether Russian troops had left Iran. There were persistent reports that some troops remained. Political quarters were anxious over the situation and welcomed reports that Britain might keep the Iranian case before the United Nations Security Council.

Premier Ahmad Ghavam Es-Sultaneh conferred separately on the situation today with the American and British Ambassadors.

Officials said the only way they could find out whether the Red army troops had left, in keeping with Russia's promise to get out by midnight May 6, was to receive official notice from Moscow. No such notice has been received, they said.

Steer Smashes Window

Doylestown, Pa. — Momentary turmoil and $250 damage resulted when a panicky steer smashed through a plate-glass show window. Ex-paratrooper Charles Kohl said the rampant animal, apparently determined to enter A. B. Patton's store, plunged through the show window when he saw Kohl heading him off at the doorway.

Never Short of Pencils

Amarillo, Tex.—Here's a man who never needs a pencil sharpener. He's Delbert Dalby, and his hobby is collecting mechanical pencils. He has 922 of them—each advertising a different firm.



ATTACHE — Mrs. Marjorie Spikes (above), Britain's first "attache for women's affairs," is assigned to the British embassy in Washington. She is 51 and a grandmother.

FUEL

From Page 1

on the Susquehanna River above the Conowingo Dam.

River Level Low

A spokesman for the Baltimore company said, however, that the amount of power available from the hydroelectric plants is dependent on the flow of the Susquehanna River and that at present the river level is "very low." He estimated that his company had a stockpile sufficient for four weeks on hand.

He would not even hazard an opinion as to whether the Baltimore company could supply enough power to Washington for emergency service if all coal supplies here are exhausted.

However, Pepco President Neal seemed assured that the local situation would not become that bad if District residents cooperated in the power conservation program.

He said he was encouraged by the fact that power savings in the District had increased five per cent—from 11 to 16 per cent—in 24 hours.

30 Per Cent Saving Needed

If the District can achieve a 30 per cent saving with its conservation measures, it is estimated by J. H. Ferry, general manager of Pepco, that approximately 25,000 tons of coal will be saved monthly.

The Public Buildings Administration joined in the program. Deputy Public Buildings Commissioner Chareles A. Peters announced he had ordered discontinuance of all air-conditioning and mechanical ventilation in Government offices, except where essential for sanitary or other special reasons.

Heating has also been cut off whenever the outside temperature is above 55 degrees.

While the District Commissioners were reported still to be studying whether it will be necessary to cut electricity off from places of amusement and schools, most of Virginia was planning drastically curtailed use of power.

Beginning tomorrow, all nonessential establishments in a 64-county area which includes Arlington, Alexandria and Fairfax countieso will be limited to 24 hours of current a week and places of entertainment will be entirely deprived of electricity.

Newspapers and radio stations fell under the 24-hour ruling, according to a decision of L. McCarthy Downs, chairman of the State Corporation Commission Commission which issued the order.

To Follow Richmond

Other Virginia cities were expected to follow the lead of Richmond where stores are planning a 1 to 5 p. m. schedule six days weekly.

Many Virginia industrial plants planned to institute either an eight-hour, three-day week, or a six-hour, four-day schedule.

Excluded from the stringent power conservation program in eastern Virginia are domestic users, hospitals and institutions, the armed forces, restaurants and certain manufacturers and producers of food products, and emergency needs of Federal, State and local governments.

In Norfolk, a resolution was passed by the city council asking that the battleship Missouri, which arrives there today, be utilized to provide the city with electric power if necessary.

Jack G. Holtzclaw, Vepco president, said the company had investigated the possibility of obtaining supplemenetary power from naval vessels in the Hampton Roads area but had been advised that no vessels were available that could provide any appreciable help.

Railroads Slash Schedules

Meanwhile, all railroads with trains running in and out of Washington were slashing schedules to conform with Office of Defense Transportation orders designed to save fuel.

The ODT directive calls for a 25 per cent cut in coal burning locomotive operated passenger train service by Friday and a total reduction of 50 per cent by next Wednesday.

The Baltimore & Ohio will discontinue 22 passenger trains tomorrow and another 27 trains next Wednesday. The B & O said there will be a big cut in commuter service between Washington and Baltimore.

In Virginia, there has been a 50 per cent reduction in ferry service between Norfolk and Newport News and between Willough Spit and Old Point.

Vicksburg's Noted Hills Cramping City

Vicksburg, Miss. (AP).—Cramped into steeup quarters on Mississippi banks, Vicksburg hopes Congress will appropriate money for a levee which will protect 10,000 acres of flat lands near the city and permit industrial expansion.

Mayor E. W. Haining and Albert Tucker, president of the county board of supervisors, point out that Vicksburg hills were an asset to the South when they held up General Grant's advance, but in recent years the lack of level land has prevented building an airport as well as expansion of industries.

Germans to Clean Out Nazis in Bavaria

Munich, May 8 (U.P.).—United States Military Government in Bavaria revealed today that it expected 100,000 Nazis to be behind bars or barbed wire by December in a new plan to let the Germans share the responsibility for cleaning their own house.

After six weeks of investigation, 2400 Germans have been selected as judges, jurors and prosecutors and are ready to begin hearings against the Nazis under the new "law for liberation from National Socialism and Militarism." Camps that already hold 60,000 Nazis regarded as "threats to security."

P-TA Dance Recital

A dance recital, sponsored by the Parent-Teacher Association of the East Silver Spring School will be given in the school auditorium tomorrow and Saturday nights at 8 p. m. The recital is under the direction of Miss Adelaide Courtney.

Here's the Hat For June Brides



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

JUNE VINCENT, Hollywood actress, models a trick chapeau created by Designer Kenneth Hopkins for June brides. The hat, fashioned of white tulle, is surmounted by a miniature bride and groom

COAL

From Page 1

users, from the largest Government agency to the humble housewife, to restrict consumption to the bare minimum.

4. J. Monroe Johnson, director of the Office of Defense Transportation, ordered the Nation's motor carriers to give preference to the movement of essential freight, particularly food. An ODT spokesman said Johnson was prepared to embargo all but essential truck shipments, as has been ordered for the railroads, if the step became necessary.

5. The Federal Power Commission, for the first time in its history, stamped the present situation as "emergency." It recommended to all electric utility systems a pooling of their resources so that, by inter-connections, their coal supplies could be conserved.

At midnight tonight the railroad freight embargo and the order curtailing 25 per cent of passenger traffic go into effect. The Association of American Railroads estimated yesterday that about 2000 passenger trains would be taken from their regular runs, lopping 200,000 miles off the normal daily national total of 670,000 miles accomplished by coal-burning passenger trains.

Eastland Plans Motion

The AAR said that freight car loadings, even before the effective date of the embargo, have been reduced by 25 per cent. After tomorrow, the freight hauled will be from one-third to one-fourth of normal.

In the Senate, meanwhile, Senator Eastland (D., Miss.) served notice that he would move at 1 p. m. today to lay aside the British loan and take up strike legislation. He will be supported by a strong group of Senators, but his motion will be opposed by Majority Leader Barkley (D., Ky.).

Among the many labor bills tossed into the House and Senate hoppers yesterday was one by Senator Byrd (D., Va.) paralleling bills introduced in the House, making the miners' royalty demand, for a health and welfare fund, illegal.

In the cumulative process of industrial shut-downs throughout the Nation, each stoppage provoked another.

Ford Motor Co. shut down last night, throwing 106,000 more men out of work. Chrysler warned that its assembly lines might halt early next week. U. S. Steel and International Harvester slashed their production schedules.

Detroit joined Chicago, Washington and Philadelphia in returning to the wartime brownout.

Chicago—first city to dim its lights—was threatened with total blackout within two weeks. Only essential public services would operate should the blackout become necessary.

The St. Louis Chamber of Commerce said one-half the area's industry would be shut down and 200,000 made idle because of the freight embargo which goes into effect at midnight tomorrow.

New England industries, employing 1,394,000 persons, faced an almost certain shutdown within a week. Soft coal on New England docks was frozen and the Army released 33,000 tons of coal for use in Massachusetts.

In the Pittsburgh district, 31,000 steel workers already were idle and 40,000 more were scheduled to be laid off by the end of next week.



SLICK CHICK — Poultry workers of a New York local chose Janet Blair (above), film actress, as "Miss What a Chick."

British Heath Fire Sets Off Block-Busters

London, May 8 (U.P.).—A heath fire swept through an American Army Air Force ammunition dump near Elveden, in Suffolk, tonight, exploding block-buster bombs and quantities of small arms ammunition.

Firemen from all over the east coast area got the fire under control late tonight after five hours, but it was expected to burn all night and explosions continued.

Firemen and American troops stuck to their posts heroically while fragmentation bombs exploded nearby.

Small arms bullets rained over the countryside.

One tremendous explosion when the fire first reached the ammunition caused concussion 8 miles away.

Doors and windows rattled in neighboring villages and towns.

India Tries Work Cure On Beggars

Bombay.—The problem of beggars in India—one of the most universal plagues of the land—has been tackled constructively by the city of Madras, which has decided to round up all "baksheesh" seekers able to work and put them in a home where they will be taught some manual occupation.

The shock this may prove to be to some of the beggars can be readily imagined by anyone who has encountered them in India. There have been stories of some who mutilated themselves and who have deliberately crippled their children in order to increase the flow of alms.

One well-known character in Bombay pockets plenty of annas by suggesting that passers-by contribute to his cow—a sacred animal in India. Some are reported to have drugged their babies so the infants could be kept for long hours in the sun without wailing.

Favorite haunts of those versed in the art of begging—and it is an art throughout the East—are spots visited by pilgrims, such as the Ganges, on the sound psychology that a man in religious mood should be a "soft touch."

PALESTINE

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upset these basic principles. This gives to the committee recommendations their erroneous and dangerous character.

"Besides this, the late President Roosevelt had undertaken in the name of the United States Government not to take any decision prejudicial to Arab rights or favor any change in the four basic principles just named, except after consulting with the Arabs and obtaining their consent. The committee overlooked all these considerations."

Ibn Saud said the immigration of 100,000 European Jews into Palestine would not settle the refugee question. He added that terrorism had been "eliminated all over Europe and the Jews can live peacefully there," helping the Allied occupation authorities with reconstruction.

Smiling wryly, he said it appeared the Arabs were being ranked by the Allies with the Germans and Japanese.

"The Arabs aided the Allies during the war," he said. "Why should we be treated like a defeated people? The Allies are taking Italy to their bosom—Italy, who fought against them. Why do they treat us this way?"

Asserting that the Arabs had trusted the United States as a "bearer of the light of freedom, equality and justice," the monarch said that "from what we see now of United States policy in the Middle East we are afraid we were under a great deception."

Arab Committee Wires Stalin for Aid

Jerusalem, May 8 (U.P.).—Jamal Husseini, head of the Arab higher committee, said tonight that the committee had cabled Generalissimo Joseph Stalin directly for help to keep the United States and Britain from implementing the Anglo-American committee of inquiry's report.

"There has been no reply from Stalin yet," Husseini said.

He announced that Arabs were prepared to fight "to the last drop of blood" to keep the Jews out.

Earlier, a member of the committee had announced that Stalin also would be sent a letter that had already gone to Prime Minister Clement Attlee of Britain. A higher committee spokesman said delegations also would be sent to Pope Pius XII, and to India and Afghanistan, to enlist the aid of Moslems in those countries.

Underground Railway Cut

Trieste, May 8 (U.P.).—Jewish leaders here admitted today that British police had successfully broken up an "underground railway" whereby European Jewish refugees were illegally migrating to Palestine by way of Yugoslavia.

A Jewish spokesman said the British security service had intercepted 500 Jews who had made their way into Trieste with false identity cards and sent them to UNRRA camps in southern Italy.

Inventors Modernize To Promote Bird Life

Newport, R. I. (AP).—Birds are getting a break from New England inventors.

In Newport, an eighth-grade schoolboy, Arthur Teves, has devised an automatic bird-feeder. Arthur said the food goes in a glass protector that distributes it evenly and protects it from the weather.

Meanwhile in Newtonville, Mass., Donald B. Hyde has planned and built a series of ultra-modern birdhouses, with non-warp floors and glass walls. The glass "keeps out rain and dampness, and, when the sun shines, acts as a heating unit," Hyde said.

Widow Gets Ace's Posthumous Award



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

MRS. MARJORIE ANN BONG, widow of Maj. Richard I. Bong, America's flying ace of World War II, displays the British Distinguished Flying Cross, posthumously awarded at Los Angeles, Tuesday, for "outstanding and meritorious service in aviation." Mrs. Bong accepted the medal from members of an Australian air mission touring this country

Huge Betatron Britain's Bid for Atom Leadership

London, May 8 (U.P.).—Britain today sought leadership in the atomic research field with the construction of a one-billion-volt betatron to create heavier particles for bombardment of the atom nucleus.

Sir Edward Appleton, head of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, announced government grants of $674,000 for small and large scale experiments at two universities.

One grant of $564,000 will go to Prof. M. L. Oliphant, of Birmingham University, to construct a mammoth betatron whose voltages were claimed to be three times greater than the best American equipment.

Prof. P. I. Dee, of Glasgow University, for a 200-million-volt instrument using a 200-ton magnet.

Squares His Conscience

Centralia, Wash. — Centralia's city commissioners received a $15 check from a former resident for light pole insulators he said he broke—25 years ago.

DISPUTE

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are: John Botts, Steamfitters Union, Local 602; Joseph Hillock, Painters Union, Local 368; Milton Stevens, Plumbers Union, Local 5.

Alternate union members are: Frank Howard, former business agent of the Carpenters Union, Local 1590 and now executive secretary of the council, and John O'Brien of the International Association of Sheet Metal Workers.

Executive Council Silent

Spokesmen for the AFL Executive Council would not define their objections to the joint board last night.

The Washington Building Congress, which represents 31 local contracting firms, pointed out that since the Joint Local Jurisdictional Board has been in existence there has been only one work stoppage because of union differences—the Andrews Field job.

The Building Congress appealed to the AFL to sanction the Washington Council's agreement for the settlement of disputes. Several firms sought permission to appear at the hearings and present their views on the matter.

Alcatraz Riot Leaders Retain Defense Attorneys

San Francisco, May 8 (U.P.).—Petitions for habeas corpus were filed in Federal District Court today in behalf of Convicts Miran (Texas) Thompson, Sam Shockley and Clarence Carnes, held in solitary confinement following the three-day bloody Alcatraz Prison riot.

The petitions were filed by three San Francisco attorneys, Ernest Spagnoli, Robert A. Boon and Milton Dalo. They said they had been retained to defend the three convicts against any charges arising out of the Alcatraz riot. They did not designate who had retained them. The attorneys said they had tried through Warden James A. Johnston to talk to the men, but had been refused permission.

Bermuda Bans 'Scanties'

Hamilton, Bermuda, May 8 (AP).—The return of tourists, including American girls in short shorts, has brought reenforcement of Bermuda's "scanty-panty" prohibition. It was unneeded during the war because Bermuda had no tourists.



What About the British Labor Government?

Luncheon—Forum

Saturday, May 11, 12:30 P.M.—Hotel 2400, 2400 16th St.

ELMER DAVIS
REINHOLD NIEBUHR
REP. JERRY VOORHIS

"American Progressives and the British Labor Government"

Auspices: UNION FOR DEMOCRATIC ACTION
819 13th Street N.W.
$1.75 Per Plate
For Reservations, Telephone NAtional 7655 or NAtional 9219.



for Mother's Day
Breyers
ICE CREAM
She will love Breyers Caramel Nut Ice Cream



LANA TURNER AND JOHN GARFIELD WILL DO SOMETHING TO YOU IN "THE POSTMAN ALWAYS RINGS TWICE"

James M. Cain's best-seller ... a novel of desperate love ... brought superbly to the screen by M-G-M

Coming Soon!

Fla. Democrats Pick Holland for Senator

Incomplete Returns Give Him Substantial Lead Over 3 Others

Jacksonville, Fla., May 8 (AP).—Former Governor Spessard Holland will succeed retiring U. S. Senator Charles O. Andrews on the basis of nearly complete returns from yesterday's bi-racial Democratic primary.

The 53-year-old wartime Governor, who gave up a promising major league baseball career for law, took the measure of three other candidates, including former Congressman R. A. (Lex) Green of Starke. He had some 70,000 votes to spare.

Holland's vote exempted him from the second primary May 28, as he needed only a majority of the votes. Nomination is tantamount to election in Florida.

Reports from 1426 of the State's 1467 precincts gave Holland 201,989 votes; Green, 110,288; Mrs. Polly Rose Balfe of For Lauderdale, 14,562; Henry M. Burch of Orando, 8399.

Negroes Vote as Democrats

Negroes voted for the first time in any number as Democrats. There were 32,000 registered.

Congressmen who went to victory with Holland were:

First District, Representative J. Hardin Peterson; Second District, Representative Emory Price; Third District, Representative Bob Sikes; Fifth District, Representative Joe Hendricks. In the Fourth District, George A. Smathers, former Marine, defeated the incumbent, Representative Pat Cannon.

Stiff Alabama Fight

Birmingham, May 8 (AP).—A strenuous run-off campaign for the Democratic nomination for Governor shaped up in Alabama today as unorthodox James E. (Big Jim) Folsom increased his lead over Lieut. Gov. Handy Ellis on late returns from yesterday's balloting.

Folsom, 6 foot, 8 inch insurance and business man from Cullman, bore the indorsement of the CIO-PAC and had been runner-up for Governor four years ago, but his place at the head of the five-man field was a surprise to most of the political guessers.

The runoff primary is set for June 4.

A tabulation of returns from 1724 of Alabama's 2328 boxes today gave this result in the Governor's race:

Folsom, 67,424; Ellis, 60,414; Joe Poole, Butler Spring, 45,522; Judge Elbert Boozer, Anniston, 34,862; Gordon Persons, Montgomery, 30,895.

Joe Starnes, former vice chairman of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, was beaten in his race to unseat Representative Albert Rains, Gadsden, in the Fifth District. Rains, indorsed by the CIO-PAC, had 18,042 votes to 12,645 for Starnes on returns from 234 of 296 boxes.

Representative patrick of Birmingham apparently was beaten without a runoff in a three-man race for his seat from the Ninth (Birmingham) District. The leader in this race was Laurie Battle, World War II veteran making his first political race, who polled 21,654 votes against 16,010 for Patrick.

In the other contested congressional races, Representatives Sam Hobbs, Pete Jarman and George Andrews won reelection.

Huffman Wins in Ohio

Columbus, Ohio, May 8 (AP).—Democratic Senator James W. Huffman's show of strength in winning renomination despite CIO-PAC opposition set the stage today for an Ohio November election contest of national interest against Former Republican Gov. John W. Bricker.

Huffman, appointed last year by Gov. Frank J. Lausche, won going away from three opponents in Tuesday's primary, which brought out only about 700,000 of a potential 3,200,000 State electors.

Bricker, starting a national political comeback, was nominated without opposition. He was the GOP vice presidential nominee in 1944.

Marvin C. Harrison, Cleveland attorney who had CIO-PAC indorsement and styled himself a Roosevelt New Deal Democrat, ran a poor third to Huffman behind Former Congressman Stephen M. Young, Cleveland. Edward A. Huth, Dayton University professor, trailed.

Complete unofficial returns from 9288 polling places gave Huffman 107,421 votes, Young 89,422, Harrison 70,940 and Huth 12,610.

Governor Lausche will oppose former Attorney General Thomas J. Herbert, Cleveland Republican, for reelection in November. Both had only token opposition.

All incumbents for State and congressional posts were renominated, including Congressman-at-Large George W. Bender of Cleveland Heights, Republican seeking a fourth term.

Ludlow Has Big Lead

Indianapolis, May 8 (AP).—Representative Louis Ludlow, dean of the Hoosier congressional delegation, took a commanding lead in the Eleventh District Democratic primary today, thus probably making certain that 10 of Indiana's 11 incumbent Congressmen would stand for reelection in the November 5 general election.

The only member of the delegation who did not seek renomination was Representative Charles M. La Follette of Evansville, who has entered the Republican senatorial race against United States Senator Raymond E. Willis. Indiana selects senatorial candidates in party conventions next month.

Official returns in Marion (Indianapolis) County (Eleventh District) were delayed because of a factional Republican contest over watchers at the central tabulating bureau and a change in the counting plan.

In the Eighth District, Edward A. Mitchell, Evansville business man, forged into the lead over William H. Waldschmidt, Cannelliton City attorney, for the Republican nomination.

229,238 Dead

Army Lists 948,418 as Casualties

Total Army casualties in World War II were 948,418, of whom 229,238 were battle dead, the War Department announced yesterday.

It was revealed that 7814 soldiers are still listed as missing in action and 3083 prisoners of war are not yet accounted for, a total of 10,897 for whom search is still being made. Men still carried as wounded number 16,273.

The total casualty figure, the War Department pointed out, does not represent that many men wounded since some were wounded more than once and those who were wounded and then captured are counted in both categories.

The European theater had the highest total casualties, 592,074, of whom 106,281 were killed in action and 16,240 died of wounds. The Mediterranean theater had 178,602 casualties, with 43,200 deaths; the Pacific theater had 160,280 casualties with 34,704 deaths.

The total number killed in action in all theaters was 173,441. Of the remaining 55,797 battle deaths, 26,908 died of wounds, 9617 died as prisoners or internees, and 19,272 were reported dead while missing in action.

Personnel captured in all theaters totalled 124,927, of whom 111,917 were later returned to military control. There were 9617 deaths in captivity, leaving 3393 still listed as captured.

The total of missing was cut from 51,115 to 7814 by the return to duty of 24,029 and the determination that 19,272 had died.

Enlisted Men's Terminal Pay Gets Approval

By the Associated Press

The House Military Committee recommended yesterday that enlisted men be given the same terminal pay benefits accorded officers, but that in the future the payments be dropped for everyone.

It approved legislation giving enlisted men of all services the right to receive pay, at the time of discharge, for all furlough time to which they were entitled but which they did not actually receive.

The pay would be at the rate of compensation and allowances received at the time of discharge and would be computed on the basis of 2½ days for each month of service, up to a top of 120 days.

For example, a man who, at the time of discharge, had received only 20 days of the 70 days furlough time to which he was entitled would be paid in cash for the 50 days he didn't get off.

Men already discharged, but who served after September 8, 1939, would be eligible for the payments upon application within a year from the date the legislation becomes law.

To speed payments, the committee recommended that the affidavit of an honorably discharged man should suffice to determine how much time he has coming.

General estimates of the cost of the legislation have been in the neighborhood of two billion dollars, although some have been as high as eight billion dollars. Estimates were based on average service of 28 months for every man and the assumption that most men received most of their furlough time of 70 days.

The committee's plan for enlisted men is similar to that already in effect for officers of the armed services. In the future, the committee urged payments shouold not be made in time of emergency to any men.

The committee's action left somewhat snarled the legislative situation with respect to the bill. Last month 218 House members signed a petition discharging the Military Coommittee from further jurisdiction, the committee having indicated an inclination to shelve the bill after the budget bureau opposed it.

The discharge petition, circulated by Representative Dwight Rogers (D., Fla.) normally would come before the Hoouse next Monday, but since the comomittee already has reported the bill to the House the petition is meaningless.

Committee members said, however, that the legislation probably will come up for a House vote next week under normal procedure.

Phone Slugs Wane

Chicago, Ill.—Prosperity note from the Illinois Bell Telephone Co. The use of worthless slugs in Chicago's 20,000 pay telephones has decreased to "virtually nothing," the company has announced. "Virtually nothing," the firm explained, consists of about 1,000 slugs a day.

Vintage of 1914 . . .



Post Staff Photo

"TIN LIZZIE"—Irene Hiner of 4119 Lee Highway, Arlington, Va., cranks a 1914 model Ford, which Graham Hicklin, the driver, bought for $8 at McDowell, Va., in 1939. Hicklin and his passenger, Carl Hogshead of 2010 N. Stafford st., Arlington, Va., drove into town yesterday to visit Miss Hiner, a librarian at The Post

Grain Prices Raised as U. S. Fails to Meet Famine Quota

By John W. Ball
Post Reporter

The Government turned to increased ceiling prices for grain last night as a solution to overcome its steadily worsening default in famine relief commitments.

Corn ceilings were raised 25 cents a bushel. Wheat was raised 15 cents; oats, 5 cents; barley, 9 cents; rye, 10 cents a bushel and grain sorghums 18 cents per 100 pounds.

The increase is effective next Monday.

Saturday the present bonus of 30 cents a bushel for corn will be terminated. The bonus of 30 cents a bushel for wheat sold to the Commodity Credit Corporation before May 25, will be continued, however, until that date. This means, that until May 25, farmers selling wheat to the Government under the famine purchase certificate plan will be able to get 45 cents above present ceilings.

Feed Prices Go Higher

In addition to higher ceilings on grain, an increase in protein feed prices was granted.

The order raises wheat ceilings (not counting the temporary bonus) from $1.83½ to $1.98½; corn, $1.21½ to $1.46½; oats, 83 cents to 88 cents; barley, $1.26½ to $1.35½.

The increase on wheat is less than 10 per cent without the bonus, or about 25 per cent with the bonus, until May 25; the increase on corn is about 20 per cent.

At present there is no ceiling on rye. The first ceiling ever placed on rye in this country is to go into effect June 1. Originally set for $1.48½ a bushel, it now is increased to $1.58½. (May rye is now selling at about $2.75 a bushel on the open market. Grain dealers are finding it difficult to explain what is causing its present high price. Proponents of price control point to it as an example of what would happen in other lines if price controls were lifted.)

The announcement of the grain changes came at the close of a day filled with other developments on the famine situation. Among them were:

(1) Simultaneous announcement by President Truman and the British and Canadian governments that the Combined Food Board will retain control of the world's major food resources until in end of 1946 at least.

Crisis for 4 or 5 Years

(2) Statement by Sir John Orr, director of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization, that the world food crisis will continue "for the next four or five years" and urged plans be made now to deal with it adequately.

(3) Announcements of completed plans for the 48-nation council of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (UNRRA) to be held today at the Shoreham Hotel. The council was called by Director LaGuardia to report on the gravity of the food supply situation.

(4) Announcement of the formation of the distilling industry committee to aid UNRRA, with Lester E. Jacobi, president of Schenley Distilling Corp. as chairman. Jacobi stated the industry was putting its entire grain buying facilities at the disposal of the committee.

Distillers throughout the country have been asked to contribute from their grain inventories. The industry hopes to contribute 50 million pounds of grain to UNRRA in a few weeks, Jacobi said.

The increase in price ceilings for grain was announced jointly by the Office of Economic Stabilization, the Department of Agriculture and the OPA.

To Correct Situation

In addition to attracting more grains from farm bins for export to starvation areas overseas, the move had the additional aim of correcting the food situation at home, the announcement declared.

The higher prices on grain will cut down on the feeding of livestock to heaviest weights, and thus make grain available for export and for dairy and food purposes in this country.

"When you raise grain prices you make livestock feeding less profitable," an official of the agriculture department pointed out. The last pounds put on heavyweight cattle, for instance, take more feed in proportion than the earlier weights. The result will be that the public will be eating more more grass-fed and less cornfed cattle—or, as one feeder remarked, a little tougher meat.

The announcement of the increased ceilings gave the purposes of the Government as follows:

1. To remove uncertainty concerning grain price ceilings between now and June 30, 1947.

2. To encourage movement of grain for shipment abroad, for human consumption in this country, and for essential livestock feeding purposes in deficit grain-producing areas.

3. To bring about the proper balance between livestock numbers and grain supplies available for feed.

Auto Safety Drive Planned By D. C. Police

Police Superintendent Harvey G. Callahan yesterday ordered an extensive safety check of motor vehicles in the District.

The campaign, beginning next Wednesday for a "period of at least six weeks," is part of a Nation-wide Police Traffic Safety Check program. It is being sponsored by the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

District cooperation was announced by the Commissioners at the opening session of the President's Highway Safety Conference.

Under Callahan's order, an on-the-spot check of all vehicles will be made by "each member of the department" when he stops a driver on the following counts:

1. Being involved in an accident.
2. Violating a traffic regulation.
3. Making any unusual stop which would indicate that the car is in bad shape.
4. Any other proper reason for suspecting a car is in bad condition or the driver is committing some violation or bad driving practice.

Educational Activity

Major Callahan described the campaign as "not an enforcement drive, but an educational activity." But he authorized policemen to place charges against motorists in cases where serious violations are found.

Policemen were instructed to carry out the road tests as follows:

1. Determine if the person is operating on proper tags and permits, and hand him a safety check leaflet.

Leaflets, outling the reason for the safety program, have been distributed to all precincts.

2. They test horn, windshield wiper, lights, and mirrors and examine tires for danger signs.

3. Make a complete brake test. If brake pedal strikes the floorboard or can be pressed to within one inch of it, policeman will call a car to test if brakes meet legal requirements.

Decide on Charge

Police then will decide what charge, if any, will be placed against the operator or car owner.

"We plan to make an all-out drive because o fthe great increase in accidents here in the past year and because the average age of a car today is nearly nine years," Assistant Police Superintendent Walter H. Thomas said yesterday.

He said the number of traffic accidents here involving mechanical weakness has almost tripled in the past year.

The program, to emphasize the driver's responsibility for safe driving and vehicle maintenance, will be carried out simultaneously all over the United States.

Show Time

STAGE

National—"The Merry Wives of Windsor," at 8:30 p.m.

Gayety—Burlesque from 11:30 to 5 p. m. and 8:30 p. m.

SCREEN

Palace—"Kitty," at 10:45 a. m., 12:55, 3:05, 5:15, 7:25 and 9:35 p. m.

Capitol—"Drangonwyck," at 10:45 a. m., 1:30, 4:20, 7:10 and 10 p. m. Stage shows at 12:45, 3:35, 6:25 and 9:10 p. m.

Earle—"Road to Utopia," at 10:45 a. m., 1, 3:10, 5:20, 7:30 and 9:45 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"The Spiral Staircase," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:30, 5:35, 7:45 and 9:55 p. m.

Metropolitan—"The Bandit of Sherwood Forest," at 11:20 a. m., 1:25, 3:30, 5:35, 7:40 and 9:50 p. m.

Columbia—"Bad Bascomb," at 11 a. m., 1:05, 3:10, 5:15, 7:20 and 9:30 p. m.

Little—"The Prisoner of Zenda," at 11:15 a. m., 1:15, 3:15, 5:20, 7:20 and 9:35 p. m.

Pix—"One Million B. C.," at 2:10, 4:45, 7:45 and 10:10 p. m. "China's Little Devils," at 3:30, 6:05 and 8:55 p. m.

Ambassador—"Road to Utopia," at 1, 2:45, 4:30, 6:20, 8:05 and 9:55 p. m.

Hippodrome—"Return to Yesterday," at 2:25, 4, 5:40, 7:15, 8:50 and 10:10 p. m.

Trans-Lux—Short subjects and newsreels continuously from 10:15 a. m. to midnight.

Likes Solitude at 99

Conshohocken, Pa.—Just passed his 99th birthday, Abram Lee, believed to be the only ex-slave in southwestern Pennsylvania, "lives alone and likes it."

Movie Comedian Takes 4th Wife



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

NEWLYWEDS—Stan Laurel, movie comedian, and his fourth wife, Russian-born Ida Kitaeva, 39, are pictured in their Hollywood home after their marriage three days ago in Yuma, Ariz. It was Laurel's eighth trip to the altar with four women, having remarried two wives three times

Bank Releases Billion Held For Red Loan

American officials have decided against reserving any longer one billion dollars of Export-Import Bank funds for a Russian loan.

Diplomatic officials said uncertainty over whether Moscow intends to accept an American invitation to begin loan negotiations has caused high Government policymakers to take this action.

It has been decided to use the bank's present capital—about $1,500,000,000—to make loans to France, China and Italy, the officials said. Approval of these three loans would leave the bank with little or no funds.

This may throw the Russian loan issue into an eventual congressional debate. For in order to get more capital with which it could grant a Russian loan, the Administration would have to get Congress to approve its pending request for additional funds for the bank.

President Truman several months ago sent a recommendation to Congress asking it to increase the bank's lending authority by $1,250,000,000.

The "reserved" sign was first put on the one billion dollars last year when the agency had its resources increased to $3,500,000. In the meantime, Russian negotiations were stalled, first by the loss of the original application from Moscow.

The United States has informed the Soviet of loan conditions and Moscow has replied with counter-proposals.

The American answer to these has not yet brought a Russian reply so that officials now maintain they do not actually know whether Russia ever will begin negotiations.

Meanwhile, representatives of France, China and Italy are currently negotiating with Export-Import Bank officials for credits.

About 500 million dollars is tentatively scheduled to go to China; about 600 million dollars to France and several hundred million to Italy.

Garter Snakes Found Turkey Germ Carrier

Chicago.—Garter snakes and other so-called harmless types of reptiles may not be harmles after all, according to the American Journal of Veterinary Research.

Two California veterinarians decided to check on the "harmless" snakes while investigating causes of Salmonella infection in a flock of turkeys. Twenty-six per cent of the snakes were carriers of the germ which had caused sickness among the turkeys.

"This relatively high incidence in snakes on ranches indicates that reptiles, like birds, may serve as important reservoirs of Salmonella," the research report concluded.

Blue Eyes Have It

Southbridge, Mass.—Nearly every other American has blue eyes. A nationwide survey by the American Optical Co. revealed that 48 per cent of the nation is blue-eyed, 37 per cent brown-eyed and 15 per cent gray-eyed.

Umberto Will Succeed King, Who Will Retire to Portugal

By Michael Chinigo

Rome, May 8 (INS).—Crown Prince Umberto will become King Umberto II of Italy under plans worked out tonight for the formal abdication of his father, King Vittorio Emanuele III.

Arrangements now call for the King to quit on Friday the throne he has held since 1900.

The King originally planned to step down today, but Premier Alcide de Gasperi's belated return from the Paris conference caused a postponement. He did not arrive until late today.

Informants said the switch in Crown Prince Umberto's plan to become King instead of regent was due to a decision of constitutional experts that if he assumed a regency he would be relinquishing his rights to the throne.

The 41-year-old crown price, lieutenant-general of the realm, declared in an interview yesterday he intended to abide by the June 2 referendum regarding a monarchy.

Umberto will issue a proclamation declaring he is assuming the legal title of King for the functions he has been performing as lieutenant-general of the realm.

It was learned authoritatively that the 76-year-old Vittorio Emanuele has purchased residential property in Portugal as well as in Egypt.

Informants believe the King will elect to live temporarily in Portugal because of the Anglo-Egyptian controversy and possible Arab displeasure at any arrival in Egypt now.

The prince's fortunes received an unexpected demonstrative boost today. Christian Democratic Party followers turned away from a theater following De Gasperi's failure to arrive in time to give a scheduled pro-republic speech. Then the group joined pro-monarchy rightist demonstrations and the 8000 marched to the Quirinal Palace to cheer Umberto. He appeared on the balcony three times.

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Snap out of It, Sally Slump

It's Time to Check Up on Your Posture

Sally Slump is a limp number who has the notion that good posture means to sit bolt upright, and it strikes her as being mighty tiresome and a complete waste of energy. Too bad, because Sal will get a desk-rest droop and look like her job before some man gets around to propose!



It would pay all the Sally Slumps to snap out of it. And, this being Camp National Posture Week, it's time to check up. Not that the practice of good posture for one week makes perfect, but if you get the habit you'll find good posture is more comfortable and less tiring. In erect posture your bones support you and there is no strain on joints or ligaments.

We'll start with sitting, because that can actually be more tiring than standing. It's the poor sitters who get the kinks in the back of the neck. Bending forward in sections throws the body out of kilter and causes strain. The spine should be held straight and the forward bending done at the hip joints. That posture habit doesn't come easy at a desk when you've been slumping, but the best exercise is the practice of good posture.

A Camp Posture authority, Euphemia Cornell, gives the inside story: "When you slump, the space in the chest and abdomen is lessened. These cramped quarters make less room for heart and lungs, so there is less oxygen and the result is less energy. That's the way it works. Slump in the middle, and the liver and other organs crowd each other, and breathing, circulation and digestion all have to work against interference."

Standing and walking in poor posture make carrying your weight around a lot of extra work, our authority explains. The bony structure is designed to support the body weight with the least muscular effort. But out-of-kilter posture takes part of the job away from the bones and shifts it to the muscles and ligaments. Under strain they protest in fatigue and kinks.

Good posture is no "bolt upright" or rigid. It's easy if you let your bones support you. The only rule is UP. Hold your head up and the chest is up, then shoulders are no problem. This automatically gives an uplift to the lower abdominal muscles that tilts the pelvis correctly, and then most of the weight from the inside is carried on the bones.

You can help yourself straighten out moderate degrees of poor posture. But if you feel too tired to pull out of the slump, check your health habits—three balanced meals a day not top-heavy with carbohydrates, some outdoor exercise, relaxation and enough sleep. It pays!

Russian 'Hep-Cats' Irk Red; Don't Even Shed Coats, He Says

Moscow, May 8 (AP).—A letter complaining that a dancing craze—from hot fox trots to gliding waltzes—is sweeping Kazan was published prominently today in the Soviet youth newspaper, Komsomolskaya Pravda.

The writer, Y. Timofeyev, declared that sometimes the dancers did not even wait to take off their over coats, and also smoked cigarettes while whirling about tightly-packed dance floors.

He said he was not against, but asserted he could find 50 posters daily in Kazan announcing dances and not one announcing lectures, literary or musical evenings. Kazan is by the Volga, 450 miles east of Moscow.

Criticizing the youth organization Komsomol for not turning attention to the dancing craze, Timofeyev said. The posters advertise dances until 2 or 4 a. m. or "until you drop."

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Kluttz

State Department Will Lay Off 700

STATE: It will lay off 700 employes here by June 30 to get within its reduced budget. A similar number in the field offices also will be discharged. The lay-offs will hit mainly war service employes, who were transferred to State along with Foreign Economic, Office of War Information, and Office of Strategic Services.

A personnel assignment committee has been created to see that veterans and permanent Civil Service people are retained. The committee will also hear appeals from employes who believe they are unjustly furloughed.

Carl Humelsine is chairman, and members are Charles Hulten, Arthur Stevens, Forrest McCluney, Calvin Nichols.

FBI: It has budget trouble, too, and it was faced with a forced reduction of 750 employes in its Washington offices. Officials of the Federal Bureau of Investigation now hope the reduction can be made without forcing a single employe off the payroll. This is the magic in the plan:

FBI employes here were told this week that as many as desired could take off to July 1 on leave without pay. They were all promised jobs when they return. Scores of employes who live in faraway States are taking advantage of this opportunity for a vacation at home of several weeks. And incidentally, the FBI saves just that much money in salaries and enough, officials hope, to balance their budget.

Meantime, the normal turnover among employes who are planning to quit anyway may prevent the forced dismissal of a single employe.

Other agencies facing dismissals should watch this experiment.

PAY: The conferees meet again today on what they hope will be the final meeting on the bill to raise salaries of Federal workers. They had agreed tentatively to approve a flat 15 per cent increase. But late yesterday there were rumors of a change. It seems one Senate conferee is annoyed because the 15 per cent story leaked out.

Moreover, the conferees will need to agree on a complicated ceiling provision which Senator Byrd insists on. The provision, it's reported, would exempt War, Navy, Veterans, and Internal Revenue. An over-all ceiling would be placed on all other agencies. Budget Bureau would be ordered to sit on the exempted agencies.

The conferees will have before them a letter from Abram Flaxer, president of the extreme leftwing United Public Workers (CIO), in which he urges a return to the $400 for everyone House bill. He points out the Classification Act worker is taking a financial beating while the postal and per diem worker in Government have, or will be given, cost of living increases. Flaxer also takes a crack at the ceiling proposal.

REFORM: And talking about the CIO employe union, the rank-and-file movement to veer the union from Communist Party line is gaining suport. Two branches in the Federal Security Agency are now on record against the pro-Russian foreign policy resolution which was adopted by the union convention. And other branches are fully expected to join the growing revolt.

The showdown will come Tuesday night in the Ttariff Commission Building when Local 10 has a membership meeting. This local has branches in Labor, Federal Security, St. Elizabeths, Howard University and Freedmen's among other agencies.

The Labor branch had a vigorous discussion on the foreign policy resolution and action was deferred since only 70 of its 300 members were present.

Evidence continues to pile up that a major victory can be won over the extreme left-wingers by the once passive rank and file. A compromise foreign policy resolution was being passed around yesterday by the left-wingers and it appears they are about ready to abandon the Communist line resolution in favor of what they hope will be harmony.

It will be a great and healthy thing for the union if the rank and filers rise up and clean house. And just to keep the record straight—I'm opposed to the drastic measures that are under consideration in important quarters. I want to see only the guilty punished.

INTERIOR: Dillon S. Myer was given a well-earned meritorious award yesterday for his work as chief of War Relocation Authority which is being folded up . . . **PAW:** A small liquidating staff is all that is left of Petroleum Administration for War. It officially died yesterday . . . **NAVY:** Reserve officers who are attorneys are urged to remain in the service.

VA: People who are looking for jobs with Veterans' Administration must go to the personnel office in the Munitions Building on Constitution ave. Fred Zappolo is acting personnel chief . . . **WHITE HOUSE:** Bob Nathan, the economist, turned down an offer the other day from the President to be a member of the economic council to administer the full employment act. Possibilities for the board are: Harold Smith, budget director; Ralph Flanders of Boston, and Alvin Hansen, Harvard economist.

Curran Blasted As Cash Quits Tawes' Wagon

Baltimore, May 8 (AP).—Comptroller J. Millard Tawes of Crisfield, candidate for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination, lost his State campaign chairman today and Attorney General William Curran, a Tawes backer, was subjected to the sharpest attack of the Maryland primary campaign.

In a surprise move, Truman B. Cash of Westminster, chairman and treasurer of the Maryland Democratic State Central Committees and Carroll County political leader, resigned as State campaign manager for Tawes, a position he has held since April 11.

"Hand-Picked by Curran

Cash said that Tawes and his running mates for attorney general and comptroller in the June 24 primaries were Curran's "personal and hand-picked" candidates.

W. Earle Cobey of Cumberland is seeking the attorney general nomination on the Tawes ticket with Charles H. Roloson, jr., of Baltimore, as the Tawes' choice for comptroller.

The letter of resignation mailed by Cash to the Tawes headquarters last night contained the bitterest attack of the campaign on Curran, but gave no indication as to whether Cash would now support either of Tawes' chief primary opponents, Representative H. Street Baldwin of Hydes or W. Preston Lane, jr., of Hagerstown.

The letter said "extension of Curran's bossism from the City of Baltimore to the counties of Maryland" would "spell disaster to the people of Maryland . . ."

Tawes made no immediate comment.

Curran's Reply

In his comment on the Cash resignation, Curran said:

"Any intelligent person can see that malice is written into every word of Mr. Cash's statement. His malice springs from the failure of the city organization to support his friend, Mr. Lawrence B. Fenneman, for attorney general.

"The city could have only one of the three places on the State ticket. It had to choose between Mr. Fenneman and Mr. Roloson. It chose Mr. Roloson (for comptroller) and in doing so think it acted wisely. That's all there is to the Cash outburst."

Fenneman, a Baltimore attorney, was one of the first candidates for attorney general but he withdrew on April 21.

Prefers Obscurity

Cash said he preferred "political obscurity" rather than "wear the Curran yoke." He is chairman of the State Central Committee for Carroll County and has headed all of the State's committees since 1940.

Other political developments of the day:

John A. Meyer, candidate for the congressional nomination in the Fourth District, said that Governor O'Conor's announcement that Curran had the right to be involved in politics failed to deal with the important issue. Meyer said that Curran was never elected to his present office but was appointed with the understanding that he would refrain from political activity.

Baldwin announced the appointment of Henry P. Irr, Baltimore Savings & Loan Co. executive, as his State campaign manager. Irr is chairman of the Maryland State Planning Commission.

Virginian Accused In Gunshot Death Of Orange Farmer

Charlottesville, Va., May 8 (Spl.). Howard Lamb of near Barboursville, is being held in the Orange County Jail on charges of murder in connection with the death last Saturday of James Herbert O'Ferrell, according to Sheriff P. C. Davis.

The sheriff said O'Ferrell died of a gunshot wound allegedly inflicted at dusk Saturday by Lamb on the latter's farm in Orange County, just across the Albemarle line. He added that an indictment charging murder will be sought at a hearing before the Orange County Circuit Court grand jury scheduled to convene May 27.

Funeral services for O'Ferrell were held this afternoon from the Church of the Brethren at Free Union, this county.

O'Ferrell was a native of Albemarle County, son of the late James W. and Adeline Clements O'Ferrell, and was 38. He married Miss Clara Lamb of this county, who met death in an automobile accident in Baltimore on June 28, 1942. Surviving are three sons and three daughters.

Funeral Rites Are Held For Edinburg Pupil, 15

New Market, Va., May 8 (Spl.).—Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at the Columbia Furnace Brethren Church for Miss Frances Lee Miller, 15, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Miller, of Columbia Furnace, and a popular freshman at Edinburg High School.

Besides her parents, she is survived by three sisters: Mrs. Margaret Emswiler and Miss Ruth Miller, of Washington, and Mrs. Ethel Sine, of Columbia Furance.

Schoolmates acted as pallbearers, with Rev. Walter Burner and Rev. Lawrence Helsley officiating. Interment was in the Columbia Furnace Cemetery.

Craig County Votes Liquor Sale Ban

New Castle, Va., May 8 (AP).—Craig County has voted dry by a majority of better than 2-to-1.

In a special election yesterday the drys mustered 511 votes against a continuation of beer and wine sales under the licensee system in the county and the establishment of a State liquor store. The wets polled 237 on the basis of unofficial complete returns from the county's nine voting precincts.

Sister Act at College Fete



Associated Press WIREPHOTO

QUEEN AND MAID—Crowning of the May Queen will be a sister act this year at Pennsylvania State College. Sally Pollard of Mercer, Pa., at front on bicycle built for two, was picked by coeds as the queen with her sister, Jane, as maid-of-honor. That's Jane looking on from the rear of the bike

29 War Wives Of 2-State GIs Due Tomorrow

The following war wives of Virginia and Maryland servicemen are expected to land in New York City aboard the Queen Mary from London tomorrow:

Mrs. June Rippeon and son David Rippeon, nine months, of Bedford, wife and child of Pfc. Ira Rippeon, Frederick, Md.

Mrs. Betty Lord, of London, wife of Corp. Harley Lord, Federalsburg, Md.

Mrs. Anne Bucznski, of Newmoston, wife of S/Sergt. John Bucznski, Greenhaven, Md.

Mrs. Majorie Dambrosio, of New-Malden, wife of Sergt. Charles R. Dambrosio, Dundalk, Md.

Mrs. Joan A. Gravels, of Richmans Worth, wife of T/5 Philip H. Gravels, Linthicum Heights, Md.

Mrs. Joyce Crawford, of Plymouth, wife of Pfc. C. E. Crawford, Lonaconing, Md.

Mrs. Elsie Champ and stepdaughter June Breeze, five years, dependents of T/5, Eston Champ, Frostburg, Md.

Mrs. Joan Davis, and son, Barry E., 6 weeks, of Liverpool, dependents of Corpl. Edward M. Davis, Edgewood, Md.

Mrs. Diana Darby and child, Juanita Darby, 10 months, of Bishopston, dependents of Sergt. M. D. Darby, Mount Airy, Md.

Mrs. Addeylyn Glasglow of Gloucester, wife of Sergt. J. E. Glasgow, Bridgewater, Va.

Mrs. Helen Loyd of Mens, wife of Pfc. Irwin Loyd, Richmond.

Mrs. Kathleen Harrison and son, Brian D. Harrison, 7 months, of Devon, dependents of Pfc. Mann Harrison, Richmond.

Mrs. Christiana Marshall and daughter, Sandra Marshall, 3 months, dependents of First Lieut. James S. Marshall, Rocky Mount, Va.

Pamela Kenney of Devon, dependent of Sergt. Charles Kenney, Farmville, Va.

Mrs. Rose Adelaide Marshall of Edgewater, wife of Corpl. Charlie Marshall, Pounding Mills, Va.

Mrs. Olive Webb and son, Louis Webb, 5 months, of Somerset, dependents of Sergt. L. Webb, Fancy Gap, Carroll County, Va.

Mrs. Connie Bassigner of Yorks, wife of Pfc. Danford W. Bassigner, Richmond.

Mrs. Kate Lewis of Norfolk, wife of Corpl. James Lewis, Meadow View, Va.

Mrs. Violet Griffin of Lancs, wife of Sergt. Charles D. Griffin, Richmond.

Mrs. Nina A. Hylton of Worcester, wife of T/4 Greely Hylton, Ferrun, Va.

Mrs. Freda Goard of Stratford, wife of T/5 I. Goard, Patrick Springs, Va.

Mrs. Stella Harding of Bucks, wife of Corpl. Stansbury L. Harding, Berea, Va.

Mrs. Hilda E. Foster of Cheshire, wife of First Lieut. Harry E. Foster, Richmond.

Mrs. Renee Winn and son, John Winn, 2 months, dependents of Pfc. William Winn, Kenridge, Va.

Mrs. Joan Graves of Somerset, wife of Sergt. George Graves, Charlottesville, Va.

Mrs. Dora Kelly and son, Ross Kelly, 10 months, of Surrey, dependents of Pfc. Roland Kelly, Hallwood, Va.

Mrs. Helena Crump and son, Walter Crump, two months, of London, dependents of Pfc. Walter Crump, Chase City, Va.

Mrs. Margaret Herbert of Lincs, wife of Capt. George J. Herbert, Norfolk.

Mrs. Doreen Sowards and son, Harvey Sowards, 3 months, of Lancashire, dependents of Pvt. J. V. Sowards, Big Stone Gap, Va.

State Mental Asylums' Help Shortage Cited

Baltimore, May 8 (AP).—The ratio of attendants and nurses to patients in Maryland's five mental hospitals is only about half the minimum recommended by the American Psychiatric Association, Dr. George W. Preston, commissioner of mental hygiene, has reported.

In a summary of the institutions' personnel situation for the board of mental hygiene, Preston said yesterday only ten graduate nurses were employed by the five hospitals.

He characterized the personnel shortage as "desperate," adding that in the Eastern Shore institution, not a single trined nurse was employed.

Besides the ten graduate nurses, 100 graduate practical nurses and 474 untrained attendants are on duty, he continued.

This, he said, works out to a ratio of one nurse or attendant to about every 15 patients. The psychiatric group recommends one attendant to every eight patients as a minimum.

Attributing the present shortage to the war, Preston urged the board to use special funds in its budget to hire a trained personnel officer to recruit additional employees.

Md. Income Tax Receipts Lower

Annapolis, Md., May 8 (AP).—State income tax returns filed and checked by April 30 were running more than $1,400,000 behind the same period last year, the state income tax division reported today.

Chief Clerk Robert C. Paxson said, however, that figures available at present did not indicate the ultimate result of this year's collection, but were simply a tabulation of returns cleared and money deposited as of April 30.

The tabulation showed that, as of April 30, the state had received $3,087,633 from the 1945 income tax, as compared with $4,555,575 received as of the corresponding date last year.

Maryland OPA Doubles Staff, Drives on Meat Black Market

Baltimore, May 8 (AP).—An "all-out attack against the meat black market in this area" was ordered today by Leo H. McCormick, Maryland OPA director, who announced the meat enforcement staff had been more than doubled and placed on a 24-hour schedule, seven days a week.

McCormick said he held a general staff meeting to discuss various phases "of black market operations . . . and comprehensive plans for an intensive campaign against all violators of OPA regulations" with top priority on meat cases.

"Consumer complaints of black markets in scarce commodities," he said, "have been increasing. I have heard people say that conditions in some things are worse than during the war; that all of the scarce things are going into the black markets.

"We in the OPA know that that is not true, that the honest, law-abiding retailers and dealers are in the majority. But the situation is serious and we mean to correct it.

"We are taking immediate and drastic steps to eradicate the black markets. Priority is being given in all matters of enforcement concerning meat. Other Government agencies are cooperating and we plan to ask still further aid from agencies which can and will give us effective help.

"Recently we had had greater consumer compliance and cooperation in many sections and we have been promised cooperation from the trade. We are throwing greatly increased strength into the present drive and quick, telling results are anticipated."

He said special attention would be paid to rigid enforcement of the provisions of the recently announced slaughter control program.

McCormick said this program was similar to the one suspended last September. It does not reduce the total amount of livestock to be slaughtered, he continued, but provides for "more equitable distribution among established operators.

"The purpose of the program is to crack down on black markets and illegal slaughtering operatings by encouraging meat distribution through regular, legitimate channels."

Ray Van Clief Estate Valued At $1,173,773

Charlottesville, Va., May 8 (Spl.). An estate valued at $1,173,773, including the original Gainsborough "Blue Boy" painting and seven tracts of land in Albemarle County, was left by Ray Alan Van Clief of "Nydrie," who was killed June 27, 1945, in an auto accident near Newport, R. I., according to an inventory filed in Albemarle Circuit Court by appraisers.

The bulk of the estate was left in a will filed in the court last July to his widow, Mrs. Margaret Good Van Clief. His two sons, Daniel Good and Ray A. Van Clief, jr., were named as beneficiaries.

The famous "Blue Boy" painting, located in the former New Yorker's home in this county, was the principal item included by the appraisers among $55,728 in tangible personal property and its value was placed at $40,000. Other items consisted of livestock, machinery and motor vehicles.

Van Clief, former consultant and adviser to the War Manpower Commission, held seven tracts of land in Albemarle County at the time of his death and was credited with being one of the largest land holders in Virginia. Listed in the inventory were Nydrie, his home, valued at $68,000; Hardware Tract, $10,400; Turkey Run, $18,000; Old Woodville, $15,000; Tallwood, $31,600; Green Mountain Tract, $1000, and Martha Monroe Tract, $224. Three other parcels of real estate were owned in Rhode Island and two in New York State. The total value of real estate was placed at $553,024; cash on hand or in banks when Mr. Van Clief died was listed as $17,165, while intangible personal property, including stocks and bonds, was valued at $547,856.63.

Courtland Van Clief of Ivy, this county, brother of the deceased, and the First and Merchants National Bank of Richmond were named as executors of the estate.

Howard Made Assistant Va. School Head

Richmond, Va., May 8 (AP).—Dowell J. Howard, 48, was appointed assistant State superintendent of public construction today to succeed Dr. Walter S. Newman who will become vice president of Virginia Polytechnic Institute on May 15.

The appointment of Howard, superintendent of agricultural education in Virginia since 1942, was announced by Dr. Dabney S. Lancaster, retiring superintendent of public instruction, after a conference with his successor G. Tyler Miller and members of the State board of education.

Howard, a native of Maryland, received his bachelor of science degree from the Maryland State College of Agriculture in 1917 and his master's from the University of Maryland in 1926.

He was connected with Maryland agricultural extension service for two years before coming to Virginia. He taught vocational agricurture at Boice High School, where he was principal for a year. He taught in the vocational agriculture practice school at VPI and in 1925 until 1934 was supervisor of agricultural education in northern Virginia.

He was named assistant supervisor of State agricultural education in 1934 and supervisor in 1942.

He is married and has two children, a son just out of the Army and a daughter a sophomore at Madison College.

Va. Wildcat Bagged

Winchester, Va., May 8.—Warren Pugh applied to Game Warden F. W. Pingley today for the bounty on a wildcat, the first one to be reported killed in the county in some time. Pugh stated that he bagged the cat on the Frank Sine property near Rock Enon. The animal weighed 23 pounds.

'Ho Hum, Nothing to It . . .'



Associated Press Photo

BABY YAWNS AFTER 30-FOOT FALL—John Gordon Fleming, 16 months old, pictured with his mother, Mrs. Ilee Fleming of Baltimore, Md., fell 30 feet from his bedroom window and was caught by two passing soldiers before he hit the stone pavement. Baltimorean Eugene Shipley, sweeping the pavement two houses away, said two soldiers came to him with the baby and asked him to return him to his mother. They then walked away. Mrs. Fleming said she had left her son on a bed in the front bedroom while she prepared his lunch

Va. Congress Aspirants Listed As Filing Deadline Nears

Richmond, Va., May 8 (AP).—All announced candidates for Democratic nominations for the Senate and House of Representatives in the August primary in Virginia have qualified with the State Treasurer.

Attorney General A. P. Staples has ruled that today is the last on which candidates may qualify, but there was no indication that any other names would be added to the list before the deadline tonight.

Contests for the State and five congressional seats are in prospect, with four candidates in the running in the Eighth District where Representative Howard W. Smith is the incumbent.

Candidates Listed

The qualified candidates include: For the Senate—Senator Harry F. Byrd of Berryville, Martin A. Hutchinson of Richmond.

For Congress:

First District—Representative S. Otis Bland of Newport News; Second—Representative Ralph H. Dalton of Norfolk, and Porter Hardy, jr., of Norfolk County; Third—Representative J. Vaughan Gary and Minetree Folkes, jr., of Richmond; Fourth—Representative Patrick H. Drewry; Fifth—Thomas B. Stanley of Henry County, and Lindsay L. Moore of Pittsylvania County; Sixth—Representative J. Lindsay Almond, jr., of Roanoke, and John M. Goldsmith of Radford; Seventh—Representative A. Willis Robertson of Lexington; Eighth—Representative Howard W. Smith, Frank M. Hurst and Maj. James B. Tate of Alexandria, and Mrs. Elizabeth Chilton Murray of Fairfax County.

Burch to Retire

In the Fifth District, Representative Thomas G. Burch of Martinsville will retire at the close of his present term. Stanley is retiring speaker of the Virginia House of Delegates, of which Moore also is a member.

The Eighth District Democratic committee is scheduled to convene tomorrow to consider a protest by Major Tate that Mrs. Murray should be barred from the primary on the ground that she violated her pledge to the Democratic Party by running as an independent against Representative Smith in 1944.

Senator Byrd has primary opposition for the first time since he has been in the Senate, and the contest also marks the first Virginia senatorial primary tussle in 24 years.

Norfolk to Seek Battleship Use As Power Source

Norfolk, Va., May 8 (AP).—The Norfolk City Council has adopted a resolution asking that the battleship Missouri, which will arrive here tomorrow, be utilized to provide the Norfolk area with electric power should it become necessary.

Acting City Manager Henry H. George 3d will transit the request tomorrow to Rear Admiral W. L. Ainsworth, commandant of the Fifth Naval District. Ainsworth's recommendations will be relayed to the Chief of Naval Operations in Washington.

City council adopted the resolution on motion of Councilman C. E. Wright, who said he understood the oil-driven engines of the Missouri are capable of generating enough electric current to meet all industrial and domestic needs of the city.

W. Va. Boy, 6, Declared Slain; Found in Brook

Philippi, W. Va., May 8 (AP).—Wesley Leroy Laugary, 6-year-old Barbour County youth previously reported to have drowned, came to his death "by violence," a coroner's jury reported yesterday after a physician who examined the body said it was a "mass of bruises."

Dr. Elmer Myers testified that some sharp instrument, possibly a nail, had been used and each bruise bore a stab mark in the center.

C. C. Phillips, an undertaker, also testified that the body was "a mass of bruises."

Margaret Laugary, 26, his mother, told the jury that the boy had wandered away from their home near Independence and she had found him in a brook at a point where the water was only 6 inches deep. Mrs. Laugary said he died while she was changing his clothes at their home.

The jury, completing the inquest under the direction of Prosecutor William T. George, jr., found that the boy "came to his death by violence by the hands of persons unknown to the jury."

Forrestal Sees Middie Brigade In VE Parade

Annapolis, Md., May (AP).—In a sunlit afternoon parade, the Naval Academy midshipmen's brigade passed before Secretary of Navy James V. Forrestal today to celebrate the anniversary of victory in Europe.

The snappy Middie marchers were watched also by a group of 60 high school cadettes of the Miami-Edison School, Miami, Fla., who were honored guests in the reviewing stand, and a throng of visitors.

Earlier in a radio broadcast, Vice Admiral Aubrey W. Fitch, academy superintendent, declared, "One year ago today we paused for thanksgiving for a victory in Europe. We cannot relax when we remember the men who lie on remote battlefields in graves marked by white crosses. In many ways the problems facing us now are even greater. The pathway to peace is far from clear . . .

"At this moment we must recall the advice our wartime Commander in Chief gave shortly before he died: 'Let us stick to the plow' he said, 'until we reach the end of the furrow'."

Rare Disease Fatal to Four; Loudoun Acts

Leesburg, Va., May 8 (Spl.).—Dr. Joseph E. Bell and Dr. C. W. Emmons of the United States Public Health Service, appeared before the Loudoun County board of supervisors and discussed the rare disease, histoplasmosis, four cases of the disease having been fatal in Broad Run district, this county.

The doctors stated that there have been only 100 known cases in the world, and only one of these cases had not proved fatal. They requested the cooperation of the board in their research work concerning this rare disease.

Following the doctor's talks the game warden and all enforcement officials were ordered to report to the doctors on the death of dogs from any disease not diagnosed by a veterinarian and the bodies of any dogs killed by them are to be submitted to the said doctors for examination.

Irvey Baker, chairman of the board, was appointed a member for Loudoun County of the board of the district home at Manassas. Mr. Baker, also, was appointed a member of a committee with Supervisor D. C. Sands to sell the Loudoun County poor house farm, which has recently been vacated and the inmates sent to the district home at Manassas.

The board unanimously sent a request to the Governor of Virginia to reappoint Howard C. Rogers of Loudoun County a member of the highway commission for a term of four years, beginning July 1, 1946. Mr. Rogers' term expires on June 30 of this year.

Counsel Named For Rollins in Court-Martial

Annapolis, Md., May 8 (AP).—The Naval Academy announced today appointment of a retired naval captain, Franz Willenbucher, of Westwood, N. J., as defense counsel for Chief Steward Walter W. Rollins, 44, Negro, at a general court-martial on charges including theft, embezzlement, drinking and gambling.

Comdr. Russell C. Burke, aide to the Academy superintendent, Vice Admiral Aubrey W. Fitch, said also that Lieut. Comdr. William L. P. Burke had been appointed as cojudge advocate with Capt. Jesse R. Wallace to prosecute the charges against Rollins.

Mrs. Evelyn Baker Richman, a partner in a New York law firm, announced she would be civilian counsel for Rollins.

Burke has assisted in the investigation which grew out of a party at Rollins' quarters at the North Severn Officers' Club during the early morning hous of February 10.

Rollins was one of four persons detained as a result of the investigation. One was found guilty at a summary court-martial, charges against another were dropped and the third person, Lieut. William R. Sima, sr., suspended academy band leader, is still under detention.

Fitch's aide indicated that the court-martial would not begin for several days but did not specify a date. He said subpenas had been served on several unidentified prosecution witnesses.

Rev. J. L. McLean Takes VA Hospital Post

Woodstock, Va., May 8 (Spl.).—Appointment of the Rev. John Lee McLean of Woodstock, Va., as senior chaplain at McGuire Veterans Administration hospital in Richmond, was announced today by VA.

Chaplain McLean is a native of St. Paul, N. C. He was graduated from Davidson College in 1924 and received his bachelor of divinity degree from the Union Theological Seminary in Richmond in 1927.

Chaplain McLean served more than three years in World War II, including six months aboard Army transports and 21 months in the European theater.

Va. Man Held for Jury In Shooting of Farmer

Winchester, Va., May 8 (Spl.).—Earl B. Dill of the county has been held for action of the grand jury on charges of shooting Edward Roe, a farmer in the same neighborhood.

According to testimony Dill's wife was milking a cow when she noticed a dark form in some nearby bushes. She called her husband who fired into the thicket with a single-barreled shotgun. Roe was only slightly injured.

Dill's bond was fixed at $1500.

Livestock and Produce

Baltimore Livestock

Baltimore, May 8 (AP). (USDA)—CATTLE—Receipts, 75. Early receipts very light; general trade active, steady with Tuesday; smooth young medium grade cows scarce, quotable from 12.00@13.00; common, 9.50@11.50; canners and cutters, 7.50@9.50; good weighty sausage bulls from 13.00@13.50; cutter, common and medium, 10.00@12.50.

CALVES—Receipts, 50. Vealers active, steady with Tuesday; mixed lots good and choice 120-220 lb. vealers, 17.00 to mainly 18.00; common and medium, 10.50@15.50; culls around 8.00; extreme light weights down to 5.00; no weighty slaughter calves offered.

HOGS—Receipts, 300. Active, steady with Tuesday at ceiling prices; good and choice barrows and gilts, 15.40; good sows, 14.65.

SHEEP—Receipts, 25. Nominally steady. Good and choice fed wooled slaughter lambs quotable from 16.00@16.50; common and medium, 12.00@15.00; culls around 9.00; choice light weight wooled slaughter ewes, 8.00; common to good, 4.50@7.50, according to grade and condition.

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, May 8 (AP). (USDA)—SALABLE HOGS—Receipts, 6000; total, 12,000; active, steady; good and choice barrows and gilts, 14.85 ceiling; sows, 14.10 ceiling; complete early clearance.

SALABLE CATTLE—Receipts, 9500; total, 9500; salable calves, 500; total, 600; strictly good and choice fed steers and yearlings strong; competitive trade with big packers fairly broad; medium to average good kinds steady; largely steer run; heifers fully steady and other killing classes mostly steady to strong; stock cattle very scarce, but demand, especially on Eastern accounts, broad at 15.00@16.50; top fed steers, 18.00; liberal supply 17.00@17.75; bulk 15.75@17.50; best heifers 17.25; mixed offerings, 17.40; heavy beef bulls, 14.75; sausage offerings 13.50 down; vealers steady at and below 16.50.

SALABLE SHEEP—Receipts, 3000; total, 4500; shorn lambs 50 to 75 cents higher; three doubles of good and choice 90-92 lb. fed clipped lambs with borderline No. 1 and No. 2 pelts, 16.75@17.25; no actions on wooled lambs; two loads good to choice fed wooled Westerns held at 17.50 or slightly above; present undertone no better than steady on wooled lambs lacking in finish; not enough yearlings or older classes here to test prices.

Richmond Markets

Richmond, Va., May 8 (AP). (USDA)—WHITE POTATOES—Old: Receipts moderate. Market steady. 100-lb. sacks: New York and Maine, 3.60@4.00. New: Receipts heavy. Market dull. Florida and South Carolina, 100-lb. sacks, 3.75@4.25; Red Bliss, 50-lb. sacks, 1.50@2.00.

SWEET POTATOES—Receipts moderate. Market steady. Louisiana, South Carolina and North Carolina, 3.75@4.25.

CABBAGE—Receipts heavy. Market weak. Florida, Georgia and South Carolina, 50-lb. sacks, 1.50@2.00.

TOMATOES—Receipts heavy. Market weak. Florida and Texas, lugs, 2.50@4.00.

EGGS—Receipts moderate. Market firm. Whites and Browns, U. S. Grade A, large, 36@38; U. S. Grade A, medium, [illegible]@34; U. S. Grade B, large, 32@33; U. S. Grade C, 27@29; Pullets, 25@27; fresh current receipts, 55 lbs. and up, 32@34.

LIVE POULTRY—Receipts moderate. Market firm. Roosters, Fryers and Broilers, 31; Colored Fowl, 26½; Leghorn Fowl, [illegible]@25; Old Roosters, 20.

HOGS—Market steady at ceiling. Good and choice barrows and gilts, 120-[illegible] lbs. and up, 14.90 (flat); 100-120 lbs., 13.40; good sows, all weights, 14.15; good stags, 14.15.

CATTLE—Good slaughter steers quotable 16.00@17.00, choice higher; medium, 1[illegible].00@15.50; common, 12.00@14.00; good slaughter cows, 12.00@13.50; medium, 11.00@12.00; common, 10.00@11.00; canners and cutters, 7.50@10.00. Good bulls, 12.00@13.00; odd head higher; medium, 11.00@12.00; common, 9.00@10.00. Good vealers, 17.00@17.50, choice higher; medium, 15.00@16.00; common, 10.00@13.00, thin kinds lower.

BARNABY

By Crockett Johnson



Summers Elected to Head County Catholic Charities

J. Francis Summers of Brandywine, Md., has been reelected president of the Prince Georges Catholic Charities.

Other officers reelected are Mrs. Mary Fainter and Mrs. Irene A. Conner, vice presidents; Miss Margaret Walton, secretary and Charles V. Joyce, treasurer.

A diversified child welfare program is one of the county's outstanding needs, Summers said, and is a challenge to the organization.

Reelected board members are State Senator L. Harold Sothoron, the Rev. Leo J. Fealy, Holy Redeemer Church; the Rev. Casimir Losinski, St. John's Church; the Rev. Francis J. Loughran, St. Mary's Church; the Rev. Michael Nardone, St. John de Matha College; the Rev. Edward H. Rosch, St. Jerome's Church; the Rev. Maurice King, Church of the Ascension; M. E. Gulick, Mrs. Mary Kraeski, Mrs. Mildred Kunlo, Dr. John T. Maloney, Miss Gertrude McNally, Miss Ethel Regan, William S. Wolf and Bernard Taymans.

New board members are J. W. Rabbitt, jr.; Frank Eichorn, Lawrence Maenner, Joseph Murphy, Mrs. Lillian Green, Mrs. G. E. Lancaster and Ignatius J. Keane, assistant State's attorney.

Stafford Votes To Buy Site for New High School

Fredericksburg, Va., May 8 (Spl.).—The Stafford County board of supervisors yesterday approved the sum of $10,000 as the purchase price of 15 acres of land to be used as the site of a proposed consolidated high school. The land is part of the Glencairne farm of Dan M. Chichester, dairyman.

Julian V. Brooks, board chairman, said referendum to determine the sentiment of the voters on the question of the $300,000 school would be deferred until completion of a reassessment of real estate in the county next fall.

During its session yesterday the board also:

Appropriated $1500 toward the $5600 purchase price of a new truck for the Falmouth Volunteer Fire Company.

Voted an increase in salary from $1950 for a nine-month term to $3000 for a full-year term for the principal of Stafford High School.

Tabled a motion to employ an additional county policeman.

Schindler's
PEANUT BUTTER
--Tasty!

Car Hits Tree

Arlington Woman Dies In Auto Crash



MRS. SHIRLEY E. OTT
A traffic death

Mrs. Shirley E. Ott, 38, of 1813 S. George Mason dr., Arlington, was killed instantly yesterday when the car she was driving crashed into a tree on Columbia Pike near Bailey's Crossroads.

Fairfax police said she apparently lost control of the car on a curve and a crane had to be summoned to the scene before her body could be extricated.

Mother of two, she was the wife of Col. Frederick Ott, who was at the bedside of his seriously ill mother in a Berea, Ohio, hospital when notified of the tragedy.

The War Department said last night Col. Ott was delayed by his mother's illness from sailing yesterday from San Francisco for the atomic bomb tests.

Notified of the accident by Arlington police, the Ott's neighbors, Mrs. F. K. Newcomer, jr., and Mrs. J. L. Condon, took charge of the children, Shirley, 7, and Frederick, 5, when they were brought home from school unaware of their mother's death.

Mrs. Newcomer said she did not intend to tell the children of the tragedy and would wait for their father's arrival. The War Department did not know last night when Colonel Ott would arrive.

Mrs. Newcomer's sister-in-law, Miss Rebecca Newcomer, who is visiting, was to sleep in the Ott home with the children if Colonel Ott had not arrived last night.

A flyer, Colonel Ott served two years in Europe during the war and several months in the Pacific before being assigned to the Joint Army and Navy Task Force No. 1, better known as "Operations Crossroads."

Holmes Hopes Plan Will Thwart Thieves

Bel Air, Md., May 8 (AP).—William H. Holmes, said today he had postponed plans to close up his filling station on Route 40 two miles south of Aberdeen in the hope that additional protection would thwart thieves who have visited the station 28 times since Pearl Harbor.

Holmes said the problem of protecting the station was discussed at a meeting of the Harford County commissioners today.

"I can say that I won't close up shop for a while and that I'll have protection from the police," he declared. "But naturally, we don't intend to say just how we'll guard the station. We want to catch some of these thieves."

Stafford to Sue City On Dump Nuisance

Fredericksburg, Va., May 8 (Spl.). Acting upon instructions of the county board of supervisors, Commonwealth's Attorney R. H. L. Chichester, jr., of Stafford, is expected to take legal action shortly against the city of Fredericksburg in an effort to "abate the nuisance" caused by the city dump, which is located in Stafford.

The supervisors ordered Chichester to take whatever steps necessary, by indictment or injunction, after hearing the protests of a group of residents of the dump area and receiving a petition.

Fredericksburg was indicted by a county grand jury on the same charge in 1924, but the case never came to trial because of a technicality.

'Conservation Days' for D. C. Set May 10-12

A proclamation setting Friday, Saturday and Sunday as Food Conservation Days in Washington was issued yesterday by the District Commissioners.

During the three-day period congregations attending all Washington churches will be asked to pledge themselves to the aims of food conservation.

In announcing issuance of the proclamation yesterday, Commissioner J. Russell Young declared "If we can suppress some of the suffering of our neighbors overseas we shall have gained something that will be beneficial to the world in later years." He declared that the goal of the conservation days is "To help try to wipe away from the minds of children, men and women a fear of hunger and starvation that should face no one in the world."

Complete Text

Text of the proclamation issued yesterdya by Commissioners Young, Guy Mason and Brig. Gen. Gordon Russell Young, follows:

"Whereas, because millions of people throughout the world are seriously threatened with starvation, the President of the United States has appointed a famine emergency committee to show the American people how they can help feed a starving world by eating less themselves, and

"Whereas, the President has said: 'Our national self-respect and our duties as human beings demand that we do all possible to stop the spread of famine. I have directed the agencies of Government to do everything possible to this end. But Government is not enough. We cannot meet this situation without an aggressive voluntary program on the part of private citizens to reduce food consumption in this country,'

Committee Named

"Now, therefore, we the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, having heartily subscribed to the President's program of food conservation and appointed a Washington Food Conservation Committee to enlist the active aid of citizens and residents of the District of Columbia, urge that the message of the vital need for food conservation be brought to the attention of all through the numerous church, school, government, citizen, civic and other organizations.

"We proclaim, therefore, that the three days, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, May 10, 11 and 12 be known as 'Food Conservation Days' in all churches and other houses of worship in the District of Columbia.

"We further urge that when the congregations of all churches are asked by their pastors at the church services on the dates noted herein, they will subscribe wholeheartedly to the pledge dedicated to this great humanitarian effort and solemnly obligate themselves in this crusade to erase from the minds of all citizens the world over, the specter of hunger, and thus insure the inalienable right of freedom from want which is the heritage of all peoples."

Foreign Delegates For World Bank En Route to U. S.

By the Associated Press

Representatives of 15 foreign nations were en route to Washington last night to open for business the multi-billion dollar international bank and monetary fund designed to play a major role in rehabilitating war-battered nations.

As the initial business meeting drew near, American officials acknowledged that the Administration had not yet decided on its candidate for the position of International Bank president.

Ever since Lew Douglas, former budget director and War Shipping Administration official, declined the post they said top United States' financial leaders have been searching for a qualified American to fill the job which pays $30,000 annually tax free.

Candidates currently mentioned in speculation include Chester C. Davis, head of President Truman's Famine Emergency Committee; William McChesney Martin, president of the Export-Import Bank; Ned Brown, a Chicago banker, and Marriner Eccles, chairman of the Board of the Federal Reserve System.

How to Torture Your Husband



Youth, Who Survived 'Chair,' Given Another Reprieve

St. Martinville, La., May 8 (AP).—A stuttering, 17-year-old condemned Negro slayer was given a new temporary lease on life today while Louisiana's Supreme Court decides whether a man may be made for the second time to walk the last mile to the electric chair.

Saved last Friday by the failure of the State's portable electrocution equipment, Willie Francis got another reprieve less than 24 hours before he again was scheduled to die for the 1945 slaying of a St. Martinville druggist.

Acting Governor J. Emile Verret granted a 29-day stay at the request of Chief Justice Charles A. O'Neill.

In the death cell at nearby New Iberia, Francis took with a broad smile the news.

The Governor's office was deluged with letters. Telegrams and telephone calls asking clemency.

Attorney Bertrand De Blanc, who entered the case on the pleading of Francis' father, turned to the Supreme Court after he failed to win a stay in District Court.

De Blanc, a friend of Andrew I. Thomas, the druggist who was killed during a robbery, said:

"I do not believe that a man should be made to go to the electric chair twice.

"If any lawyer in the country knows of a legal opinion which would be a precedent in this case, I certainly wish that he would get in touch with me."

North Ireland Refuses to Free Weakening Hunger Striker

Belfast, May 8 (AP).—The government of northern Ireland said tonight that it would not release hunger-striker David Fleming from prison "under any circumstances."

Fleming, imprisoned in Belfast, and John McCaughney, confined in the Maryboro Prison in Dublin, were reported to be so weak from hunger strikes that both might die. They formerly were members of the outlawed Irish Republican army.

Public meetings demanding release of the two men are being held nightly in Dublin.

Gleming broke his 47-day fast for freedom Sunday and again yesterday when he took vitamin pills and orange juice.

"I have no desire to die," he said.

McCaughey, on the twentieth day, has refused to eat until he dies or is released from Maryboro Prison.

Fleming is serving 12 years for treason and felony, and McCaughey a life sentence for kidnaping.

Senate to Get Bill for States' Medical Funds

By the Associated Press

Senators Taft (R., Ohio), Ball (R., Minn.), and Smith (R., N. J.), will introduce today a bill to give the States 220 million dollars a year to help them provide medical service for persons unable to pay for it.

Taft said in a statement that it was intended to replace the Administration bill for compulsory health insurance by Senators Murray (D., Mont.) and Wagner (D., N. Y.) and Representative Dingell (D., Mich.).

The Administration measure, on which the Labor Committee, headed by Murray, has held a month of hearings, is essentially an extension of social security to the health and medical field. It contemplates payroll taxes to create a national health fund from which the Government would pay the medical bills of "insured" persons.

At yesterday's committee hearings, this plan was indorsed by the CIO, the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Fraternal Order of Eagles.

Zoo on West Coast Gets 'Biggest' Snails

Long Beach, Calif.—Three of the world's largest snails, each with a 14-inch stretch, have been installed in the Long Beach zoo.

The gastropods, from West Africa, were brought to Long Beach from New Jersey by Wesley Dickinson, reptile curator.

The snails now have helix shells seven inches long and are only half-grown. Their two upper horns, tipped by eyes, can be ejected two inches. Dickinson says the snails like to eat apples and cornmeal mixed with jelly.

Navy Ends Search For 1666 Listed as Missing in Pacific

The Navy has given up the search for 1666 of its men missing in the Pacific, but the hunt will be pressed in some areas by other governments.

Announcing this yesterday, the Navy Department said the search was abandoned only after planes and shore parties had scrutinized every piece of land in the Pacific area.

Searches still will go on in Indo-China, Java and other Netherlands East Indies isles under the supervision of the governments of those areas.

On the missing roster are 1478 men of the Navy, 105 Marines and 83 Coast Guardsmen.

The Navy does not declare a man dead until he has been missing a year and there is no reasonable chance that he may be alive.

Alexandria School Board Asks Council Meeting on Pay Boosts

The Alexandria School Board yesterday requested a joint meeting with the City Council to discuss a proposed supplementary budget appropriation which would provide a $30-a-month increase for all teachers in the city school system.

The increase was voted Tuesday night at a meeting of the school board, which also agreed to ask the council for pay boosts ranging from $5 to $30 monthly for janitors and other "non-educational" employes in the school system.

The proposed supplementary budget would place the new wage scale in effect next September, continuing until the new city budget becomes effective in 1947. With 260 teachers receiving added pay for four months of this year, the added appropriation would place the new wage scale in effect next September, continuing until the new city budget becomes effective in 1948. With 260 teachers receiving added pay for four months of this year, the added appropriation would amount to $31,200, exclusive of the proposed increase for non-educational employes.

As the result of recent increases authorized for other municipal employes, the city is facing a budget deficit for the first time in history, according to City Manager Carl Budwesky. Pay boosts approved for the police, engineering and commissioner of revenue departments already have raised total expenditures to about $100,00 more than anticipated revenues.

In agreeing to request more pay for teachers, the school board approved recommendations of Superintendent T. C. Williams, who pointed out that starting teachers in th eschool system now receive less annual pay than some trash and garbage collectors and all members of the police force.

Starting salary for teachers, who are required to attend college for four years before entering the school system, is $1675 a year, one of the lowest scales in the District area.

Maine Seadogs Take New Ship in Stride

Bath, Me.—When the U. S. Navy prepares to go to sea in a new vessel; all is ceremony and punctilio. Generally, there's an admiral in the offing. The loudspeake system from the bridge is filled for long minutes with the wailing of the bo'sun's whistle.

But Maine men have their customs, too. A destroyer was recently finished at the yard of the Bath Iron Works Corp. here and was preparing to take her maiden voyage to Boston for delivery to the Navy. As the time for the momentous first voyage approached, a nasal Maine voice was heard through the loudspeaker from the bridge.

"Charlie, better git down to the engine room now. We're startin' in a few minutes."

Town Gets First Police

Duxbury, Mass.—For the first time in history Duxbury has a police force. The townspeople have voted in favor of a force to consist of a chief and four patrolmen. They also agreed to appropriate $1,200 for a police cruising car.

IF YOU DON'T LIKE
CHLORINATED WATER
DRINK
Poland Water

CHLORINATION of public water is often necessary to assure purity, but oftentimes this very purifying process imparts an unpleasant taste to the water. For this reason, thousands have turned to Poland Water for a really fine and wholesome table water.

Poland Water brings you the *natural* purity and refreshing taste of crystal-clear, deep-rock spring water—bottled and sealed *at its source*. That's why Poland Water has been the choice of discriminating people for over 100 years. Enjoy this beneficial, *natural* water in *your* home! Order a case of Poland Water today and know how good really fine table water can be.



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Washington 4, D. C.
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ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH AND RADIO
$2.50 TO $3.50 SINGLE
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Accommodations for 1000 guests
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WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET

WHEN FOOD DISAGREES
"Pepto-Bismol is good for that"
Next time your dinner doesn't set well, and you feel sick and miserable, *let soothing* PEPTO-BISMOL *help you.* Relieves heartburn, sour, upset stomach—helps retard gas formation and simple diarrhea. *Ask your druggist for* PEPTO-BISMOL *when your stomach is upset.*
A NORWICH PRODUCT

CALLOUSES
To relieve painful callouses, burning or tenderness on bottom of feet and remove callouses—get these thin, soothing, cushioning pads.
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TRAVEL
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SAGUENAY CRUISES

MONTREAL to the Saguenay and return. Lively shipboard fun down the St. Lawrence River and up the fjord-like Saguenay. Quebec, Murray Bay, St. Simeon, Tadoussac. Stopovers anywhere enroute. Outside berth, meals aboard steamer included.
From MONTREAL Daily Comm. May 21
3 NIGHTS, 2 DAYS— $38 up plus tax
CANADA STEAMSHIP LINES

YOU'RE OUT! JUST IN TIME FOR WILKINS "FACTFINDER"..NOW 10:30 p.m.- WTOP!

I See by the Papers — By Bill Ruble



AN ELECTRIC POWER EMERGENCY EXISTS DUE TO THE COAL SHORTAGE! TO ASSURE CONTINUED HEALTH AND SAFETY IN THE DAYS TO COME
USE LESS ELECTRICITY . . . TODAY!
Potomac Electric Power Company

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

FOR SEVERAL months, the government of Uruguay has been desperately seeking to buy 50,000 tons of wheat to offset its serious grain shortage, but all efforts were in vain until the United States Department finally stepped in to put pressure on the Combined Food Board.

Meanwhile, the matter had assumed political proportions far overshadowing the immediate question of flour for bread-hungry Uruguayans. It became an issue of Fascist Argentina trying to influence a democratic government in Uruguay through starvation.

Three months ago, Uruguay tried to place a wheat order with Argentina, from which she had always purchased her grain in the past. But this was just after Uruguayan Foreign Minister Eduardo Rodriguez Larreta had made his proposal of "collective intervention" against any Latin American government threatening the safety of the hemisphere.

So the Farrell regime at Buenos Aires stalled the Uruguayan wheat request, claiming that crop calculations were still incomplete. A month later, Uruguay tried again. By that time it was practically certain that Juan Domingo Peron would be the next Argentine President—and that the answer to Montevideo would be a flat "No wheat."

Promptly, the Uruguayan administration registered a bitter complaint with the State Department. Argentine refusal to sell wheat, they said in effect, is what we get for stringing along with the United States of America when you tried to move in on Peron; so now you've got to help us out.

U. S. to Rescue

THE STATE DEPARTMENT couldn't afford to turn a deaf ear. With national elections in Uruguay coming up some time this year (the exact date has not yet been fixed), the prestige of the present regime at Montevideo (which is friendly to the United States) was at stake. And Peron has been at no pains to hide the fact that he would like to see that regime discredited.

So United States officials quietly got busy. There were some hurried, confidential telephone talks with members of the Combined Food Board. In a matter of days, the board approved a priority for 50,000 tons of wheat for Uruguay from the world surplus pool.

The original plan was to fill the order with Argentine grain. But at the last moment it was decided that this might be just exchanging one political hotfoot for another. Nobody at the State Department is going very far out of his way these days to antagonize Senor Peron.

As a result, Uruguay will get her wheat from the United States—8000 miles away—in six monthly installments, while Argentine grain will travel 10,000 miles to Europe. Montevideo and Buenos Aires are 125 miles apart. Geographically it doesn't make sense. But nothing does when you are dealing with a dictator.

Mother Knows Best

A RELATIVE was talking to the 5-year-old son of Bill "Commodore" Perry, former gob assistant superintendent of the Senate press gallery, about a pending new arrival in the family.

"What do you want, a boy or a girl?" the lad was asked.

"Well, I want a little brother to play with," was the reply. "But my mommy wants a little girl, so I suppose I'll have to give in to her."

Several days later, Mrs. Perry got her wish—a daughter, Bonnie Jeanne.

Merry-Go-Round

ALTHOUGH the Red army is pulling out of Iran, some Russians have been donning civilian clothes, getting identification cards from the Azerbaijanian police, and becoming members of the Azerbaijan autonomous movement . . . The State Department is now asking all Latin-American countries if they are willing to take in Polish refugees from the anti-Russian Polish army in Europe . . . Dr. Dumitru Bagdasar, a Communist, will be the new Romanian Minister to the United States . . . Iranian Ambassador Ala plans to propose that the United Nations Security Council appoint a supervisory commission to guarantee free Iranian elections . . . Ala will resign soon . . . British troops will be out of Iceland by June 1 . . . The Soviet Ambassador in Athens has filed a sharp dissent with the Allied Elections Commission on Greence. The Russians maintain the Greek elections were not free.

Capital Chaff

Nothing has pleased certain big business lobbyists more than their success in getting the Senate Committee on Audits and Accounts to scale the budget of the Kilgore Committee from $57,000 ot $18,000. If that vote is affirmed by the full Senate, the most fearless agency in Washington in exposing German links with certain United States business groups will be hogtied. Big United States industrialists have been worried that the committee might further disclose ties with German cartels; also Senator Chapman Revercomb, West Virginia Republican, is personaly jealous of the prominence of Senator Harley M. Kilgore, West Virginia Democrat, who has crusaded against United States-German economic collaboration. . . . Although Nebraska's Senator Kenneth Wherry, a Republican, has been a loyal ally of the Southern Democrats in their drive against price control, they apparently have not taught him all the facts of life. During a Senate Small Business Committee hearing on rayon last week, Wherry became very confused about the rayon supply situation, finally asked, "If rayon pricing is not the obstacle to further production of rayon, why can't we get more rayon with all that surplus cotton to get it from?"

Taxing U. S. War Prisoners

YOUNG Congressman Walter Norblad of Astoria, Oreg., is moving to exempt GI's and officers who spent the war in Jap and German prison camps from income tax liability during the period they were prisoners.

The present law provides such exemption in cases where the men were confined on United States territory—including the Philippines. But those who were taken from the Philippines by the Japs and interned in Japan proper are now subject to income taxes on their service pay.

As early as 1944, Congress recognized that this was a meritorious question, but no action was taken on it, with the result that a number of returning officers who had been prisoners in Japan and Germany are now being billed for income taxes. Meanwhile others who were kept on the Philippines as prisoners are held to be tax-exempt.

Congressman Norblad is drawing up a special bill to assure all former prisoners equal treatment by the tax collector.

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DON WINSLOW



Two Missing Sisters Found in Baltimore

Baltimore, May 8 (AP).—Two sisters, Lorraine Sigai, 10, and Ruth Sigai, 12, were back at home today with their mother, Mrs. Elaine Sigai, after being missing for two days and a night.

Patrolman Richard Randle reported he found the girls last night in a shelter at Patterson Park and took them home. He said they told them they had been "just wandering" around east Baltimore.

Mrs. Sigai had asked police to look for the girls after they failed to return home from school Monday.

GOP Head Assails New City Contract With Transit Line

Baltimore, May 8 (AP).—A proposed new contract between the City of Baltimore and the Baltimore Transit Co. was attacked as "illegal, void and discriminatory" in an injunction suit filed in Circuit Court No. 2 today.

Validity of the proposed contract was attacked by Paul Robertson, chairman of the Republican city committee, who asked an injunction to restrain the mayor and council from consummating the agreement reached last week.

Under the proposed contract, the transit company would pay the city $2,650,000 and would be relieved of the obligation of sharing repaving costs when it substitutes buses for streetcars on 51 per cent of its present trolley lines.

Robertson asserted that freeing the company of its repaving obligations would cost the city $8,500,000 "within the relatively near future."

Va. Widow Sues On $5000 Policy

Fredericksburg, Va., May 8 (Spl.).—Mrs. Lynn C. Perkins, wife of Dean A. Perkins, Fredericksburg Red Cross worker who died in a plane crash in the Pacific near Kwajelein, last March 11, has filed suit in Spotsylvania County Circuit Court to collect on a $5,000 policy issued to her husband by the Life Insurance Co. of Virginia.

A notice of motion filed by Mrs. Perkins' attorneys claims that the company has refused to pay the $5,000 because the policy contains a war and aviation clause. It further alleges that a company representative assured Mrs. Perkins in February, 1945, that despite Mr. Perkins' overseas service with the Red Cross he "would be fully covered as to basic insurance under the said policy."

Perkins and five others died in the plane accident. He was returning home after 13 months as director of supplies in Hawaii and Saipan.

PW Camp to Close

Winchester, Va., May 8.—County Agent I. Fred Stine announced that he had been advised by Capt. Ross B. Snyder that the local German prisoner of war camp will close at a date immediately following May 15.

Troops Return To U.S. Aboard General Squier

The names of the following were telegraphed directly to The Washington Post by the Associated Press. There is no assurance that the list is correct, because it was compiled in Europe and at Pacific bases previous to embarkation, but officials said that the margin of error is slight. Relatives should not contact the port or The Washington Post for further information.

New York, May 8.—Arrivals aboard the General Squier, due here tomorrow are expected to include:

WASHINGTON

Hodkins, Pfc. Claude J., 3234 R st.
Rost, Pvt. Frank E., 3611 Warder st.
McNeil, Capt. Murrell B., 1616 19th st.
McLeod, Capt. Harold W., 315 R st. nw.
Dickerson, First Lieut. Julius J., 1913 17th st.
Quinnell, First Lieut. Earle D., Jr., 5535 Nevada ave.
Hutchinson, First Lieut. William D., 604 Van Buren st.
Thomas, First Lieut. Earl H., 5704 23d st.
Richardson, First Lieut. William A., 5513 9th st.
Price, First Lieut. Albert H., 218 U st.
Price, First Lieut. Albert, 218 U st. nw.
Giuffre, T/4 Ignatius J., 4134 Military rd.
Brown, Pvt. Marvin E., 629 5th st.
Jacobs, Pvt. George E., 207 R st.
Smith, Pfc. Henry C., 1103 Hall st.
House, Maj. Albert V., Jr., 1900 Lamont st. nw.
Sturbitts, Capt. William C., 3245 Nebraska ave.

VIRGINIA

Bryant, T/5 Raymond, Danville.
Hawkins, Pfc. Plem W., RFD, Lebanon.
Hilbitts, Pfc. Abraham L., Rt. 1, Pound.
Washington, Pfc. Hedge E., Bealeton.
Collins, Pvt. Clem J., Emporia.
Carter, S/Sergt. Pless L., Wealthia.
Powell, Sergt. Henry J., Norfolk.
Seals, Pfc. Lee A., Phoebus.
Huff, Pfc. Harold N., Berryville.
Roberts, S/Sergt. Wilson D., Norfolk.
Hyers, Corpl. W. Hillery, Hampton.
Snellings, Maj. Charles T., Boydton.
Oliver, Corpl. Thurman W., Crewe.
Cobb, Capt. Woodrow W., Richmond.
Watkins, Capt. Peter F., Richmond.
Stephenson, Capt. Everette S., Hopewell.
Turner, First Lieut. Edwin W., Richmond.
Bond, Corpl. John R., Suffolk.
Luck, Corpl. William T., jr., Richmond.
Chandler, T/5 Sam E., Halifax.
Gray, Pfc. Charlie L., Courtland.
Russell, Pfc. Aaron D., Newport News.
Beamer, Pvt. Emmett L., Crewe.
Green, Pvt. Willis O., Lackey.
Harmon, Pvt. Joe, Keller.
Johnson, Pfc. John H., Hopewell.
Locke, Pvt. Sullivan C., Richmond.
Roncie, Pvt. Lee F., Meherrin.
Williams, Pvt. Hugh E., Richmond.
Brockman, First Lieut. Hosser H., Range.
Lumpkins, Pvt. Charles W., Rocky Mount.
Smith, Sergt. Wilbur F., Bristol.
Newton, T/5 Emery L., Norfolk.
Earley, S/Sergt. Henry S., Richmond.
Fitzgerald, Pvt. Robert J., Bluefield.

MARYLAND

Palmer, T/4 Roy A., Oakland.
Osbourne, Pvt. Thomas J., Owings.
Diblasi, First Lieut. Francis P., Chevy Chase.
Smith, T/5 Philip F., Phoenix.
Musgrove, Pfc. Norris W., Mount Rainier.
Bishop, Pfc. John W., Snowhill.
Campbell, Pvt. William J., Monkton.
Humphrey, First Lieut. James L., Bethesda.
Mitchell, First Lieut. Paren J., Richmond.
Denson, First Lieut. Willima A., Richmond.
Protenic, WO (j. g.) Joseph A., Serverna Park.
Smith, Pvt. Carl S., Catonwell.
Pelfrey, Capt. James C. A., District Heights.
Schrom, T/5 William, Greenbelt.

F. R. Barrett Dies; Norfolk Banker

Norfolk, Va., May 8 (AP).—Frederick R. Barrett, 78, chairman of the board of directors of the Norfolk National Bank of Commerce, died in a Norfolk hospital today at 11:30 a. m. He had been in ill health for some time and had been a patient in the hospital about a week.

Prince Georges Slates Exams For Police Jobs

Four vacancies on the Prince Georges County police force will be filled next month, according to William A. Carson, president of the county commissioners.

Carson revealed plans for civil service examinations about June 1, as the Independent Trade Association appealed for added protection for business establishments.

Alarmed about the increase in robberies in the past few weeks the association directors drafted a resolution asking the county commissioners to "increase police protection to the limits of their ability" with special protection given to business places.

Merely Asking Aid

Leonard Rochlin, association secretary, said the directors are "not attempting to dictate policies" to the county, but merely asking for aid.

Carson said the four vacancies have not been filled during the war years because it was impossible to obtain physically qualified applicants. The men must be between 21 and 35 years old and registered voters in the county.

They will start at $1580 annually, including a $200 bonus. After the six months probationary period the pay will be jumped to $1925, including the bonus. They also receive $100 annual uniform allowance.

Limited to 39 Members

The county police force is limited by law to 39 members, including the superintendent and six desk men. There are also five temporary members specially authorized by the Legislature.

After also deducting the four vacancies, two station sergeants, five in the detective division and two radio maintenance men, there are only 24 men available for patrol throughout the county. These must be split into three shifts and allowances made for one day off weekly. The men are subject to call 24 hours daily.

Carson said the county must wait for further authorization from the Legislature before any additional temporary appointments may be made.

R.H.McCleave, 83, Dies; Cumberland Attorney

Cumberland, Md., May 8 (AP).—Robert Hugh McCleave, 83, attorney for a half century and one of the oldest members of the Allegany County Bar Association, died today at Memorial Hospital, where he was admitted a month ago.

He served as a law clerk under the late Judge A. Hunter Boyd until he was admitted to the bar in 1895. He was a native of Virginia but his family moved here at the time of the Civil War.

OPA Raises Typewriter Ceiling; Removes Those on Salt, Soda

OPA yesterday raised retail price ceilings on typewriters and removed price controls on table salt, baking soda and scores of other products, most of them minor items.

Both actions are effective immediately.

Retail ceilings on portable typewriters are being increased 3½ per cent. The price hike is 12 per cent for other typewriters and business machines, including calculators, cash registers and dictation, duplication, addressing and bookkeeping machines.

Manufacturers prices are being increased 12 per cent in each case to compensate for higher labor and material costs. Dealers are being required to absorb about two thirds of the increase for portable typewriters.

OPA said controls on salt can be removed because it is selling below ceilings and "supplies are ample to assure that inflationary prices will not follow."

Among other items removed from price controls are:

Ammonia and beaching fluids packaged for household use; paper twine; brake fluids sold to a brand owner; bottles and other glass containers for alcoholic beverages except those made with malt, such as beer and ale; fire extinguishing compounds, and certain industrial processing chemical compounds.

OPA said that in most cases, the administrative burden of maintaining controls on these items has been out of proportion to their value to the stabilization program.

OPA also exempted inks for paper printing from price control.

It also discontinued controls on photographic trays made wholly or partly of rubber, and on photographic chemicals except those containing silver salts.

New School Board Head

Winchester, Va., May 8.—Charles E. Bass has been elected chairman of the Frederick County school board succeeding Paul Haldeman, resigned.



Queen of the Mid-South

• The Homestead is now adding new laurels to its long-established reputation as "Queen of the Mid-South."

For years the favorite resort of the most discriminating, this comfortable hotel and its 17,000-acre estate are finer than ever in 1946.

Come to The Homestead—and find mental and physical relaxation which will remain long after your stay here has ended.

Advance reservations required. Open all year. Address The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va., or our New York office in the Waldorf-Astoria.

THE Homestead
VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS

Cry Babies
suffering from fiery itching of simple rash or chafes easily comforted with medicated
RESINOL



Wow—what frosty freshness—and baby skin smoothness—man scented. It's a hit! PREP AFTER SHAVE LOTION.

with the NEW PREP SHAVE LOTION
special . . . PREP Shave Cream and Lotion . . . both for 69¢



Aerasol
New Multi-Purpose Self-Dispensing Household Insecticide

KILLS FLIES, MOSQUITOES AND OTHER INSECTS QUICKLY AND EASILY

Here is the *new way* to kill flies, mosquitoes and other common household insect pests. Originally developed for the Armed Forces, the Bridgeport Brass Aer-a-sol Insecticide Bomb has been improved for home use. It contains both PYRETHRUM *and* DDT for maximum effectiveness. A 6 to 8 seconds' spray will rid the average room (1500 cubic feet) of flies and mosquitoes. The 16-ounce Refillable contains enough insecticide to treat 100 average size rooms; the 15-ounce non-refillable, over 90 average size rooms.



$5,000.00 CASH PRIZES
$2,000.00 FIRST PRIZE; 226 Other Cash Awards

First Prize	$2,000 in cash
Second Prize	$500 in cash
5 Prizes . . . each	$100 in cash
20 Prizes . . . each	$25 in cash
100 Prizes . . . each	$10 in cash
100 Prizes . . . each	$5 in cash

Just Follow These Simple Rules

1. In 25 additional words or less complete the sentence: "I like Bridgeport Brass Aer-a-sol Insecticide Bomb because . . ."
2. All entries must be submitted on an official entry blank to be had from any Bridgeport Brass Aer-a-sol dealer (drug, hardware, grocery, variety and department stores). Look for announcement in window and store displays.
3. All members of a family may compete, but no individual may submit more than one entry, nor will more than one prize be awarded to a family. All entries must be the original work of the contestants submitted in their own names. No purchase is required to enter this contest.
4. This contest is open to any person living within the 48 United States and the District of Columbia . . . except employees of the Bridgeport Brass Company and their advertising agencies. The contest is subject to all Federal and State regulations.
5. Prizes will be awarded to the writers of the best entries received. The judging will be done by The Reuben H. Donnelley Corporation on the basis of sincerity, originality, and aptness of thought. In case of ties, duplicate prizes will be awarded. The decision of the judges will be final. No entries will be returned. All entries and ideas therein become the property of Bridgeport Brass Company to be used as they see fit.
6. The contest closes July 15, 1946 and all entries must be postmarked before midnight of that date. Mail entries to:

Bridgeport Brass Aer-a-sol Contest
P.O. Box 43
New York 8, N. Y.

Prize winners will be notified by mail as soon as possible after the contest closes. A list of winners will be sent to any contestant requesting same and enclosing stamped self-addressed envelope.

Compare these Aerasol features!

Just compare these Bridgeport Brass Aer-a-sol features and advantages with any household insecticide you have ever used and you'll see why this is THE NEW WAY to kill household insect pests!

MULTI-PURPOSE—Aer-a-sol kills common household insect pests . . . Flies, Mosquitoes, Moths, Gnats, Roaches, Ants, Bedbugs, Waterbugs, Fleas, Silverfish, Wasps. Now *one* insecticide does the job.

FAST-ACTING—The Aer-a-sol formula contains both PYRETHRUM (for quick knockdown) *and* DDT (for maximum killing power).

EASY TO USE—Simply turn the valve ON to operate and OFF to close. No mixing—no pumping. Aer-a-sol is self-dispensing.

EFFICIENT—Only 6 to 8 seconds' spray will rid average size (1500 cu. ft.) room of flies and mosquitoes.

CLEAN—Leaves no messy residue. No messy sprayers or other apparatus to fill or store . . . Always convenient and ready for instant use!

STRAIGHT-AWAY SPRAY NOZZLE—Easy to direct, and designed to control particle size and rate of spray, for most effective results.

REFILLABLE—Bridgeport offers a large, economical 16-ounce *Refillable* Aer-a-sol Bomb. The container, in good condition, can be exchanged for a full bomb at a special low refill price.

ECONOMICAL—Now you need buy only *one* insecticide. Use sparingly as a little goes a surprisingly long way.

NO FIRE HAZARD—The Aer-a-sol spray or vapor is safe to use even near fire or open flame.

SAFER—Aer-a-sol is not injurious to health, when used according to directions. And the container meets or exceeds I.C.C. specifications for storage and shipment of compressed gases.

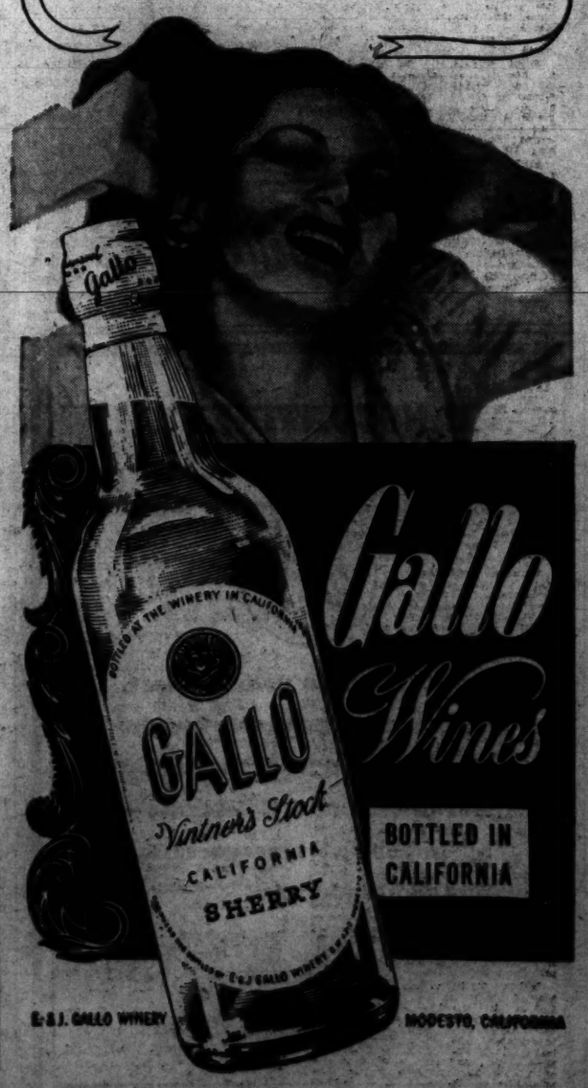
Only the genuine Bridgeport Brass Aer-a-sol Bomb in the distinctive blue container, gives you all these features!

Bridgeport Brass *Aer-a-sol* Bombs are available in 16-ounce refillable and 15-ounce non-refillable sizes and are on sale at leading drug, grocery, variety, department and hardware stores. Your neighborhood stores carry these modern, easy-to-use Aer-a-sol Bombs or can get them for you. Get Official Contest Entry Blank at your dealer's. It contains a wealth of suggestions to help you win, but the best way to find *all* the advantages of Aer-a-sol is to buy a Bridgeport Brass *Aer-a-sol* Insecticide Bomb and use it. Get yours now and be ready for the coming season. Manufactured by the Bridgeport Brass Company, Bridgeport 2, Conn.

From Coast to Coast Smart Homes Boast of Gallo Wine

says DIOSA COSTELLO, *star of Broadway and Hollywood*

On important occasions everywhere, you find smart hosts serving Gallo Wines. Made from Gallo's own fine grapes. Bottled at the peak of perfection, Gallo Wines always please.



E. & J. GALLO WINERY MODESTO, CALIFORNIA

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8:03—9 P.M.
For the First Time in Washington, WWDC Presents
LABOR ARBITRATION
The Program That Actually Settles Labor-Management Difficulties on the Air

You will hear a real arbitration, not a dramatization! Decisions reached on this program are binding to both parties. Recommended listening for public officials, educators, executives, union members, students and all who are interested in hearing democracy in action.

THIS PROGRAM HAS—
1. Settled over 300 disputes.
2. Saved millions of man-hours of labor.
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Germany Called Vital Test Of Our Relations With Soviet

(Last in a series of articles by Alan Barth of The Post editorial staff.)

By Alan Barth

Germany constitutes the most vital test of Soviet-American relations. Here is the real crucible. The difficulties which have developed in Iran and in Austria and in other places are relatively easy to adjust. They are merely on the periphery of the real problem. The heart of that problem is Germany itself. And the basic relationship between Russia and the western democracies must be determined by our ability or inability to achieve unified rule of the people we have jointly conquered.

This is why the Americans engaged in military government in Germany believe that theirs is the most important political problem of our time. They are aggrieved—and perhaps with a good deal of justification—over what they believe to be a neglect of this problem at home. They feel that they have been, in large measure, ignored and forgotten, that the press and the public in the United States are so absorbed in strikes and other domestic issues that they are giving inadequate attention to events in Germany which in the long run will have a much more profound effect upon their future.

There are difficulties and differences, to be sure, among the French, British and Americans in Germany. There are sharp disparities between their implementations of the Potsdam agreement governing German rule. But those are neither so deep nor so significant as the conflict of policy growing between the three western powers on the one hand and the Soviet Union on the other.

Relations Have Deteriorated

There has been a sharp deterioration in Soviet-American relations at the Control Council and Control Commission levels in Berlin during recent months. In the early days, when General Eisenhower and Marshal Zhukov represented their respective countries, the personal friendship between the two was so close as to enable them to adjust differences in a spirit of mutual tolerance and constructive compromise.

But of late the Russians have seemed bent upon extending their influence in Germany beyond the confines of their own zone—particularly through encouragement of the German Communist Party. This is equally true, of course, in Austria. And there, in addition, the Russians have been endeavoring to claim a number of Austrian enterprises as reparations on the ground that they represent external German assets. If they succeed in this, they will have an absolute domination over the Austrian economy.

In their own zone in Germany, the Russians have fostered a merger of the Communist and Social Democratic parties into the Einheit, or union, party. And they have not scrupled about doing the fostering through intimidation and even violence. They even managed to bring about a decision by a majority of Social Democratic delegates assembled at Berlin from all four zones to join forces with the Communists. But rank and file Social Democrats in the American zone voted to retain their independence and their party label. And American military government has held that they can do so if they wish. Naturally enough, the Russians don't like it.

Politicking Produces Friction

This sort of politicking produces Soviet-American friction. It is hard to say whether the Communist parties in Germany and Austria, and in Italy, too, for that matter, are as they claim bona-fide, indigenous political organization or arms of the Russian foreign office. The attitude of American military government is that the Germans may choose any native, non-Nazi party they like—so long as the choice is made freely and through genuinely democratic processes.

The great danger in Germany is that the friction between the Soviet Union and her western allies may harden into a complete inability to rule Germany cooperatively. General Clay in Berlin has been working indefatigably to prevent such an impasse. He has resisted every suggestion from the British that the three western zones be amalgamated to resist Soviet encroachments. For, as he sees it, that would be an admission of failure and an invitation to a fatal conflict.

The effect would be to draw a line through the middle of Germany, an indeed through the middle of Europe, with the Russians and their satellites controlling everything to the east, the Americans, British and French controlling everything to the west. It would be a terribly dangerous frontier. The danger, in the minds of the best informed American authorities in Germany, is not of any imminent clash between Soviet and American arms but of the creation of a situation out of which war will develop a quarter of a century from now.

It is in this sense that Germany provides a vital test. It will show definitely whether the Allies can live and work together in peace as they did in war, or whether their aims and interests are irreconcilable. The outcome will shape the character of the world our children inherit.

Hodgson Resigns U. S. Post on War Crimes Agency

President Truman has accepted the resignation of Lieut. Col. Joseph V. Hodgson as United States Commissioner on the United Nations War Crimes Commission.

The White House also announced acceptance of the resignation of Gerald B. Brophy of New York as United States Representative to the Provisional International Civil Aviation Organization at Montreal.

Brophy resigned, effective June 30, after serving since August 15, 1945. Hodgson's resignation was submitted April 5 after nearly two years' service as deputy commissioner and later as commissioner. White House Press Secretary Charles G. Ross, who made the announcement, did not know the effective date of Hodgson's resignation.

He said the President wrote letters to both thanking them for service to the Nation. Successors have not been named.

Mother Reports Cryptic Message At Son's Inquest

Chicago, May 8 (AP).—The mother of one of two boys whose suffocated bodies were found in an attic trunk Friday testified at an inquest today that she received a cryptic telephone call recently, and a neighbor who found the bodies said the door to the attic was locked from the outside.

Mrs. Angeline Liczkowski, mother of Anthony Liczkowski, one of the victims, testified that a woman's voice told her about a month ago "you are going to get yourself into a lot of trouble."

The neighbor, also a resident of the south side building where the boys lived, said the door to the attic was locked when he went to the trunk Friday afternoon to get some paint rags. The other victim was Chester Lesniewski, 8.

Warsaw Protests British Retention Of Polish Troops

Warsaw, May 6 (U.P.).—Poland has handed a strong protest to the British Embassy in Moscow against the alleged failure of British authorities to demobilize Polish forces under their command, well informed sources said tonight.

The note was understood to demand immediate demobilization of the troops in keeping with previous Polish representations.

Official Polish sources here said the British had failed to hold plebiscites among Polish troops in Britain, Italy and the Middle East to see whether they want to come home. All the British authorities did, it was complained, was to distribute leaflets in which Poland promised fair treatment for men who came home and in which a British covering note encouraged them to go.

Dutch Quisling Faces Firing Squad Today

The Hague, May 6 (AP).—Anton Mussert, the Dutch Quisling, will be shot to death tomorrow for high treason. Queen Wilhelmina rejected his plea for clemency today Mussert, 52, was Hitler's appointee as "leader of the Netherlands people."

Died 1

CAMPBELL, BERNICE. On Monday, May 6, 1946, BERNICE CAMPBELL of 3530 T st. nw., beloved wife of Ralph Campbell, mother of Ralph H. Campbell and daughter of Frederick and Mae Boocks. She also is survived by three sisters and four brothers. Services at Chambers Georgetown funeral home, 31st and M sts. nw., at 2 p. m., Thursday, May 9. Interment National Memorial Park Cemetery.

CHARLES, GEORGE E. On Monday, May 6, 1946, at Suburban Hospital, Bethesda, Md., GEORGE E. CHARLES, son of the late Albert and Margaret Charles. Services at Chambers funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Thursday, May 9, at 2 p. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

DOOLEY, MARY E. On Tuesday, May 7, 1946, at Providence Hospital, MARY E. DOOLEY, beloved sister of Mrs. Della Agnes Davis of 2040 Garfield st. nw. and Thomas E. Dooley. Funeral from the Saffell funeral home, 475 H st. nw., on Thursday, May 9, at 9:30 a. m. Requiem mass at the Church of St. Thomas the Apostle at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

DOWDEN, GEORGE L. On Monday, May 6, 1946, GEORGE L. DOWDEN of 737 Aspen st. nw., beloved husband of Nerilla G. Dowden and father of Elisabeth E. Dowden. Remains resting at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home. Services and interment private.

EDWARDS, CECIL E. On Monday, May 6, 1946, at his residence, 1414 Girard st. nw., CECIL E. EDWARDS, beloved husband of Dolly Jeane Edwards. He also is survived by two sons, one daughter and one granddaughter. Services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2001 14th st. nw., on Thursday, May 9, at 2 p. m. Interment Port Lincoln Cemetery, (Louisa, Va., papers please copy.)

FARR, SARAH M. On Tuesday, May 7, 1946, at her residence, 3002 32nd st. nw., SARAH M. FARR, beloved mother of Mrs. L. Bent Nye and sister of Mrs. Susie E. Austin. Services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2001 14th st. nw., on Thursday, May 9. Interment Forest Oak Cemetery, Gaithersburg, Md.

FUGITT, VIOLET. On Sunday, May 5, 1946, at Children's Hospital, VIOLET FUGITT, beloved daughter of William and Frances Fugitt of Falls Church, Va. Services at Chambers Georgetown funeral home, 31st and M sts. nw., on Thursday, May 9, at 11 a. m. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

HETTINGER, DORA LOIS. On Tuesday, May 7, 1946, at Sibley Hospital, DORA LOIS HETTINGER, of St. Cloud, Fla., beloved mother of Andrew M. Trainer, Mrs. Dove Josephine Pegee, Frank J. Wesley and Mrs. Alice L. Demmon. Services at Chambers funeral home, 917 11th st. se., on Thursday, May 9, at 10 a. m. Interment in Cedar Hill Cemetery. (St. Cloud, Fla., papers please copy.)

KAY, JOHN W. On Monday, May 6, 1946, JOHN W. KAY, beloved son of Arthur V. and Esther Blanche Kay. Services at Chambers funeral home, 917 11th st., se., on Thursday, May 9, at 11:30 a. m. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

KEATING, PRISCILLA E. On Tuesday, May 7, 1946, at her residence, 4327 Potomac ave. nw., PRISCILLA E. KEATING, wife of the late William C. Keating and mother of Francis A., Joseph W. and John Earl Keating and Mrs. Mary M. Edwards and Mrs. Nellie K. Lankstrost. Services at the above residence on Thursday, May 9, at 2:30 p. m. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery.

MURRAY, THOMAS F. On Tuesday, May 7, 1946, at his residence, 2007 Nichols ave. se., THOMAS F. MURRAY, the beloved husband of Margarette A. Murray and father of Mrs. Vera Murray Covert. Funeral services at the above residence on Friday, May 10, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

PELTMAN, TOLBERT M. On Monday, May 6, 1946, in New York City, TOLBERT M. PELTMAN, beloved husband of Evelyn Peltman and devoted father of Nancy, Laurel and Joy Peltman. He also is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Rose Pearlman and Mrs. Sadie Goldberg, and three brothers, Fred, Louis and Dr. Ivy Peltman. Funeral services at the Bernard Danzansky & Son funeral home, 3501 14th st. nw., on Thursday, May 9, at 12 noon. Interment Washington Hebrew Congregation Cemetery.

SHREVE, ADRIENNE von EDDONF. On Tuesday, May 7, 1946, at 3720 Upton st. nw., Mrs. ADRIENNE von EDDONF SHREVE, wife of the late Charles S. Shreve and beloved mother of Mrs. Thomas H. Jackson, Mrs. Marvin G. Stromberg and Mr. Charles E. Shreve. Remains resting at Hyson's funeral home, 1200 H st. nw. Funeral services will be held at St. Margaret's Episcopal Church, Conn. ave. and Bancroft pl. nw., on Thursday, May 9, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment private.

WOOD, HATTIE LEE. On Monday, May 6, 1946, at her residence, 1934 3rd st. nw., HATTIE LEE WOOD, the beloved mother of Mrs. Ray L. Dial of Washington, Mrs. Jessie Lee Terrell of Washington, Mrs. P. L. Belyeu of Atlanta, Ga.; Mrs. O. T. McKinney of Macon, Ga., and Mrs. Quinton Haynes of Atlanta, Ga., and sister of Mrs. Nora McCallum of Cleveland, O. Services at Chambers funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Thursday, May 9, at 12:30 p. m. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

JANE ARDEN



Herbert Morrison to Fly Here For Food Crisis Conference

London, May 8 (U.P.).—The British government, alarmed over the desparate and worsening world food situation, announced tonight that Herbert Morrison, lord president of the cabinet council, would fly to Washington Friday to consult with President Truman on new emergency measures to save millions in Europe and Asia from starving.

Informed sources said Morrison was primarily concerned with the imminent threat of famine in the British zone of Germany, in India, sections of southeast Asia, and other areas for which his government is responsible.

Normally, matters concerning the food shortage would be left up to Sir Ben Smith, minister of food. But he is not a mmeber of the regular cabinet, as Morrison is. Besides, Morrison is one of the highest-ranking cabinet members.

In visiting Washington, Morrison will be able to consult not only with the President, but also with the combined wartime food board, which allocates supplies to the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration for distribution. The board announced yesterday that it had given the UNRRA 491,000-ton bread grains allocation for May, when the UNRRA had asked for 700,000 tons.

The necessity of cutting the request that far was regarded as indicative of the overall situation.

Airline Pilots Stay TWA Strike As Truman Acts

The Airline Pilots Association last night "temporarily stayed" a strike scheduled for midnight against Transcontinental and Western Air, Inc., after President Truman appointed a fact-finding board to investigate the union's wage dispute with 13 leading airlines.

The postponement was ordered by Union President David Behncke who protested that no dispute existed with any airline except TWA and that inclusion of the other 12 airlines in the current case was "improper and illegal."

Mr. Truman acted under terms of the Railway Labor Act which governs the airlines. Appointment of the emergency board—members will be announced later—requires an automatic 30-day postponement of a walkout while an investigation and report are being made.

Appointment of a fact-finding board to cover all 13 companies, Behncke said, is a "reeling blow to collective bargaining."

Italian Expects King to Abdicate

Rome, May 6 (U.P.).—Enzo Selvaggi, leader of Italy's principal Monarchial Party, said tonight that Victor Emmanuel III, is expected to "abdicate or leave Italy within the next five to seven days and never again rule as King."

GOP Poll Favors U. N. Handling Of Russian Issues

By the United Press

First returns to the "Republican open forums" on its balloting on United States-Russian policy disclosed last night there is widespread feeling that all differences between the two countries should be settled by the United Nations.

At the same time, 8 out of 10 of the small number of reporting voters asserted that this Nation should have free access to information inside Russia.

The forums, brain child of former Gov. Harold E. Stassen of Minnesota, emphasized that these results of its first attempt to sample young Republican opinion on questions of the day, were far from complete.

Australian Center Of Atom Research Reported Planned

London, May 6 (AP).—Australian Prime Minister J. B. Chifley left by plane today for Washington, where he will confer with President Truman. It was said Chifley's talks here with Sir Laurence Elwin Oliphant, professor of physics at Birmingham University, were connected with a plan to decentralize the Empire's atomic research.

Informed sources said the plans call for an important research center in Australia.

Electronics Heads Seeking Stronger Espionage Law

By the United Press

Leaders of the Nation's electronics industry told a Senate Judiciary Subcommittee yesterday that the Espionage Act must be strengthened if the United States is to guard its know-how on radar and kindred discoveries.

The committee is considering legislation to prevent the sale, gift or loan of radar plans or equipment to any foreign power.

The committee, again meeting in secret session, heard testimony from R. D. McManigal, vice president of Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co., and his attorney, E. V. Huggins; John W. White, president of Westinghouse International; Keith McHugh, vice president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Co.; W. R. G. Baker, vice president of the General Electric Co.; W. R. Herod, president of International General Electric; William H. Freng and Howard Bucknell, both vice presidents of the International Telephone and Telegraph Co.

The committee intends to inquire into deals with chemical firms and gasoline processors, reportedly proposed by Russia.

The Fiji Islands were voluntarily placed under British sovereignty by their chiefs in 1874.

Price Limits Held Delaying U. S. Housing

House Democratic Leader McCormack (Mass.), yesterday urged revision of the National Housing Act to break a price limitation bottleneck he said is delaying construction of 16,000 family dwelling units.

Moreover, he proposed amending the law immediately to give veterans preference in renting housing units built by local public groups with Federal assistance.

He told the House Banking Committee that the prewar limitation of construction costs to $4000 per family unit ($5000 in cities over 500,000 population) prevents resumption of the huge public housing program which was set aside by the war.

The increased costs of construction, he said, does not permit contractors to bid on public housing projects under this ceiling. The committee is considering proposals to amend the housing act.

McCormack suggested increasing the per room cost from $1000 to $1250 in cities below 30,00 and from $1250 to $1500 in cities over 500,000.

Wyatt Urges Planning

New York, May 8 (U.P.).—Wilson W. Wyatt, national housing administrator, told the American Society of Planning officials today that communities must decide whether the national housing program will become a blight or a blessing.

Wyatt, originally scheduled to address the planners at their annual convention in the Hotel New Yorker, was detained in Washington and his message was read by his administrative assistant, Norton Long.

"If they jam the houses together on crowded streets without proper arrangements for light and air; if they fail to provide adequate health facilities, the eventual result will be slums and blighted areas," Wyatt's message said.

He said that national housing authority will see to it that th ehomes erected under the program are "worth their cost under present conditions," but it will be up to the communities to protect the future value o fthe houses by building them on desirable sites.

Armed Forces Merger Is Hit By GE Head

By the Associated Press

Charles E. Wilson, president of the General Electric Co., said yesterday a merger of the War and Navy Departments would be an "invitation to inefficiency, to authoritarianism, and to stultification."

Wilson, former vice chairman of the War Production Board, testified before the Senate Naval Committee at a hearing held behind closed doors at his request. His prepared statement was made public, however.

Wilson said he had not studied in detail the bill approved by the Senate Military Committee for consolidation into a single "department of common defense" with land, sea and air branches.

But, he said, it "seems inevitable to me that the institution of the proposed secretary of common defense, with his administrative assistants, all empowered to administer a program rather than merely coordinate it, . . . is bound to create an inflexible one-way street which will be both undemocratic and inefficient in its operation."

Instead, Wilson said, there should be constantly available for any emergency and would promote cooperation between the armed forces on one hand and private industry on the other.

Lack of this coordination at the start of the recent war "cost us precious lives and precious time," Wilson said.

Medical Witness Topic At Meeting Tonight

Dr. James M. Gannon, well-known District surgeon, will speak on "The Expert Medical Witness" at a meeting of the District Medical Society, 1718 M st. nw., tonight at 8:15.

The subject will be discussed, following his speech, by H. Mason Welch, counsel for the United States Fidelity & Guaranty Co.; Warren E. McGee, counsel for the Medical Society, and Judge James M. Proctor, Associate Justice of the District Court.

'Armies of Production' Quittin Inflation War, Eccles Declares

By the Associated Press

Chairman Marriner S. Eccles of the Federal Reserve Board said yesterday that America's "armies of production" are quitting the inflation battle "in flagrant disregard of the public interest."

In a sharply-worded statement to the Senate Banking Committee, the boss of the country's banking system said that price controls will be a futile weapon against inflation without boom production.

Ranking labor peace along with price control as essential to prevent inflation, Eccles declared:

"In this critical period, violent strife between labor and management that prostrates key industries or our transportation and communications systems threatens the public safety.

"No group, no leaders, ever have the right to inflict such injury upon the general public. Dictators assume such a right. It has no place in a democracy."

Taft Seeks to Settle Priority

The Banking Committee is considering legislation to extend price controls. Senator Taft (R., Ohio) asked Eccles whether OPA or labor legislation should have priority.

"Both are essential at this time. I don't know which must have priority," Eccles said.

"Would the Case bill cover the situation?" asked Senator Capehart (R., Ind.). He was referring to the House-passed measure designed to curb organized labor activities.

"I'm not familiar with the Case bill. I am not proposing any specific law," Eccles replied. "But it sems to me to be a fact at this time that OPA legislation—or any legislation attempting to deal with inflationary forces—will be entirely ineffectual if we are going to have industrial paralysis."

"I agree with you 100 per cent" said Capehart.

'How long do you think it would take the coal strike to produce results that would be almost irreparable?" asked Senator Bankhead (D., Ala.).

"We are very close to that point right now," was the reply. "Even if it were settled today, the situation would still be extremely serious."

Eccles said the Government sorely needs "some means—some court—where controversies can be settled by the Government." He added that he is taking no sides in the labor-management strife and mentioned that "plenty of abuse" has been inflicted by capital on labor.

"At best, price controls can do no more than block off inflationary forces until the armies of production are fully mobilized and in action," Eccles asserted emphatically.

"Production—at the highest possible sustainable levels—will decide whether we win or lose this struggle.

"If we lose, no one can tell what may happen. Plans for economic stability, for peace and progress at home or abroad would become blueprints of a lost cause.

"Today the armies of production in many fields have quit. Others threaten to quit. The danger is real and time is running out.

"We have already lost too much time because of the paralysis of vital industry—coal, steel, lumber, automobiles, among others."

Leaders Seeking Accord in India

Simla, India, May 7 (U.P.).—Viceroy Viscount Wavell, Monhandas K. Gandhi, Mohammed Ali Jinnah and Sir Stafford Cripps conferred tonight in what appeared to be an eleventh hour attempt to reach a compromise between the All-India Congress Party and the Moslem League.

The 76-year-old Gandhi has established himself as an unofficial adviser to the Congress Party, of which Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is head. Jinnah heads the Moslem League. Sir Stafford is head of the British Cabinet Mission seeking a truce between the two parties.

Gandhi, for the first time since his arrival in Simla, the Indian summer capital, discussed negotiations during prayer time.

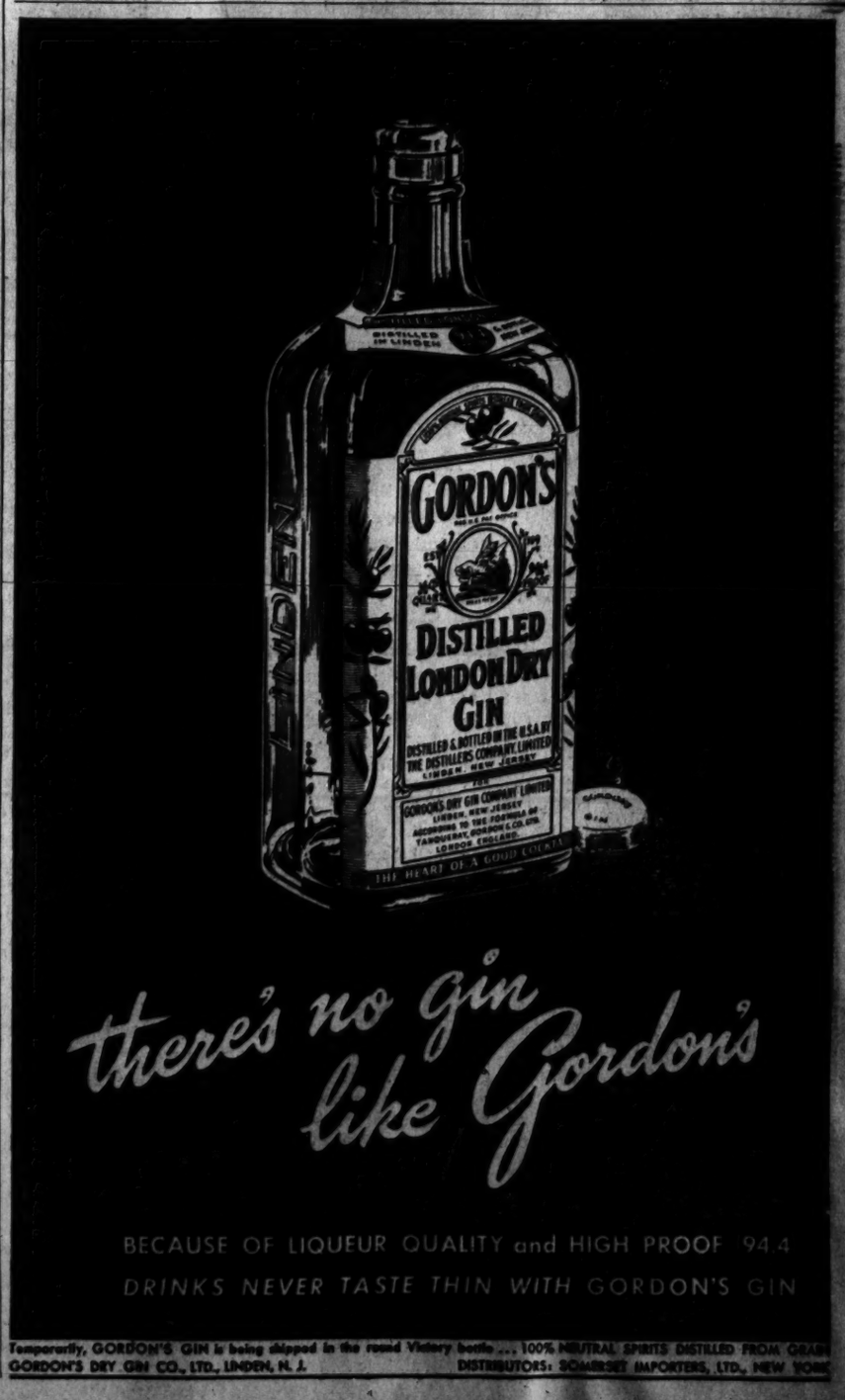
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Thursday, May 9, 1946

Housing Inflation

How far inflationary pressures have advanced in boosting the prices of houses and real estate is shown graphically in a report issued by the National Housing Agency. Not that additional evidence of inflation was needed to convince anyone who has experienced the feverish competition in locating a home. But for the record, by February, 1946, national average prices of smaller houses had zoomed 65 per cent over their 1940 level. Medium-priced houses advanced 57 per cent, while the prices of subdivided lots climbed 62 per cent. Regional demand produced even greater jumps. Low-priced houses on the Pacific Coast increased 96.5 per cent; medium-priced homes 87.4 per cent; lots 84.3 per cent, and raw land 98.5 per cent.

The really significant factor, however, is the price increase of the same commodities between September, 1945, and February, 1946—a period in which the demand of returned veterans for housing was first making itself felt strongly. Low-priced homes throughout the country cost an average of 17.7 per cent more this February than last September; medium-priced homes 14.8 per cent; and lots 23.3 per cent. New homes built in 1944 and 1945 were selling at 30.5 per cent above their original cost. In the West North Central sector during the same interval, low-priced homes advanced 23.5 per cent; medium-priced homes 20.3 per cent, and lots 34.7 per cent. The disastrous effect of widespread speculation is also confirmed by the survey. Reports of the same house being sold two and three times within the same six-month period were common, with the last price often 200 to 300 per cent of the original cost. In many areas, demand for immediate occupancy has brought additional premiums.

While the comprehensive building program planned by Housing Administrator Wyatt will serve to relieve the situation eventually, the acute housing shortage will continue for several years at least, and with it the powerful pressure of too many people bidding for too few homes. Inevitably among those to suffer most will be veterans who need housing now to reacclimate themselves to civilian life. The inexcusable timidity of Congress in failing to deter speculation by passing even the extremely liberal ceiling on houses at existing prices has contributed to the debacle. That is the only action which can control the continuing dizzy spiral that otherwise confronts the Nation.

Ethics And Ethnics

In the disposition of Transylvania, which Hitler gave to Hungary, the four powers have committed a wrong which will spread dragon's teeth throughout the Balkans. Transylvania—the whole of it—is given to Romania, though there are, on modest count, at least 1½ million Hungarians in that area. The manner of the transfer was as bad as the transfer itself. The decision was arrived at without a scintilla of evidence in support of it. It was the result of power politics at its rawest. Russia's solution prevailed, and it was shocking to note Mr. Bevin's easy acquiescence in such a manifest injustice. With the French tongue-tied, Secretary Byrnes' protest seemed to have not the slightest effect, though this country can take comfort in the fact that in at least our representative's eyes right and wrong are still recognized.

The armistice with Romania had seemed to indicate that the Russians would be reasonable about Transylvania. A final settlement was deferred till the general peace had been decided, pending which the powers decided that "either the whole or the major part of Transylvania is to be returned to Romania." A fair award would have carried out this implied pledge. Here is no tangled issue. All that the Hungarians had suggested was a return to the Wilson line of 1919, which was backed by the British but rejected in the Trianon Treaty, which lasted till Hitler rectified it. The Wilson line left to Hungary that part of Transylvania which is plainly Hungarian, the part served by the Arad-Oradea-Satmar rail line. Out of the million and a half Hungarians in the entire ceded area, a million live in the Arad-Oradea-Satmar zone.

The lack of logic in this kind of peacemaking is as arrant as its lack of ethics. The principle of boundary-making is supposed to be ethnic—the only ethical principle in the fixing of frontiers. Dobruja is going to Bulgaria, because it is ethnically Slavic. The argument over Trieste, moreover, follows ethnic lines. Yet this sound principle is thrown to the winds in the settlement over Transylvania. This is an example of naked power politics which makes one wonder whether any moral order can be retrieved in Europe. The reaction in Budapest is bound to be painful. It will rock the government which we have already recognized, and this is perhaps the Russian design. The Paris action, indeed, may be a short cut to the transformation of Hungary into a Romanian or Bulgarian pattern. After this has happened then it would not be beyond the bounds of possibility that Russia will authorize adjustments over Transylvania between Romania and Hungary just to show the Balkans who is master.

Promise, Performance

Acting Secretary of State Acheson, at his press conference on Tuesday, had no reason to repeat his call for arbitrary and forehanded action in coping with the world famine. He merely cited the figures by way of demonstrating our shortcomings. And they were eloquent enough. For the first week of May, he said, this country fell behind our commitments by 150,000 tons of wheat, or by three fifths. This performance actually shows a decline from the performance in April, and, Heaven knows, that was bad enough. April shipments amounted to 582,000 tons, or just over a half of the monthly commitment of a million tons—less than half if one counts the deficit that Secretary Anderson added to the monthly commitment as his goal. An even worse lag is recorded in the export of fats.

It is time that the President looked at the record in the light of his recognition of the "solemn obligation" we have undertaken in meeting "the greatest threat of mass starvation in the history of mankind." He will find something amiss with the smooth assurances of the head of his Department of Agriculture. Mr. Anderson, indeed, is Pollyanna. At successive press conferences for a long time past he has felt highly encouraged. On April 28 he spoke about "a springtime flood of wheat to the elevators." On May 2, "showing more optimism than he has at any time since the famine relief program reached its critical stages," he again expressed his confidence that goals would be met in the coming few weeks. Whether Mr. Anderson is expressing merely hopes or the false calculations of his own statisticians, we don't know. If his own statisticians are at fault, it is time he did some housecleaning. The fact is that for sometime back he seems to have kept the President primed with an optimism which has no basis in fact.

The starving people are insulted by the expectations we engender and do not fulfill. A new program that, John L. Lewis willing, will redeem our promises cannot be delayed any longer. Many suggestions have been offered to the President by men who have never shared Mr. Anderson's optimism. Mr. Acheson asks both requisitioning and rationing—on the assumption, justified by all observers, that the emergency is no 90-day run, but will continue. Another effort to get the pledged fats and foodstuffs to the hungry is proposed by way of price adjustments. As to fats, such adjustments would doubtless stop the wastage that results from the fat left by the packers on the meats destined for the consumer. Waste of bread can also be alleviated at the source. A smaller loaf is required, so that we can avoid waste in small households, waste which is as distressing as it is unavoidable to the American people. Surely the problem can be solved by administration.

On the part of the American people there is no indifference to the fate of the starving. They are eager to help. They are anxious to save. But they can express their fellow-feeling only if leadership is provided by the Government. Judging from our information, they are heartily ashamed of our lagging performance, and troubled by the chaff of tall talk which we are mixing with the food we are sending abroad.

Iranic

If Soviet Russia has completed the withdrawal of its troops from Iran, as she was supposed to do by May 6, there is thus far no conclusive evidence of it. To be sure, the Tabriz radio announced on Tuesday that the "last Soviet soldier" had left Azerbaijan Province the previous afternoon. And Prince Firouz, Iran's director of propaganda, has said that the Iranian government was satisfied that the evacuation had been completed. But Firouz is anything but a reliable witness. More to the point is the statement made by Hussein Ala, Iran's Ambassador to the United States. In a message to the U. N. Security Council Ala declared that while the withdrawal of Red army troops from all the occupied provinces except Azerbaijan had been confirmed by "responsible officials," he could not say the same of Azerbaijan. There, because of interference by Russian officials, it had proved impossible to confirm such reported withdrawal "by direct observations."

The suspicion that Russia is continuing to play in Iran the same devious game she has been playing there for months may be unjustified. For all we know the last Russian soldier has cleared out of Iran. But the suspicion that this has not happened, despite the pledge to do so by May 6 (Russia had previously pledged to evacuate Iran by March 2), feeds on such uncertainty. It is certainly not reduced by the refusal of Russian officials to permit American correspondents to go into Azerbaijan to look over the situation. Nor does Russia help her case with such intemperate and dishonest blasts at Great Britain and the United States as that to which *Pravda* gave voice the other day. The Soviet attitude toward Iran, said that Russian organ with a straight face, has been one of scrupulously respecting that small nation's sovereignty. Apparently such words as "scrupulous," "respecting" and "sovereignty" have a very different meaning in Russian, as that language is used by Soviet spokesmen, than they do in English.

After all, it was not British and American troops that remained in Iran after the time limit fixed in the 1942 Anglo-Russian-Iranian treaty, but Russian troops. And it was not Great Britain and the United States which used the presence of their troops to browbeat concessions out of the Tehran government, but Russia. But, says *Pravda*, the proposal of Ernest Bevin for a three-power commission to go to Iran was an open, brutal violation of Iran's sovereignty. At this point *Pravda* drags a few now familiar red herrings across the trail. The United States and Great Britain, says that Soviet organ, are following imperialistic policies in Greece, Indonesia and Arabia, with Soviet policy the main obstacle to the intentions of the imperialistic nations.

The Russian people, barred from all impartial knowledge of what is going on in the outside world, spoon-fed by government propaganda that tells them only what the Kremlin wants them to know, may accept such childish nonsense. But, if the Soviet government believes that anybody outside the offices of the *Daily Worker* and its disciples will close their eyes to the realities of Soviet policy as manifested in Iran, they are in for a good deal of disillusionment. The effect on the small nations of the episode in Iran is bound to be bad. Here it has created the most profound disquiet. Iran, however, is only a part of the Middle Eastern complex, and the time is long overdue, as we have insisted for the last two years, to treat it as a whole in a four-power conference, so as to establish a modus which will liquidate the competing imperialisms in a four-power concert.

Taft On Health

Senator Taft, who characterized the Wagner-Murray-Dingell health insurance bill as "socialistic," has now come along, as he promised, with a substitute bill of his own. It is unlikely to be called "socialistic" even by the American Medical Association, which has an apparently incurable fondness for the term. But neither can it be called by any stretch of the imagination health insurance. It is merely a system of relief designed to provide medical care for destitute persons. It seems to us that Mr. Taft's proposal has three major deficiencies.

To begin with, it does not meet the real need. Paupers have always been able to get medical care through charity. The doctors of the United States enjoy a deservedly high reputation for generosity in donating their services to free clinics and to indigent patients. But the real health problem of the country lies not with the people who are penniless but with the people who are poor yet too proud to accept charity, or else not quite poor enough to be eligible to receive it. Mr. Taft's bill would not bring medical care to the millions of Americans who need it yet fail to seek it because it is too expensive.

There is a second, more serious objection to the Taft approach. We have had experience in this country with the dole and other forms of relief and we have sought to abandon them because they are inevitably degrading to the recipients. To tell a man that he must prove himself a pauper before he can be eligible for aid is to rob him of every vestige of self-respect. When we adopted the Social Security Act in 1935, we did so for the specific purpose of getting away from this ugly practice. We embraced the principle that workers should make regular contributions out of current earnings in order to prepare against the contingencies of unemployment and old age.

The Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill proposes an extension of this principle to make provision for illness. Through health insurance, each family would be guaranteed income payments to meet doctors' bills and living costs during periods when the wage-earner is unable to work because of sickness. And this assistance would have been earned by the wage-earner's own contributions. It seems to us a thoroughly democratic procedure. What Senator Taft proposes is a return to the dole.

Finally, the Taft proposal embraces the creation of a National Health Agency to include all existing Federal agencies dealing with health problems. We should deplore such an arrangement as administratively unsound because it would separate the health activities of the Federal Government from such related welfare activities as those carried forward by the Social Security Board, the Office of Education and the Office of Vocational Rehabilitation. As we have said a number of times before, we believe that the need is for an integration of all these related Federal undertakings in a single Department of Welfare at Cabinet level.

CHILD AT THE WINDOW

Black clouds and white clouds
and a little shaking tree.
The clear world and the clean wind
and the simple heart in me.

Every season is so big:
green and sleepy summer,
leafless time and snow-on-twig,
and I a small new-comer.

Wind and water are at war.
Rivers thaw and harden.—
Am I the shaking poplar or
a rose safe in a garden?

HERMAN SALINGER

The Overflowing Cup



Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry the writer's name and address though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters of less than 200 words will be given preference. All letters are subject to condensation.

Child Care Centers

Mothers were surprised and indignant at the action of the superintendent of schools and Board of Education last week in opposing the Healy bill. The recommendation was tactfully expressed. The board merely wishes to see the nursery schools and school age centers for children of working mothers transferred to a more appropriate jurisdiction, where they can obtain "custodial care" instead of education. It deplores payment of fees—by which the parents pay part of the cost of the program—as undemocratic.

Not a word about the fact that there isn't time to move the program to another jurisdiction—even if the Welfare Department were eager and willing to receive it, and had not been under fire by the public and Congress for weeks because it had more problems than it could manage. Not a word about the fact that while it may be more democratic to have free education available to all; it is certainly less than democratic to take an arbitrary action without taking into account public opinion. The board cites the overcrowded schools. But it fails to point out that the school housing problems of 7000 children cannot be solved by evicting a few hundred children from a few school buildings where they occupy one classroom or so per building.

This latest move of the Board of Education, which could very well make it possible for the day care program to be kicked back and forth from one branch of the District government to another for weeks or maybe even years—sounds to me very much like an effort to down the program once and for all. The District government has not heard the last of day care, and it will never be able to: because there always will be women who have to work to support themselves and their children. The program has been kept going under most staggering practical difficulties by loyal teachers, struggling mothers, and a large group of enlightened and public spirited citizens, who have given their time and money freely because they recognize a real need when they see it.

DOROTHY W. THOMPSON.
Washington.

Ceiling Price Publicity

There has been a lot of talk about the inability of the Government to control the black market, particularly with reference to meat.

As we al know, the best control is eventually at the retail level—in other words through the buyers at the meat counters. Like other housewives I am only too willing to refuse to buy meat at above ceiling prices. But what are the ceiling prices? I haven't the vaguest idea what I am supposed to pay for the various kinds and cuts of meat. I realize, of course, that the price varies in different communities, but it seems the simple solution would be for the OPA to publish in the local newspapers these ceiling prices. Then the housewife, armed with her chart, could descend upon the butcher shops and refuse to pay more than the legal price.

The same thing is true of other commodities. The little sign in stores reading "within the OPA ceiling" doesn't mean a thing unless it is known what that ceiling is. Even though the prices might be listed on a chart, it is practically necessary to stand on your head or crawl over the counter to read it—that is if about five clerks don't obstruct your vision after you do get in the proper position.

Nothing irritates an American more than to be gypped, and if he were cognizant of the fact that he is being gypped he would do something about it.

FRANCES N. MONTAGUE.
Alexandria, Va.

Right to Strike

The height of absurdity has been reached in the current assertion of the right to strike on the part of public servants—employes of the government. Federal, State or municipal. In *The Post* of May 4 a correspondent calls this alleged right a "fundamental right." It is fundamental nonsense. If Government employes had the right to strike, then we could not justly deny that right to the Cabinet, the Congress, or the judges.

A strike of government employes might not have such dire results, but it would nonetheless be a crime as it would seriously endanger the proper functions of the government. We are living in an organized society, not in a jungle, and the interests of the Nation are paramount to any right, real or pretended, of the individual citizen or any body of citizens.

J. J. KRAL.
Pawls Manor, Md.

"Air Research Center"

With much that *The Post* said editorially May 7 regarding Maj. Gen. Curtis E. LeMay's proposal for an air engineering development center, the Army Air Forces are in complete agreement. The people of the United States and the Congress will determine policy regarding atomic power. The Army Air Forces will carry out orders.

May I emphasize, however, that the atomic bomb is already in existence, that atomic research is well advanced. We all sincerely hope that this world will never be subjected to a war of atomic weapons. We all pray for the success of the United Nations, but no man can give us a postwar guaranty of a world at peace. Certainly the Army Air Forces should be deservedly criticized if they accepted unreservedly the idealist's view without exploring every possibility in the field of atomic energy.

Until the Nation and the Congress have set a definite policy the Army Air Forces feel that they must do everything possible to increase their technical knowledge and to obtain the maximum degree of security for every dollar they spend.

W. STUART SYMINGTON,
Asst. Secretary of War for Air.
Washington.

United Public Workers' Stand

We were at the Atlantic City convention of the United Public Workers of America, CIO, as delegates and observers from Local 1. We participated in the discussions and decisions of that convention. Jerry Kluttz's stories of the convention give a false and distorted picture of events which we saw and heard.

We saw the biggest union of government workers come into being. Workers from offices, navy yards, prisons, hospitals, sanitation, fire stations, schools and welfare departments discussed and worked out the kind of program and organization which could accomplish the most for all. The convention voted to fight for higher wages, collective bargaining, full political rights, extension of price control, nondiscrimination in the government service, and world peace based on United Nations cooperation, with particular emphasis on healing the deterioration in friendly relations between the United States and the Soviet Union.

Jerry Kluttz picked up one or two isolated incidents, blew them up, and manufactured a big "split" out of pretty thin air.

The truth is that our constitution, our program, including the foreign policy resolution, and our national officers were voted for unanimously. We, delegates and observers of the UPWA-CIO convention, are outraged at Mr. Kluttz's stories. We interpret them as an attempt on his part to discredit and weaken the union that can accomplish the most for Federal workers.

We call on *The Post* to offer the UPWA the same amount of space Mr. Kluttz used, in order to give Federal workers an accurate picture of the convention of the United Public Workers of America—CIO.

33 UNION MEMBERS.
Washington.

As an active member of the United Federal Workers Union in its beginning, and now as an interested spectator, I wish to commend Jerry Kluttz for his report on the Atlantic City convention of the union.

It is true, as Mr. Kluttz said, that not "every delegate at the convention except Demas and Hambrose were Communists or even fellow travelers." However, how long can we excuse the innocents who give tacit approval to their union's policies?

Perhaps the history of the union and its deviating line, which always happens to coincide with the *Daily Worker* and its followers, means nothing to these innocents; but surely, now that a reporter like Mr. Kluttz, who has always been on the side of the government workers, has now attempted to help them see behind the scenes, certainly this ought to make them stop and ask questions of themselves and of their union.

G. W.
Bethesda, Md.

The disputed UPWA resolution can only lead to alienating thousands of prospective union members who, despite much dissatisfaction and griping, came to Washington to work for a Government which they believe to be better than any other in the world . . . a Government against which the UPWA leaders are discriminating by not including the USSR in their resolution.

Organized labor should be active in the political field just as organized management is, but let us be honest about it. The only honest stand is to condemn the actions of the governments of the United States, Great Britain and the Soviet Union. They are all guilty of playing power politics, a process which is in direct conflict with the organization of an everlasting peace . . . a peace that requires neither atom bombs nor great standing armies nor great navies.

VICTOR SACHAROFF.
Washington.

The burden of Kluttz's argument is his thesis that all disapproval of the Truman - Byrnes - Vandenberg foreign policy is ipso facto left-wing, communist, etc. His introduction of a *Daily Worker* reporter into the proceedings is on a par with the antics of Dies and Rankin. Like many labor organizations worthy of the name the new UPWA believes that our statesmen are allowing the British diplomats to maneuver them into a divisive anti-Russian power block and into war.

Certainly, Government employes have a right to their opinions on the best way to preserve peace and to lay the basis of genuine equality and cooperation among the nations.

L. G.
Washington.

As an active member of the United Federal Workers Union in its beginning, and now as an interested spectator, I wish to commend Jerry Kluttz for his report on the Atlantic City convention of the union.

Nothing irritates an American more than to be gypped, and if he were cognizant of the fact that he is being gypped he would do something about it.

FRANCES N. MONTAGUE.
Alexandria, Va.

Perpetual Problem

By Malvina Lindsay

Who Shall Eat?

WE ARE BEGINNING to see now that, come July, we won't be able to forget famine. The 120-day crisis we have heard so much about may be over. But another one will be on the way.

Steadily the bulletins on world hunger have pushed further into the future the time in which we can go about our business forgetting far-off starving people in Asia or Europe. First, we learned that the world's acute food shortage would persist well into 1947, perhaps even into 1948. Next, the Department of Agriculture reported Europe would not be back to normal food production for at least five years. Now we are learning that not in our lifetime will we escape the two thirds of the world's populace who have never had enough to eat.

THE MEETING IN Washington, May 30, of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations will emphasize that the days of food isolationism are over for America. One of its concerns will be a world balance sheet now being prepared by food experts of many nations. This will give a picture of just how all countries stand on food supplies now, what their prospects are for the future. It will be a basis for planning to meet today's emergencies, tomorrow's needs.

This does not mean that America and other "have" nations will take over the permanent responsibility of feeding the world's hungry. It means that the 44 nations of the FAO are pooling their knowledge and skill to fight the universal hunger that imperils their own health and peace. For so long as there is not enough food to go around, the problem of who shall eat is likely to be settled by the primitive methods hunger engenders.

This hunger, of course, is nothing new. Man's records from primitive times show him to have been generally in search of a promised land where he would have plenty of food. Epitomizing these human dreams is the Biblical phrase that inspired the old Sunday school song, "Fed Upon the Finest of the Wheat."

However today this hunger of the "have nots" has become more than a moral challenge to the "have's." A generous sharing of grain and fats now, next winter and possibly the winter after next, with those facing starvation will help the immediate emergency, set the world toward economic recovery, possibly head off revolutions and rehearsals for war.

But the long-range problem will still have to be met by the more prosperous nations as a matter of self protection, now that the slums of the world are at their elbows. If they want to guard their own health, they will need to prevent the plagues and epidemics that grow out of the famine of their neighbors. If they want to escape war, they will have to see that their neighbors escape it. One of its breeding places is among hungry peoples who in desperation follow political quacks and saber-rattling despots.

THUS THE PROBLEM of the starving or even underfed European or Asiatic becomes more than a dole of immediate relief. He must be helped to help himself permanently. The plans for relieving hunger in the few months or few years ahead will have to be dovetailed with those aimed at raising living standards generally for the more than half of the world's people who have a real income of less than $4 per week per breadwinner. This will be begun by the FAO at its coming conference with representatives of temporary relief organizations, such as UNRRA and the Combined Food Board.

Some population experts believe world hunger never can be eliminated until man limits his global birth rate. The world food organization is dedicated to the idea that human resourcefulness can meet the problem by increasing food production, improving methods of distribution and encouraging scientific research in agriculture and nutrition.

With hunger presenting such a hazard to peace, there is no alternative but to attempt to conquer it. That is why the first meeting in this country of the Food and Agriculture Organization will have great significance for Americans. It will bring home to them that the hunger problem cannot be dismissed with a check, a contribution of canned goods, or a carload of wheat, important as these are, but that it is one to which they will have to devote their thought, their ingenuity and their international cooperation for decades to come.

OPA in the Senate

In Mr. Marquis Childs' column of May 4 on "OPA in the Senate" there is one paragraph that, to me, is very confusing. Mr. Childs says "Some of it, of course, is propaganda mail inspired by the powerful organizations fighting to keep OPA alive. But a lot of it expresses concern of plain people everywhere that removal of controls will be an invitation to immediate price increases of 30 and 40 per cent in food, shelter and clothing."

Mr. Childs does not name the powerful organizations fighting to keep OPA alive. But three of them are the National Congress of Parents and Teachers, the American Veterans Committee, and the League of Women Voters. What distinction can be made between the membership of these organizations and "plain people?"

MARJORIE L. MEIER.
Bethesda, Md.

Soviet Policy

By Sumner Welles

Our Fumbling A Factor

ALL OTHER objectives pale into insignificance in comparison with the need for an understanding between Moscow and Washington. Without it, the United Nations cannot succeed. Without it, lasting peace settlements are impossible.

This essential understanding will be encouraged if we try to assess realistically the salient factors in Soviet foreign policy during the last 12 months, and the reasons for them.

Between 1917 and 1939 these three principles seemed to underlie Soviet foreign policy:

Respect for the commitments into which the Soviet government had entered; rigorous adherence to Lenin's condemnation of annexations and imperialism, and the precept, so often proclaimed by Litvinov, that "peace is indivisible."

During the past 12 months, these principles have been discarded.

The Soviet government pledged itself to withdraw its armies from Manchuria on February 1, and from Iran on March 2. These commitments were violated.

Soviet policy in eastern Europe, in the Balkans, in the Near East, and in the Far East has been frankly imperialistic.

The precept that "peace is indivisible" has seemed to apply only when the maintenance of peace in any given region favored the achievement of Russia's objectives.

Even the most friendly American observer is forced to the conclusion that if it is only security which the Soviet Union is seeking, it is endeavoring to obtain it by the czarist method of imperialistic expansion.

In the Security Council, as in the debates upon the peace treaties, the Soviet government has pursued two objectives. It has attempted to divide Great Britain and the United States. It has also sought to isolate them from the smaller nations. This has been demonstrated by Russian policy in China and in the dependent areas of the Far East; by Soviet activities in western Europe, notably in France and Italy; and in the Western Hemisphere, by the immediate advantage taken of the State Department's disastrous undermining of inter-American solidarity.

BECAUSE OF THESE factors in Soviet policy, tension and suspicion continue to grow throughout the world.

But the United States is by no means free from responsibility for the existence of these conditions. American policy was timid or barren during the very months when it most needed to be constructive, firm and far-sighted.

In his May Day address, Stalin expressed his conviction that "the nations of the world do not wish a repetition of the calamities of war. They fight persistently for consolidation of peace and security."

The emphasis throughout Stalin's speech was placed upon Soviet power, and upon the need for continued military preparation. But it was also placed upon the demand of all peoples for peace.

May all of this not mean that Stalin is forced to recognize the overwhelming opposition of the Russian masses to new wars; the assertion that the Soviet government has been seeking security in the only way which it believed practicable; and a warning to the Russian people that unless security is now obtained they can have neither peace nor the chance to raise their living standards? Since the Soviet Union is still saturated with by no means unreasonable suspicions of the west, and since Stalin speaks in a world darkened by the fears created by the atomic bomb, this would seem to be a reasonable assumption.

There is no sign that the Soviet army as yet controls Soviet policy. But if the present economic prostration of Europe continues, Soviet influence can rapidly spread over central and western Europe without need for resort to new military undertakings.

The longer famine and ruin enshroud Europe, the greater the likelihood that the Kremlin will be tempted to seek security by continuing its present expansionist policies.

Security and economic reconstruction are the key issues.

At long last—12 months after it was first proposed by Senator Vandenberg — Secretary Byrnes has attempted to meet Russia's demand for security by his project of a four-power military alliance. I cannot agree that the postponement of this offer until now constitutes a "master stroke." Had it been brought forward at Potsdam as a foundation for the United Nations during that organization's period of transition, the recent course of events in Europe might well have been prevented.

In the field of economic reconstruction this Government's course has been as hesitant and procrastinating as in the field of security.

The extension of credits to Great Britain and France, and to other European countries, would prevent immediate chaos, and prove to be a useful feature in any long-range program of economic reconstruction.

BUT WHAT IS still lacking is such a long-range program.

The United Nations Economic and Social Council is the only agency which now can carry out such a program. The council was just as urgently needed as the Security Council. Yet it is only now getting ready to function.

The economic federation of European nations suggested by Secretary Byrnes should have been charted by the Economic and Social Council three months ago. Public opinion would in that case have rallied in favor of this solution for Europe's basic ills. Such a program would have facilitated the conclusion of peace treaties.

Unless the Economic and Social Council is empowered to undertake the task of economic reform and adjustment in Europe, the political agreements which may be reached in Paris will have little stability.

Unless Russia is now satisfied with the legitimate security afforded by the proposed Four Power Pact, and unless the economic reconstruction of Europe can at once commence, there will be slight hope of any change in Soviet policies. And unless the policies of the Kremlin are drastically modified there will be even less hope of building some cooperative relationship between the Soviet Union and the United States.

HEDDA HOPPER

Call Out the Marines!

Hollywood, Calif., May 8.—George Brent and Yvonne De Carlo will be teamed in "Tripoli," which Mike Fessier and Ernest Pagano are producing. In it Brent plays a dashing American who goes to Tripoli to rescue La Carlo from villainous clutches. Incidentally, George started his present picture, "Bella Donna," stretched out in a $3000 bed formerly owned by Mark Hopkins. . . . Eddie Sutherland and Bing Crosby are planning to stretch "Abie's Irish Rose" into a series smiliar to the "Andy Hardy's." That's why they're putting not only the principals but also Michael Chekhov under options for three more pictures. . . . Since every one from dog to father has a stand-in for "Life With Father," Howard Lindsay and Russel Crouse have asked for a couple for themselves. They want Charlie Brackett and Billy Wilder. . . . Don Hartman got his pal, George Macready, a good part in "Down to Earth." The two started their careers together in a New York repertory company.



Yvonne De Carlo

Nice Work—He'll Get It

Gordon Jones is out of the Army after 4½ years and goes directly into "The Secret Life of Walter Milly." He plays the part of "Tubby," a practical jokester who gives Danny Kaye the works. . . . Bill Demarest got so mad when coyotes got into his chickens, he grabbed a gun in the middle of the night and took off after them, bagged one, and wounded another. . . . John Alexander and Roy Atwell get a couple of fat comedy spots in "Where There's Life" with Bob Hope. . . . Ida Lupino has to postpone her trip to New York because of a serious throat ailment. . . . Virginia Field, back here after five weeks in New York, says her husband, Paul Douglas, will leave the cast of "Born Yesterday," and come west in July. . . . Betty Hutton and Ted Briskin have decided one thing. Their baby will be called Junior. If it's a girl, she'll be named Betty, if a boy, Ted. . . .

South of the Border

Eddie Albert and Margo have left on a belated honeymoon for Mexico City. While there they'll visit Margo's parents, and, if time permits, go on to New York before returning here . . . Raymond Massey, due here the last of the month for a part in "The Secret," will pipe his stint for "The Harvester" back to New York . . . Ben Bogeaus bought three Arch Oboler stories for film production: A newspaper yarn titled, "Ask Me No Questions," "Bitter Triumph," and "Jonathan Loves Them All" . . . In "Stolen Life," Charlie Ruggles offers Bette Davis a drink. "Why," says Davis, sipping the stuff, "it's liquid fire," "Okay," says Charlie. "I'll drink it and grow up" . . . Tony Martin and Linda Christians are a new combination at Ciro's . . . Dave Rose will be godfather to the Curt Masseys baby . . . David Branson joins Bob Montgomery and Elliott Nugent in the Broadway production of "The Big Two," a play dealing with Russia and the United States.

Dustin' Off Dust Bowl

With such pictures as "Ah, Wilderness" and "Shop Around the Corner" being turned into musicals, I wouldn't be at all surprised if the Joads came out singing and dancing in a remake of "The Grapes of Wrath" . . . Jacqueline Dalya, who's been romantically connected with Van Johnson, is back in town and being tested for a part in "the Chase" . . . Geraldine Fitzgerald is due back here in 10 days. She returns to New York for a play come autumn . . . John Ford, who has a long memory, is taking three old timers on location with him to Monument Valley. They're Mae Marsh, Ruth Clifford, and Gertrude Astor, who'll appear in "My Darling Clementine" . . . Jack Rowe, University of Washington drama student, took off for Hollywood to get a job, ran into the "No Trespassing" company on location up the coast, and snagged a part in that . . . Because he furnished the title for "Bumble Boogie," Freddie Martin's 14-year-old son is getting a steady cut on the royalties . . . Harry Popkins has bought "Impact" by Jay Dratler as his second production for Cardinal films.

George Hits New Low

George Sanders has cast scurrilous remarks about women in most of his pictures, but in "Bel Ami" he lands a haymaker on Angela Lansbury's jaw. Incidentally, one of the technical problems in that film is taking the rustle out of the bustles. The noise gets on the sound track . . . Hal Roach is angling with Roddy McDowall to do a musical. In his last Roddy revealed he could not only warble a mean tune but could shake a wicked hoof if required . . . Both Olivia De Havilland and Merle Oberon would like the Amalie role in Taylor Caldwell's "This Side of Innocence" . . . Frank Morgan wants Helen Broderick for his partner on that air show this summer . . . The "Ramrod" company goes to Kanab, Utah, for location shooting . . . At last Los Angeles is getting its own repertory theater. It'll use strictly professional people, opening with Eva Gabor in "Candlelight."

Off the Record

By Ed Reed



"Our new house will pay for itself by the time we get the rest of the materials."

MEYER

From Page 1

of living, the men and their big families can't possibly exist on that kind of a wage scale. As our industry is the lowest paid and one that is indispensable to the country's welfare, we think we are entitled at the very least to a 20 per cent increase for the day rate and ton nage men. That will give us take-home pay equivalent to the increased cost of living as recognized by governmental agencies. It would only give us the same purchasing power we had in 1941.

"Every bit as important to us," continued the men, "is the enforcement of safety laws with teeth in them. The Department of Mines and Minerals in Kentucky is run by the operators to suit themselves. There is no union deputy among the nine mine inspectors. Our union inspectors pass the examinations but they never get appointed to the board. Our mining laws are bad with plenty of loopholes. The law says that the mines should be inspected four times a year. This is not being lived up to. Our union investigator reported to the Committee on Mines and Mining, which was considering recodifying the safety laws, that the mines have been inspected once every eight years instead of four times a year.

"The Federal reports of the Bureau of Mines showed that 99 per cent of the mines of the East Kentucky area are not rock dusted, which is an elementary protection against coal dust. Eighty-two per cent of them are dangerous because they have bad air. Permissible or sealed machinery which is the only safe kind, does not exist in our mines. The operators defeated a bill which made this safe kind of machinery compulsory. In addition the electric wires are not protected. It wears a man out just to dodge the live wires all day.

"We asked for 30 inches of clearance between the mine walls and the cars. It was refused by the operators, although extra room in the mine actually adds to its efficiency. The men are always in danger and always have to be on the alert. Yet the mines down here could provide the best working conditions because the coal in our area is the finest in the whole country. It is premium coal which commands the highest price. We are sure that the public, if it knew what was going on, would rather have a slight increase in the price of coal than the wholesale murder of miners that now goes on in this State."

Calls Operators Greedy

"What the country doesn't realize," said one miner with livid indignation, "is that the greed of the coal operators exploits not only the workers but the natural coal resources of Kentucky. Anybody can start a mine here on a shoe string. The operations are inficient and wasteful, skimming the cream from the coal mines for a quick monetary return, then abandoning them for other veins. These operators are using up the Nation's substance. As the Kentucky Legislature has always been dominated by the operators, there has never been a tax on coal and all our State gets for its natural wealth, is a lot of holes in the ground.

"Yet people are blaming John Lewis for asking for a 10-cent tax on every ton of coal for the welfare fund. If it had not been for the war, we workers would have insisted upon this welfare fund long ago. Without it we live at the mercy of a bunch of operators who are the worst in the whole country. A fairly decent compulsory compensation law was actually passed by the Legislature several years ago but the State Supreme Court at the behest of the operators declared it unconstitutional. The last Legislature has passed another compensation law. It isn't enough but it is better than nothing. This will become the law on June 1 next unless the Supreme Court of Kentucky throws it out again.

"We think that the miner and his family should be covered by a national insurance policy. We should have a medical and hospital system that will be recognized as sufficient by outstanding medical authorities. At present we pay $2 for hospitalization and $2 for medical care for a man and his family. But what do we get for it?"

I had discovered at Middlesboro what a racket the operators have made of the medical fund. There are two hospitals in this city of 40,000 people, one of them so atrocious that the miners avoid it. It has over a hundred beds and not a single registered nurse. The other one of fifty beds has just been taken over and renovated by six doctors. It has good facilities and an adequate nursing staff, five of whom are graduate nurses. But these two hospitals also take care of the general public. At the good hospital I was told the care of the miners was so expensive that the doctors would demand a raise in the insurance rate. Yet the 20,000 mining families in this one area pay $80,000 a month in health insurance.

The company doctors are also unpopular with the workers. At one mine the doctor was a dope addict. Yet the company would not dismiss him until the miners broke their contract, went on strike, and defied the International rather than go back to work before this doctor was removed.

Bad Situation

"The worst part about the check-off system for medical care is that the doctors in all of these hospitals are practically in the pay of the operators," said the miners. "These medical men determine how much compensation a man should get when he is injured and whether he is fit to go back to work or not. That is a bad situation. There are many cases when these doctors minimize the compensation; or they say a man is fit to go back to work although he cannot stand the strain of his old job. When he fails to make good, he is simply thrown out as useless.

"With a welfare fund and the $4 that we pay monthly for medical care, our unions could operate first class hospitals and engage their own doctors.

"We also want to use this welfare fund for a rehabilitation program for the thousands of injured miners. With retraining most of these men could be restored to useful occupations. The permanently disabled who now receive a compensation of $15 a week, would get supplementary aid through a welfare fund."

Another way by which the miners could be assured of a welfare program would be through a State tax of 10 cents on every ton of coal mined in Kentucky. Yet the politicians of these mining areas have been so completely under the domination of the operators that the miners, with good reason, do not trust them. They are convinced that a State welfare tax on coal would never reach their families.

The miners are thinking only in terms of their acute needs. Yet nobody who realizes the power this welfare fund would give the United Mine Workers Union over its membership can be reconciled to its complete control of these funds. Perhaps the solution is a Federal bureau similar to the Railroad Retirement Fund with advisory representation from the unions and management.

The welfare program which the miners outlined is the barest minimum of what they need. Where does one start welfare work for people who have nothing,—no decent homes, no sanitary facilities, no chance for cleanliness and no possibility of escape from the most appalling of the many appalling social situations I have seen in this democracy of ours?

Just the amount of maternal and child care needed in these mining towns staggers the imagination. I could get no figures on maternal deaths but the infant mortality rate is 100 or more out of every 1000 live births. And what have the children that live and grow up in these surroundings to look forward to? A life so barren, so devoid of opportunity for health, for education, for recreation, for ordinary human happiness — yes, so devoid of hope that it is heartbreaking.

Marquis Childs' mother has died. Mr. Childs' column, "Washington Calling," will be resumed next week.

One Year Later

By Barnet Nover

Victory But No Peace

AT THE BEGINNING of the second year of victory we are not yet even at the beginning of the first year of peace.



NOVER

The wholly unsatisfactory and largely futile discussions going on in Paris among the Foreign Ministers of Russia, the United States, Great Britain and France are both a symptom and a product of the major disorder of our times.

The war emphasized in very pointed fashion that ours is truly "one world." If this means anything at all it means that the peoples of the earth are linked together by a common destiny, that they have a common interest in peace, order, individual and national well-being. That certainly is the theory on which the United Nations was founded.

However, a year after VE-Day, the world we live in is not one world but two worlds. The nations that between them won the war are not united but divided. There is no harmony in their relations, only discord.

More and more the world of nations has come to be divided into two spheres that touch at a thousand points but meet nowhere—two conflicting philosophies, two ways of life, two diametrically opposed patterns of international action.

Between these two spheres—one with its center in Moscow and the other with its center in Washington—communication has never been more halting, more uncertain, less adequate than now.

AT THE END of 12 months we are not nearer peace, but further away from it than we were on the day the German armies surrendered.

The remedy for this frightful state of affairs, it has been said repeatedly, is the building of a bridge of understanding between Russia and the western world. The desire that this be done has frequently and earnestly been voiced by American and British leaders. Repeatedly they have shown, by the concessions they have made to the Soviet Union, that the United States and Great Britain are willing to meet their eastern partner more than half way.

Russia's response has been to regard the concessions made to her by the western democracies not as signs of friendship, but as symptoms of weakness. Instead of being appeased by them the Russian appetite for concessions has grown with the eating.

The fact is that both within and outside the United Nations, Russia's attitude during these many months has been that of an anarch. She has insisted on being a law unto herself. She has made it clear that the only basis upon which she is prepared to accept the doctrine of Big Three unity is the complete acceptance by Great Britan and the United States of all Russian demands for territory, power and influence.

It is true that, from time to time, Russia has accepted commitments that seemed to limit her freedom of action. Every time she did so, whether it was at Tehran or Yalta or Potsdam or Moscow or in the treaty she signed with China in August, 1945, a great sigh of relief has gone up in Washington and London.

But it is also clear that Russia has never hesitated to set aside any commitment that proved irksome. The road from Berlin to Dairen, from London and Paris to Tabriz and Tehran is strewn with the wrecks of Russia's broken promises.

BUT IF MUCH of the blame for the present acutely critical state of world affairs rests on the shoulders of Russia, a share of the responsibility rests on the United States.

After having demonstrated a measure of strength in the war beyond anything ever demonstrated by any other nation in history, we proceeded to dissipate that strength in a fashion that is also unprecedented.

The Russian leaders have not been blind to this development. They have capitalized on it. They are capitalizing on it still.

The other day Secretary Byrnes made an offer to Russia which was as statesmanlike as it was unprecedented. He said the United States was willing to join in a 25-year treaty with Russia, Great Britain and France, the object of which would be to keep Germany disarmed.

His purpose was clear. For some time Mr. Byrnes has been turning over in his mind the key question whether Russia's policies in eastern Europe, the Balkans, the Middle East and the Far East were the result of fears for her security and the desire to assure it or were the reflection of an expansionist urge based on the determination to dominate as large a part of the world as she could.

Mr. Byrnes' 25-year treaty offer to Russia was to be the acid test. We know the answer. Not only have Russia's leaders scorned to consider it, but the Russian press has denounced the offer as proof that the United States, instead of being ready to stay on in Germany, was determined to clear out.

MR. BYRNES' role at Paris would have been more effective than it had been if he had received at home the support he deserved.

But in America the flight from reality is still on full blast. The Senate's leisurely and largely irrelevant debate of the British loan, the failure of Congress to act on Selective Service renewal, the helplessness displayed by the Government of the United States in the face of the coal strike, though that strike is wrecking our economy, the failure to live up to our commitments to send food and coal to Europe and Asia—all these circumstances have not been lost on the Russians.

They are convinced that America's bark is worse than its bite, that, in fact, our policy lacks teeth.

The fact is that during these 12 months we have been pretty effective architects of our own ruin. The Russians will be making a tragic mistake if they assume that this process of self-destruction will go on forever. But, in the meantime, there is nothing to stop them from picking up the pieces.

LEONARD LYONS

Loose-Leaf Notebook

New York, May 8.—The DuPonts will have first call on Maj. Gen. Groves' services after he retires from the Army and his post as head of the atomic bomb project . . . John Stuart Service, whose indictment for allegedly removing confidential papers from the State Department was dismissed because it was founded on error, will be appointed consul general of the Philippines . . . Dorothy Lamour, who wanted to return to Hollywood this week, is going back to Baltimore to testify at the trial of the men who stole her jewels and furs. Miss Lamour confides that the worst performance she ever gave was as a witness before the grand jury.



Gen. Leslie Groves

When Borough President Burke of Queens, gave a welcoming reception for the United Nations, Secretary - General Trygve Lie, acknowledged by making a speech in which he referred to the U. N. "moving to the Queens." Borough President Jim Lyons, of the Bronx, immediately corrected him, stating, "The Bronx is the only borough with the word 'the' in its name." Then he rushed out and returned with official Queens stationery, to prove that it's not The Queens . . . Bob O'Brien is the favorite for the chairmanship of the Securities and Exchange Commission . . . Secretary of the Interior Krug is flying to the Virgin Islands this month for Judge Hastie's inaugural as Governor.

Ambassador W. Averell Harriman will return from London in July and then go back to the Court of St. James's. Mrs. Harriman will accompany him to London. They will live at the new home of the American Ambassador, the former Morgan house at Princess' Gate . . . The horses which were sent to Harriman by Generalissimo Stalin will be quartered at the Harriman estate in Arden, N. Y. This is how Stalin came to present them to him: At a cavalry review both men attended, Harriman was invited to ride a horse, and did. He wasn't told that it was a circus horse. As soon as the rider was astride it, the horse dipped, pranced sideways, kneeled, etc. But it couldn't unseat Harriman, who had learned his horsemanship as a ranking polo player in the Long Island competitions. Stalin, pleased by this feat, presented this horse and another to him.

Maxie Rosenbloom, now in Philadelphia on a tour of the night-club circuit with Max Baer, received a $10,000 offer to fight Watson Jones in Oakland, Calif. Rosenbloom rejected the offer. "I'm doing good, working with Baer," he explained. "I'm the brains of the act. But if Jones hits me in the head once—then Baer'll be the brains of the act." . . . Stewart Chaney, co-producer of John Steinbeck's forthcoming "Wizard of Oz," has left for Hollywood to get the leads for the cast . . . The War Department decided last weekend to ease its restrictions and once again permit Jewish displaced persons to cross into the United States zone.

Paul Porter listened to a lengthy, involved plea by a lawyer who said: "We have a comprehensive plan in the embryonic stage." Porter replied: "No. You have an embryonic plan in the comprehensive stage" . . . Leo Cherne, of the Research Institute of America, now in Tokyo on an economic mission for General MacArthur, has been invited by T. V. Soong to make a six months' economic survey for the Chinese government. Cherne declined, but will visit China . . . When Henry A. Wallace heard that an official he knows had resigned to take a job with Ford at $120,000 a year, the new Wallace said: "That's cooking with schmaltz."

Alcatraz's warden warned his guards against making any statements about the jailbreak, without his consent. That's why Guard Bob Sutter's scheduled appearance on "We, the People" Sunday night had to be canceled . . . Krishnalal Shridharani will return to India after the publication of his new book, "The Mahatma and the World," this month. Shridharani has been in this country for 12 years . . . The President, by executive order, has canceled the Petroleum Administration for War. He will appoint a committee of Krug, Byrnes, Vinson and Wallace to take over. Ralph K. Davies probably will be named petroleum administrator.

Luther Adler suggested to Louis Calhern: "Let's get all these young leading men together." Calhern asked: "And then what?" Alder continued: "And then strangle 'em" . . . Moss Hart showed Jerome Chodorov, who was spending the weekend at Hart's farm in Bucks County, the new forest of trees he had just planted. This is Hart's third venture in forest-building since he became a farmer. Chodorov said: "And just think—two years ago there was nothing here but money" . . . Ilya Ehrenburg showed some newspapermen the PM interview at his tailor's, where he had been questioned about zippers and buttons. "Here it isn't a question of the freedom of the press," said the Soviet newspaperman, "but of its standards."

Howard Hughes, who telephones his aides no matter at what hour or where they may be in the world, made a series of transcontinental calls to an aide in New York. At 3 a. m. the man's wife answered the phone and told Hughes: "What you have to say to my husband probably is important. But he's had no rest for days, and he needs the rest." Ten minutes later Hughes phoned again, to tell the lady: "There's a suite in his name at the Waldorf. He can check in now. And when your husband has had his rest, tell him to call me back" . . . Maurice Speiser, the lawyer, has obtained a charter for a Veterans Symphony Orchestra . . . Dr. Alexander Franich, adviser to the Yugoslav delegation, and Dr. Comonis Marcello, vice chairman of American Relief for Italy, participated in Sunday's Food Relief programs over WLIB. Dr. Franich was curt in his response to Dr. Marcello, who later said: "I guess he thought I was going to ask him for Trieste."

Jim Farley, who is reputed to be the possessor of the most remarkable memory for names and faces in the history of American politics, was at a party last week where a duke said: "I'll bet you don't remember me" . . . "Where'd we meet?" Farley asked. The duke told him . . . "Now I place you," said Farley. "You married a girl from the Second Precinct in the Fourth Election District, Fairfax County, Va."

Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Variety's Medal Goes To Evangeline Booth; 'A Walk' Is Defended

WHEN THE VARIETY CLUBS OF AMERICA climax their annual convention with a banquet at the Hotel Astor, New York, on Saturday night, May 18, it will be to bestow their Humanitarian Award for 1945 upon Gen. Evangeline Corry Booth of the Salvation Army.

Former international head of the nonsectarian organization and now 80 years old, General Booth was selected for the honor by a committee of 70 newspaper and magazine editors and radio commentators, none of whom is a member of Variety.



Gen. Evangeline Booth

Albert Kennedy Rowswell, chairman of the National Humanitarian Award Committee, has revealed that General Booth "overtowered everybody in the final balloting." Her citation points out that General Booth, throughout her life, "has given unselfishly of her love and service toward the betterment of humanity and has brightened the pathways of countless men and women by her devotion to a righteous cause, without thought of race, color or creed."

Last year's Humanitarian Award dinner at the Statler here, it will be recalled, was in honor of Dr. Alexander Fleming, discoverer of penicillin. Previous recipients of the award were Father Edward J. Flanagan, Martha Berry, Dr. George Washington Carver, Sister Elizabeth M. Kenny and Cordell Hull.

It hardly seems worth worrying about, but film production in Hollywood slipped off a bit last week. Ten new features squeezed into the camera angles and 12 were passed along from the sprockets to the cutting rooms. A total of 52 major pictures were in work, as opposed to 54 the week before. If this represents a "slump," the United States Treasury Department has not become aware of it. The adding machines in the Bureau of Internal Revenue indicated March ticket taxes of $3,374,651. That is the high, so far, for 1946, and some five millions over the February figure. It also is a lotta money.

A neat package of stage talent will be unwrapped tonight at Herb Sachs' Club Duet, with Marie Nash and Jack Powell its major items. Miss Nash—Washington's Mrs. Roger Brill—last heard here at Constitution Hall with Sigmund Romberg and before that on numerous local rostrums, hardly needs any introduction to lovers of lilting roundelays. Neither, for that matter, does Jack Powell, blackface king of the drumsticks—percussion, not poultry. I don't know where Jack has been since his last appearance in town, but in every area of activity of the armed forces, both here and abroad, would be a good guess.

Timely and Touching

In its South Building yesterday the Agriculture Department held a preview screening of three short subjects describing what famine means.

"Suffer Little Children," an account of war's impact upon the children of Europe, their need for food and other help and how those needs are being met, was produced by the Canadian Film Board.

"Freedom and Famine" is a report on European famine conditions, produced for our Government by Pathe.

"Our Children" was adapted from a Navy-made film, with narration by Gene Kelly, recently discharged from the service.

All are being nationally released through various agencies and any one of them—preferably all three—will pull the wasters and the indifferent up short. Famine is not pleasant to contemplate.

If not too late in getting around to it, Mr. Joe Robertson, 1802 4th st., se., found a great deal that was not to his liking in Lewis Milestone's production of "A Walk in the Sun." Having served four years with the Marines in the recent war and seen his share of battle action, Mr. Robertson's objections to "A Walk" totaled 18 fairly long, single-spaced paragraphs. His criticisms, I dare say, are in the main valid, but they are those of a soldier-technician rather than a casual theatergoer. The latter is willing to concede something to dramatic license in the reactions of a diversified group of men caught in a situation that could have happened, whether it ever did or not precisely as depicted. Mr. Milestone, as I understand it, set out to make himself a fictional piece, not a newsreel or a documentary limited to the narrow restrictions of rigid realism. It seemed to me, and still does, that he created a penetrating and gripping human study of unique worth and power. I imagine that in making this picture there was no thought to document the manual of arms, the briefing room, the ordnance department or the quartermaster's. Ten million Joe Robertsons are a lot to lop off the audience for fictional films, at that!

Comes a note from those brilliant young dancers, Mario and Floria, "just to say hello and also to let you know that we are coming to the Statler Hotel. Opening June 3 and it will be a pleasure to have you there." Always welcome, these two. They occupy a niche pretty well to themselves—like The Hartmans, only in a different field.

Today through Saturday at the Mount Vernon Open-Air Theater, Brian Donlevy, Miriam Hopkins and Preston Foster in "Gentleman After Dark," and Pat O'Brien and Ruth Terry in "Slightly Dishonorable," if you're still driving down the Richmond highway.

Aside-to-Weatherman Note

There's a coal strike on. Remember?

Hillman Blames Suit Shortage On Worker Lack

Atlantic City, N. J., May 7 (AP). Sidney Hillman today blamed the men's suit shortage on lack of clothing workers and called on his own and other industries to provide jobs for disabled veterans.

Hillman, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America (CIO), said a scarcity of fabrics and lining materials is easing but 100,000 additional workers are needed to overcome "the terrific backlog" of orders for men's clothes.

Between sessions of his union's annual convention here, Hillman told reporters that the clothing industry, though highly specialized, was making "real effort" to train disabled veterans for jobs to help increase clothing production.

Luxury Hotel Zoning Change Is Unopposed

Public hearing on the petition of Diplomat Properties, Inc., for rezoning of the Corby Tract at Garrett Park, Md., to permit erection of a 20 million dollar luxury hotel was held yesterday at Rockville, Md., by the Montgomery County Commissioners.

A previous application had been withdrawn when it was found that classification asked for, residential C, would not permit construction of a hotel.

The new application asks change from residential A to commercial D of the 116 acres in the tract. No opposition developed at the hearing.

Hunger Perils Allied Plans For Germany, McNarney Says

Berlin, May 8 (AP).—Gen. Joseph T. McNarney said today there was danger of one-party or dictatorship rule in Germany through Communist - Social Democrat party mergers, and warned that hunger might upset Allied occupation plans.

The United States military governor, in his monthly report, also criticized again the Allied failure to reach "a common policy in regard to treatment of Germany as a political unit" he declared that, "in the absence of national parties, German political and trade union leaders have the opportunity to make political capital of the disparity between separate zonal administrations."

The Communist and Social Democratic parties have merged in the Soviet zone, but a merger in Berlin was defeated by the Social Democrats in a plebiscite March 31.

Threat in Food Crisis

McNarney declared, "the merger appears unlikely to occur spontaneously in the western zones of occupation, and the importance of the Berlin issue lies in the significance which political events in the former capital are apt to have in the minds of party leaders in the provinces, especially in view of the German weakness for homogenous and authoritarian political structure."

He said the "food crisis, if not solved, threatens to upset the carefully laid plans in all phases of Allied occupation. Favorable progress in industrial production and modest though appreciable gains in trade and commerce were entirely overshadowed during March by the food crisis."

In general, McNarney said, "there has been little progress toward treatment of Germany as an economic unit." He attributed this failure, as he has done before, chiefly to French opposition based on insistence that the Ruhr and Rhineland questions be settled first.

This lack of common policy has raised problems and given German leaders the chance to play one zonal administration off against another, he said.

Coal and Steel Short

"To meet certain aspects of this situation, the United States delegation has strongly advocated creation of a quadripartite information zonal control directorate."

McNarney reported that the rate of industrial production had about doubled in the last four months in the United States zone, but by March 31, industries still were producing at about only 20 per cent of capacity, due to coal and steel shortages.

After food rations in the United States zone were cut from 1550 to 1275 calories daily due to the world food shortage, he continued, military government and German officials took concerted action to assure maximum production and deliveries from German sources. A "get the most out the land" program was adopted and plans were made to import fertilizers.

Doenitz Says Hitler Told Him To Hold Fire on U. S. Warships

Nuernberg, May 8 (AP).—Grand Admiral Karl Doenitz told the international military tribunal today that Hitler was so anxious to keep the United States out of the European war he overruled Doenitz' plans for mining north Atlantic lanes carrying lend-lease supplies to Britain.

The former chief of the German fleet and creator of Nazi U-boat "wolfpack" tactics, sought to show that the German navy respected the rights of neutrals except in cases of "mistakes."

Doenitz, who took over from Hitler and conducted surrender negotiations a year ago, said that "when American destroyers in the summer of 1941 were ordered to attack German submarines, I was forbidden to fight back. I was thus forced not to attack British destroyers for fear there would be some mistake."

Doenitz testified:

That he was simply a "professional soldier" doing his duty.

That he was an order-taker and not a planner of aggressive warfare.

That he inaugurated unrestricted U-boat warfare only after Britain armed her merchantmen and made them a "menace."

Among documents which Doenitz' attorney sought to introduce were some charging that Britain warships and planes had attacked helpless German sailors in lifeboats or swimming at sea.

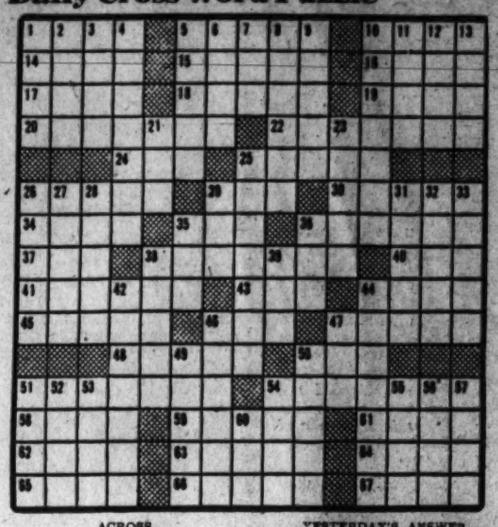
Defense Attorney Otto Kranzbuehler said: "It is not my intention to criticize any war measures by Allie dtroops. I want to show what naval warfare was really like. I could not do that by showing only German methods. I must show Allied methods also in order to prove that eGrman practices, like those of the Allies, were legal."

2 Housing Projects In Va. to Be Sold

Richmond, Va., May 8 (AP).—Briarfield Manor, war housing development near Newport News, and Portsmouth Estates, a similar project, near Portsmouth, will be offered for sale to private investors by the State Federal Housing Administration, Vincent A. Carlin, director, has announced.

The FHA will ask $1,500,000 for Briarfield Manor, requiring a $100,000 cash down payment with the balance in form of a four per cent mortgage, and $48,000 for Portsmouth Estates, requiring a $35,000 cash down payment, the balance in a four per cent mortgage.

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



ACROSS

1 Chessman
5 Swampy thicket
10 Sheep-with wool-covered faces
14 Great Lakes
15 Wrists
16 Wild ox
17 Lease
18 Penetrate
19 An eelpout
20 Savoring
22 Denies
24 Nephew of Abraham
25 Snake
26 Glistening brightness
29 Roman goddess of agriculture
30 Saltpeter
34 Futile expenditure
35 Undermine
36 Devout supplication
37 Equine
38 Short religious allegory
40 Fall behind
41 Required
43 Not clerical
44 Fruit of the gourd.
45 Loaded with a burden
46 High in the scale
47 Disrupt violently
48 Thin upright septum of a coral
50 Thrice: mus.
51 One of a large Philippine tribe
54 Examine by touch
58 Wingshaped
59 Flower
61 Algerian seaport
62 Nuisance
63 Habitual practice
64 One of Odin's wives
65 Serpent-lizard
66 Facing the direction whence a glacier moves
67 Labels

DOWN

1 Saucy
2 Space
3 Conquers
4 Vexes
5 Inkling
6 English critic, poet and essayist
7 Skill
8 Pays out
9 Contracted for the services of
10 Chills and fever
11 One
12 Wide of the mark in archery
13 Droops
21 Electrified particle
23 Style of painting
25 Impresses with fear
26 Slope
27 Book of Old Testament
28 County in England
29 Row
31 U. S. Preside..t
32 Garners
33 Rye fungus
35 Mournful
36 Layer of woodveneering
38 Foot lever
39 Flying mammal
42 Leaves
44 Intent
46 Month named by the first Roman Emperor
47 Babylonian supreme god
49 Waterlily
50 Finishing lines
51 Spigots
52 To the sheltered side
53 Struggle for breath
54 Swine
55 Melody
56 Sharp flavor
57 Finishes
60 Indo-Chinese language

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER



Struggle Starts to Restore Funds to Interior Dept. Budget

By the Associated Press

A major struggle got under way yesterday between the House leadership and the House Appropriations Committee over a proposed 50 per cent budget cut for the Interior Department.

The committee's chairman, Representative Clarence Cannon (D., Mo.), called upon the chamber to resist a drive spearheaded by Speaker Sam Rayburn of Texas and supported by Democratic Leader McCormack of Massachusetts to restore approximately 20 million dollars which the committee lopped from the 23-million-dollar budget of the Southwestern Power Administration, power and flood-control project operating in the Southwest and Texas.

The cut in the SPA was one of many the committee made as it slashed the Interior budget for the fiscal year starting July 1 from $346,765,830 to $174,652,579.

The showdown, expected tomorrow, probably will find many Western and Southern Representatives lined up against the Eastern group in the fight over interim funds.

Cannon told the House it is not a question of whether more money wisely could be invested in Interior Department projects at this time, but rather "do we have the money to invest?"

Representative Jed Johnson (D., Okla.), chairman of the Appropriations Subcommittee that wrote the bill and instituted the budget cuts, asserted the committee has provided "for the primary and essential requirements" of the SPA.

Additional funds were denied, he explained, because they would be spent on projects duplicating existing power lines.

Rayburn challenged Johnson's claim that funds for the project would be used primarily to duplicite existing private power lines. Much of the money, the speaker said, is intended for flood control dams having no power facilities.

A scientist has calculated that it may take one trillion snow flakes to cover an acre of ground.

Press Freedom Subcommission Urged by U. S.

New York, May 8 (AP).—The United States delegation proposed in a memorandum submitted today to the United Nation Commission on Human Rights that a subcommission on freedom of information be set up to consider all proposals on that subject and to draw up recommendations for the commission.

The commission will discuss the memorandum and related letters on the subject of freedom of the press Friday.

The United States memorandum suggested that 10 or 15 persons be appointed to the sub-commission and that they need not be members of the Commission on Human Rights.

The commission chairman, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, said that freedom of the press, radio and information itself, "it seems to me, would be a very big arm for enforcement of a bill of rights throughout the world."

Nikoli Kriukov, Russian member of the commission, commented that he was agreeable to having a subcommission study freedom of information.

Mrs. Roosevelt said it appeared to be the unanimous feeling of the members that the commission "should recommend probably a sub-commission on freedom of the press and information."

K. C. Neogi of India, commented that "we may have the assistance of some prominent members of the press as members of the sub-commission to help us with the problem."

In addition to the United States memorandum today, the commission also will have before it Friday a letter from Stettinius on freedom of the press, accompanied by declarations on that subject from Ken Cooper, executive director of the Associated Press; and Wilbur Forrest, chairman of the standing committee on world freedom of information of the American Society of Newspaper Editors.

GOP Campaign Group to Meet

Luray, Va., May 8 (AP).—I. R. Dovel, state chairman of the Republican party, announced today that the first meeting of the state Republican campaign committee will be held at the Richmond Hotel in Richmond at 10:30 a. m. May 18.

At that time, Dovel said, plans will be made for the opening of the Republican political campaign during August, with a statewide all-day Republican rally.

Lester S. Parsons, Republican candidate for the U. S. Senate, ex-Governor Harold Stassen of Minnesota, and U. S. Senator Robert Taft will attend the meeting and speak.

Dovel announced also that the first of several contemplated Negro Republican clubs in Virginia will be organized at a meeting to be held in Richmond on Friday night, May 17.

Grin and Bear It

By Lichty



"For my opening radio speech, see that I have proper sound effects—the clatter of home building, the purr of a new car, the sizzle of beefsteak!"

Prince Georges Asks 15 Towns To Pay Court Clerks Overtime

Prince Georges County officials have appealed to 15 towns for voluntary contributions to compensate the two clerks at the Hyattsville Trial Magistrate Court for the added hours and workload caused by the twice-monthly night sessions.

The night sessions are held on the first and third Mondays each month, for the benefit of the part-time town police who are employed at their regular jobs in the day-time.

The towns' share of fines collected in the Monday night court sessions average $1200 monthly. The towns receive the fines collected for violations of all town ordinances. Motor vehicle fines go to the State.

In leters to the heads of the towns, Trial Magistrate Arthur P. Owens urged extra compensation for the two office clerks, Miss Agnes Keane and Mrs. Josephine Evans. They start their day at 9 a. m. and work straight through to 11 p. m. or midnight, with the exception of lunch periods, on the Monday court night, Justice Owens said.

Several of the town officials have indicated a willingness to bear their share of the expense. Judge Owens said. To date none has declined. Several are withholding decision pending action by the town councils, he said.

To pay the clerks for the overtime hours and the extra work load caused by the heavy night session dockets would require a minimum of $300 for each clerk, it is estimated.

The towns which have been asked to contribute are Mount Rainier, Hyattsville, Brentwood, North Brentwood, Cottage City, Colmar Manor, Bladensburg, Edmonston, Cheverly, Riverdale, Greenbelt, Capitol Heights, District Heights, Glen Arden and Fairmount Heights.

U. S., Soviet Talks on Korea Are Suspended

Seoul, May 8 (AP).—The American-Soviet joint commission assigned to form a democratic provisional government for Korea suspended negotiations tonight with its task unfinished and the Russian delegation packed its bags for departure.

The 10-man joint commission, which has been meeting here for seven weeks, adjourned in a friendly atmosphere, a U. S. Army announcement said.

The Army said negotiations had been halted because the Soviet delegation had refused to consult with Korean groups and parties collaborating with the American Military Government in southern Korea until they renounced their opposition to Allied trusteeship, and had refused to consider an American proposal that the thirty-eighth parallel boundary be abolished.

"Since there was no other task that the commission could undertake at this stage," it added, "the American delegation was left with no other alternative but to ask for adjournment."

Later Lieut Gen. John R. Hodge, American commander in Korea, told a press conference that "the American delegation is ready to resume work any time the Soviet delegation desires—tomorrow, if they wish."

He added that the Russians "gave no indication they would resume the meetings."

The Korean parties and organizations with which the Russians refused to deal are affiliated with the representative Democratic Council of South Korea, advisory body to General Hodge. It was formed voluntarily by Koreans early this year and was headed, at Hodge's request, by Dr. Syngman Rhee, with Kim Koo and Kim Kyusik as vice chairman.

Alexandrian Appeals Jail Break Sentence

Fredericksburg, Va., May 8 (Spl.)—King George Circuit Court Judge Leon M. Bazile has set May 18 as the date for hearing an appeal by Stanley Hugh Devine, 23, of Alexandria, from a Trial Justice Court conviction sentencing him to a year's imprisonment for breaking out of the county jail.

Devine and William Henry Easter, 22, of Washington were taken into custody April 5 for investigation of a suspected automobile theft. They broke out that night, but were apprehended a few hours later.

Devine also faces a charge of auto theft in Washington. Easter was also sentenced to a year, but the sentence was suspended.



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COAL CRISIS
CUTS TRAIN SERVICE
STARTING MAY 10

Office of Defense Transportation Orders Curtailment in Passenger Service

TO MEET THE NATION'S MOST SERIOUS COAL CRISIS the Office of Defense Transportation has ordered a drastic reduction in the coal-burning passenger locomotive mileage of all railroads. Under this order, such service will be cut one-quarter starting Friday, May 10...and, by the following Wednesday, May 15, will be halved.

MANY TRAINS WILL BE DROPPED MAY 10th. And many remaining trains will be slowed by extra stops to spread service in the best possible way. Many observation and lounge cars will be replaced by equipment of greater carrying capacity. But after all possible adjustments, the situation will still be even more serious than in wartime.

RESERVATIONS ON SUSPENDED TRAINS are automatically cancelled by the Office of Defense Transportation's order. The railroads will, of course, refund your money, or will endeavor to adjust reservations to remaining service if space is available.

WITH UP TO HALF THE PASSENGER CARRYING CAPACITY CUT, there will be too little train space for even the most essential traffic. Sleeping cars will inevitably be sold out and coaches crowded to the point of standing room only.

The Office of Defense Transportation General Order 60 reads:

"*Restrictions on certain passenger train operation.* No common carrier by railroad engaged in the transportation of passengers within the continental United States shall (a) during the period beginning at 12:01 o'clock A.M., May 10, 1946, and ending at 12:01 o'clock A.M., May 15, 1946, operate a total daily coal-burning passenger service locomotive mileage in excess of 75 per cent of the total coal-burning passenger service locomotive mileage operated by it on April 1, 1946; and (b) on and after 12:01 o'clock A.M., May 15, 1946, and until further order of the Office of Defense Transportation, operate a total daily coal-burning passenger service locomotive mileage in excess of 50 per cent of the total coal-burning passenger service locomotive mileage operated by it on April 1, 1946.

"*Cancellations of reservations.* Each common carrier by railroad shall forthwith cancel such passenger reservations and take such other action as may be necessary to carry out the terms and purposes of this order."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, SEE YOUR TICKET AGENT. But please be patient, as during this crisis, both his window and his telephone will be overworked.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD
CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM
RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG AND POTOMAC RAILROAD

19 D. C. Buildings Given Up by British

Scientist Speaks

Atomic Stand Of U. S. Held Blow to U. N.

On the first anniversary of VE-Day, an eminent atomic scientist said it might already be too late to stop another war.

Dr. William Higginbotham, chairman of the Federation of American Otomic Scientists and leader of the electronics group on the Manhattan Project, told George Washington University students yesterday that America is paralyzing the work of United Nations by refusing to agree to world control of "dangerous" atomic development.

Immediate Action Urged

He said the last war might have been stopped between 1930-32 but the next one must be stopped immediately because times move faster now.

Chester Bowles, director of Economic Stabilization, also spoke at the noon "Keep the Peace" rally on the G. W. campus. He said inflation is not inevitable and would be a "terrific indictment" of our people and leaders.

"You must fight to keep the peace as my generation was unwilling to fight," he told hundreds of students assembled on the lawn.

After the rally the university chimes were rung once each for more than 50 G. W. war dead.

Other VE-Celebrations

Other VE-Day celebrations included open house at the Naval Gun Factory here and Air Test Center, Patuxent, Md. More than 2000 people attended yesterday and more are expected today. Exhibits included catapult plane launchings, captured enemy equipment, band concerts and inspection of a modern destroyer.

Exhibits at the National Archives attracted more than 700 people, papers, Hitler's last will and other documents. A European combat film, "The True Glory," played twice to capacity audiences of more than 200.

Other Foreign Missions Work To End Business

British missions have given up 19 buildings in Washington during the past year. Several thousand rooms will gradually become available here as other foreign missions close up shop.

Practically all of the purchasing missions have stated their willingness to wind up business as soon as possible in line with the recent State Department request to get commerce out of state hands and into private channels.

According to Rufus Lusk, secretary of the Building Owners and Manufacturers Association of Washington, about 5000 District rooms were used as office space by these mission during the war.

Staff Cut 61%

According to a statement released yesterday by the British Information Service, the total staff employed by all of their missions in this country has been reduced by 61 per cent between VJ-Day and April 1 of this year. They employ roughly 700 persons in Washington. During this year they have been reducing their all-over staff at the rate of about 200 monthly.

The British had 29 buildings in Washington during the war and now have reduced that number to 10. Others will be given up as the group disbands.

Here's the present status of other foreign purchasing missions occupying space in Washington:

France: Had 21 buildings during the war, recently gave up 1420 16th st. nw., and plans to give up another building soon. About 167 employes have been given their discharge notices for May, it was said. They employed more than 1000 persons, of whom about 400 are French nationals.

As Leases Expire

They will give up the buildings occupied at present as leases expire, although some will be kept indefinitely to house their commercial counselor and financial attache.

China: Has 125 employes in four buildings located at 2311 Massachusetts ave. nw., 1601 V st. nw., 2224 R st. nw., and 2132 Bancroft pl. nw. A spokesman said, "One or more of these buildings will be released within the next six months."

Russia: Hasn't heard of the State Department announcement. Has no comment.

Australia: Started with five buildings and have given up four since the first of the year. Now occupy only one at 1700 Massachusetts ave. nw. "We are closing up as quickly as we can," a spokesman said, "It has always been our policy after a war to permit trade to return to normal channels."

Greeks Have One

Greece: Has only one building, 2100 Massachusetts ave. nw. A spokesman said, "Greece wholeheartedly desires free trade throughout the world and has already lifted all restrictions on the import of consumer's goods." He added, however, that the mission would continue in order "to purchase industrial equipment for the restoration of public utilities in Greece."

Belgium: Now has four houses. Whether these will be given up and when "depends on contracts now outstanding." The nation wants to return to private business as soon as possible, it was said.

New Zealand: Uses space allocated by the British mission.

Using only one building each are the purchasing commissions of The Netherlands, India, Poland, Portugal, and the Union of South Africa.

Norway gave up its Shipping and Trade Mission at 2800 35th st. nw. on March 2nd. However, the building is now being used as a residence for the mission's ex-head, it was said.

Building Code Changes Set For Hearing

A public hearing on 20 proposed changes in the D. C. building code will be held before the District Commissioners next Wednesday at 10 a. m. in the board room of the District Building.

Nine proposed changes have been approved by a special committee organized by the Commissioners.

The approved changes would permit mechanical ventilation for baths in apartment houses five or more stories high; allow the use of 8-inch masonry walls on buildings with a flat roof limited to three stories; permit galvanized iron instead of cast iron vents to be carried through the roof.

Eliminate the provision in the code that windows must be within the middle third of the room; reduce the maximum requirement of a skylight over a stair to 48 square feet; permit wood doors entering into corridors, and three-fourths inches thick, flush panel and solid core, with steel buck, in fireproof building.

Among proposed changes rejected by the committee were to allow inside kitchens in apartments with mechanical ventilation; reduce the present live load assumptions; omit both access doors; omit the rear yard drain requirements for a combined system; allow recirculated air in air conditioning systems; allow one-over-one stairways in fireproof buildings.

Truman, on 62d Birthday, Tells U. S. to Grasp Opportunities

By International News Service

President Truman marked his sixty-second birthday anniversary and VE-Day's first anniversary yesterday by warning that the opportunities brought by Germany's surrender "will slip from our grasp" unless America acts "fully, quickly and selflessly" to take advantage of them.

The President issued his statment at the height of a business-as-usual day during which he received another Transatlantic telephone report from Secretary of State Byrnes on the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers meeting in Paris.

Mr. Truman issued this statement:

"On the first anniversary of VE-Day the people of the United States remember with grateful pride the men and women of the United Nations whose unstinted sacrifices made the victory possible. The year that has passed has made us realize with greater awareness the nature of their gift to this and succeeding generations. They gave us not justice, but the opportunity to achieve it, not security, but the opportunity to win it; not peace, but the opportunity to make it. Let each of us judge for himself how well in the past year we have used what came to us at such great price.

"These opportunities will not be ours forever. Unless we take advantage of them fully, quickly and selflessly, they will slip from our grasp. A year agter VE-DAY, the opportunities that it brought to build a just, secure and peaceful world are still with us. To the extent that we maintain our unity within ourselves and with other peoples, and to the extent we dedicate ourselves wholly and unselfishly to the mighty tasks confronting us, they will become on succeeding anniversaries not narrowing but expanding vistas of the hopes of man."

Mr. Truman, marking the second birthday he has spent in the White House, was in fine health and spirits.

He found time to leave his desk and attend a birthday luncheon given in his honor by Attorney General Clark in his offices at the Justice Department.

Present were all of the Cabinet except Secretary Anderson and Secretary Byrnes, all members of the Supreme Court except Justices Murphy and Jackson, Solicitor General J. Howard McGrath, J. Edgar Hoover, FBI director, and Timothy McInerny, Justice Department public relations chief. The President was given a set of dress studs and cufflinks by the Cabinet.

Earlier, the President pitched a few horseshoes "southpaw Missouri fashion."

The desire to play "Barnyard golf" struck the Chief Executive as he returned to the White House from addressing the Highway Safety Conference.

The day was idyllic as Mr. Truman hurled the horseshoes toward the stake, firing from his famous left-handed stance.

Community Circus Resumes

Gainesville, Tex.—The famed Gainesville community circus, inactive during the war, will resume operations this fall with a schedule of three performances at the Cook County fair, beginning September 2. The show will go on the road for two out-of-town engagements in the fall and resume the full schedule in 1947.

The world has been at peace only in 8 per cent of recorded history.

Ireland as a whole was united with Great Britain in 1801.



DODGERS' BIG BATS — Brooklyn Dodgers who do their share at the plate stand in the dugout. Left to right: Billy Herman, Ed Stevens, Dixie Walker and Peter Reiser.

3-Party Talks On India Put Off for a Day

Simla, India, May 8 (U.P.)—Tripartite talks on a proposed government for India have been postponed until Thursday "in view of the importance of issues which have arisen," it was announced today.

Behind-the-scene parleys continued among British, Moslem League and All-India Congress Party leaders, however, and a British spokesman expresed optimism that India's leading parties soon would reach an agreement.

The British Cabinet delegation suggested the postponement, presumably to give London a full report on negotiations.

Observers considered the postponement a "good sign."

Congress and Moslem leaders have been at loggerheads over the future constitutional structure of India, with the Congress demanding a strong central government and the League holding out for autonomy in Moslem areas.

It was understood Viceroy Lord Wavell suggested an interim government based on Hindu-Moslem parity, without commitments to the future.

Amendment Vote in Senate

Here is the vote by which the Senate yesterday rejected the McFarland amendment to the British Loan legislation:

FOR THE AMENDMENT—40

Democrats for—19

BANKHEAD	MAGNUSON
BYRD	McCARRAN
CARVILLE	McCLELLAN
ELLENDER	McFARLAND
GREEN	O'DANIEL
HUFFMAN	RUSSELL
JOHNSON (Colo.)	STEWART
	TYDINGS
JOHNSTON (S. Car.)	WALSH
	WHEELER
KILGORE	

Republicans for—20

BREWSTER	MILLIKIN
BROOKS	MOORE
BUCK	REVERCOMB
BUSHFIELD	ROBERTSON
BUTLER	SHIPSTEAD
CAPEHART	TAFT
CAPPER	WHERRY
CORDON	WILLIS
HAWKES	WILSON
LANGER	YOUNG

Progressive for—1

LA FOLLETTE

AGAINST THE AMENDMENT—45

Democrats against—28

BARKLEY	McKELLAR
BRIGGS	McMAHON
DOWNEY	MEAD
EASTLAND	MITCHELL
FULBRIGHT	MURDOCK
GEORGE	MYERS
GERRY	O'MAHONEY
GUFFEY	PEPPER
HATCH	RADCLIFFE
HAYDEN	TAYLOR
HILL	THOMAS (Okla.)
HOEY	THOMAS (Utah)
LUCAS	TUNNELL
MAYBANK	WAGNER

Republicans against—17

AIKEN	KNOWLAND
AUSTIN	MORSE
BALL	REED
DONNELL	SALTONSTALL
FERGUSON	SMITH
GURNEY	STANFILL
HART	TOBEY
HICKENLOOPER	WHITE
	WILEY

Not voting, but announced as against the amendment: Vandenberg, Republican; Bailey and Chavez, Democrats.

The following pair was announced: Against the amendment, Connally, Democrat; for the amendment, Overton, Democrat.

Federal Tideland Claim Lapsed, California Holds

Attorney General Robert W. Kenny of California told the Supreme Court yesterday that Federal acquiescence for many years in State titles to submerged lands prevents a Federal claim now to ownership.

Kenny's statement was prepared for the court to explain the "proposition of law and fact" at issue in the Federal Government's suit against California claiming ownership of submerged lands off the State's coast.

Each branch of the Federal Government and various departments and agencies have recognized California's title to submerged lands within its boundaries since admission of the State to the Union in 1850, Kenny asserted.



SHADES OF RED GRANGE — Coaches Bert Ingwersen (left) and Tony Blazine (right) look over the number 77 worn to practice by Wayne Cross, freshman tackle candidate at the University of Illinois. The number was retired after Harold (Red) Grange played his last game in 1925, but was passed out by error when more than 200 turned out for spring football training.

Farmers to Sell Butter in Blow At Blacketeers

Philadelphia, May 8 (AP).—More than six tons of butter, enough to supply 12,600 persons with one pound each, goes on sale tomorrow at the Reading Terminal here.

And housewives will be able to buy it for the ceiling price of 55 cents per pound.

The sellers will be farmers, members of the New Jersey Federated Egg Producers' Cooperative Association of Toms River, N. J., affiliated with the National Farmers' Union.

"We're out to break the black market in butter," said Irwin Kramer, cooperative sales manager.

Kramer said the 250 members of the cooperative obtained the butter from farmers in the Great Lakes dairy belt. And, he adds, they'll get a carload of butter—64,000 pounds—each week.

New York Retailers Threaten to Close

New York, May 8 (U.P.).—Five hundred Brooklyn and Manhattan meat retailers, banded together to fight the black market, today threatened to close up shop after Saturday if they are unable to get sufficient supplies through legitimate channels.

"The small retail meat dealer is fed up with the black market," spokesman Burton B. Turkus said. "He is determined not to sell another piece of meat unless the price is within the legal ceiling."

What's Going On And Where

Service Activities

Veterans' Information Center, 14th st. and Pennsylvania ave. nw., advice on GI loans, job-seeking, personal problems, housing, schooling and surplus property advantages, open 8:30 a. m. to 5 p. m.

United Nations Service Center, 500 North Capitol st., enlisted men's and officers' lodging.

Servicemen's Club No. 1, 306 9th st. nw., dance, 8 p. m.; nightly lodging.

Officers Service Club of United Nations, Inc., 1644 21st st. nw., dancing, 8:30 to 11:30 p. m.

Victory Canteen, 1113 Pennsylvania ave. nw., open 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.

USO, National Jewish Welfare Board, 16th and Q sts. nw., drama workshop, 8:30 p. m.; dance, 9 p. m.

USO, National Catholic Community Service Club, 918 10th st. nw., recreation room, open 10 a. m. to 11:30 p. m.; dance, 8:30 p. m.

USO, National Catholic Community Service Club, Women's Division, 1314 N st. nw., dancing and leathercraft classes, decorating party, 8 p. m.; choral club, 7:30-9 p. m.

USO, YMCA, 1736 G st. nw., sightseeing, 1:30 p. m.; music appreciation, 7:30 p. m.; dance class, 8:30 p. m.

USO, 901 Market space nw. (8th and Pennsylvania ave.), voice recordings, 6 p. m.; games, 8:30 p. m.

USO, 1911 N st. nw., bridge, 7:30 p. m.; coffee and doughnuts, 9 p. m.

Public Events

National Gallery of Art, 6th st. and Constitution ave. nw., open 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Corcoran Gallery of Art, 17th and New York ave. nw., annual exhibit of the Landscape Club of Washington; other exhibits; open 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Library of Congress, fourth annual J. and E. R. Pennell exhibit of prints, open 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Smithsonian Institution, Engineering and Institute Building, northwest gallery, photos exhibit by Wood & Whitesell, New Orleans, La., open 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Howard University Gallery of Art, 1st floor, Founders' Library, "Modern Art of the American," open 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

National Archives, Constitution ave., between 8th and 9th sts. nw., VE-Day anniversary exhibit, including declaration of war against Germany, General Eisenhower's battle map, captured German banners, Hitler's last will and testament and World War II surrender documents; open 8:45 p. m. to 5:15 p. m.

The human body is so constituted that it functions best at temperatures of 60 to 70 degrees for those who wear civilized clothing, and at somewhat higher temperatures for unclothed people.

A total of 13,319,248 square miles are under British control.

Vigilante Unit Attacks Jews In Bavaria

Frankfurt, May 8 (U.P.).—Military government political intelligence officers said today they have established existence of a German vigilance organization in southern Bavaria which attacked 128 Jews living in a school house while shouting "long live Hitler—death to the Jews."

Officers said a joint vigilante unit was led by the burgomeister of either Oberammingen or Unterammingen—twin villages in south Bavaria.

Nine Jewish witnesses of an attack March 28 filed a statement charging the Germans were armed with knives, axes and scythes and that they surrounded the Jews in the school building. The statement said the mob was led by Burgomeister Martin Meyer who beat one Jew after saying "this night all Jews will be murdered even if we have to be jailed for it."

According to the statement only five Germans were arrested after the riot and three released immediately.

Negro Veterans Assured Equal Housing Right

Negro veterans and veterans of other minority groups will receive equal consideration under the Veterans Emergency Housing Program, Wilson W. Wyatt, National Housing Expeditor, said yesterday.

The emergency program calls for the beginning of construction of 2,700,000 low and medium cost homes and apartments for veterans and their families by the end of 1947.

"In the recent order channeling building materials into low-cost homes and rental projects," said Wyatt, "State and district directors of the Federal Housing Administration have been asked to encourage local builders to construct homes both for sale and for rent to veterans of minority groups."

Wyatt declared the FHA is pursuing definite policies in regard to Negro and other minority group occupancy in temporary reuse housing.

He said that because a large number of the Negro and minority group veterans fall in the low income group, it will be necessary to provide for them a high proportion of dwelling units at low rentals.

"The requirement, under the channeling order, that 25 per cent of new residential construction shall be rental units is a step in that direction," said Wyatt.

"Passage of the Wagner-Ellender-Taft Bill is needed to provide large numbers of permanent houses to meet the needs of the large proportion of Negro veterans in the low income group who cannot afford higher rents."

Forest 'Chutists Needed

Denver.—Veterans who served in the paratroops and still have the urge to jump from airplanes can turn their wartime prowess into a peacetime profession in the Rocky Mountains.

Berlin Black Market Raids Lead to Arrest of 20,000

Berlin, May 8 (U.P.).—The American Military Government announced today that 20,000 persons were arrested for black marketing in recent lightning raids in downtown Berlin.

Gen. Joseph T. McNarney, American forces commander, said in his report for March and April that hundreds of German police working with military authorities "have made as many as 6000 arrests in a single day."

McNarney's report said continual war against the black market was a major factor in the fight against inflation.

One of the oldest rings known was a gold Egyptian ring found at Ghizeh bearing the name of Cheops, the Pharoh for whose tomb one of the pyramids was built.

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★ ★ ★

By the coming winter season we hope to be in a position to offer the traveling public cruise trips to "the Islands."

Meanwhile, *regular freight service* is being maintained between New York and Puerto Rico, the Dominican Republic, Cuba and Mexico.



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2 Records Fall as Bosox Win 13th in Row

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

The two most interested spectators in the joint when Aaron Perry and Bee Bee Washington step into the Griffith Stadium ring on the night of May 20 will be the copromoters, Goldie Ahearn and Joe Turner. For 10 rounds or less, Ahearn and Turner will be sweating out the battle of their meal tickets.

POVICH

Perry is Ahearn's man and Washington is Turner's man and it was the promoters' favorite idea that never the twain should meet. The fact is, they were bludgeoned into making this match and are the reluctant promoters despite the fact the fight promises to hit a $70,000 gate.

Ahearn and Turner are gambling their drawing cards and it will be a long summer for the losing firm. Each promoter has five remaining outdoor dates at Griffith Stadium and will find himself bereft of an attraction if his top man is punched around. They have more at stake than either fighter.

Harry Garsh, Perry's manager, turned down an offer by Turner of 30 per cent of the receipts of a Perry-Washington fight two months ago and is now accepting 25 per cent, the same percentage Washington will get under the joint promotion of Turner and Ahearn. Garsh had commitments to Ahearn and couldn't fight until a joint promotion was agreed on.

It was Heinie Miller, chairman of the District Boxing Commission, who finally forced the match. Ahearn was warned, off the record, that he had best accept a Perry match with Washington, or else—meaning that Miller would not sanction certain other bouts Ahearn was trying to promote during the summer, notably a match involving Welterweight Champion Marty Servo.

Servo is in the stable of Al Weill, who is associated with Ahearn and thus due to fight in Washington. It is significant that three days before the New York Boxing Commission held the hearing to discipline Servo for running out on a title match with Sugar Ray Robinson, the District Boxing Commission broke all ties with the New York Commission. Miller thus paved the way for a Servo match here and it may have been part of the bargain under which Ahearn accepted the Perry-Washington fight.

Turner had to put his man Washington in with Perry because he was in no position to duck. Bo Bregman, manager of Washington, is the man who calls the tune for Turner. Bregman, well-heeled to the extent that he takes no managerial cut of Washington's purses, wanted the Perry fight and Turner was helpless in the matter.

As balm for Turner and Ahearn for jeopardizing their summer programs by sending Washington against Perry there will be a lush "take" from the May 20 match. If the receipts do hit $70,000, which does not appear to be an extravagant estimate, Ahearn and Turner will split nearly $20,000 after the 15 per cent rental for the park and the commission's share is deducted. That's more than they've ever made from an individual promotion.

Ringside seats at $10 tops hasn't affected the demand. There is more money in the till now from ringside seats two weeks before the fight than was paid by ringside customers at the Perry-Armstrong fight which grossed $63,000 in 1944. The ringside section is plotted to fetch $25,000 on May 20.

The fight itself is producing the liveliest fistic topic in Washington since Joe Louis defended his world championship against Buddy Baer at Griffith Stadium in 1940. The city is virtually cleft in two camps of Perry and Washington followers, with Perry ruling a slight favorite at 13-to-10 in the current odds.

The articles call for Washington to weigh in at 159, give or take a pound which means that he will have as much as a 6-pound weight advantage over Perry. Bee Bee's stable defends that weight pull with the charge that "it's about time Perry started fighting middleweights. He's been in there against welterweights all his life and outweighing 'em."

You can hear from the Perry camp that Washington has been knocking over a string of second-rate stiffs in contrast to Perry who has been in there with better fighters. And the Bee Bee people answer that one with "sure Perry's been meeting better fighters and getting licked by 'em." They refer, of course, to Henry Armstrong, Jimmy McDaniels and Joey Currcio, all of whom licked Perry.

Washington's people say Perry, a stand-up fighter, is made for Bee Bee who'll outbox him and outpunch him in close. There's the item of Perry's eyes, they point out, and it is a fact that Perry has been cut around the eyes in recent bouts. In Washington he'll be fighting a fellow who, despite what his faults may be, does have a superior left hand. It should be fun.

Been Trying 14 Years

Gilbert, Aboard Lord Boswell, Visions Preakness Win at Last

Baltimore, May 8 (AP).—For 14 years, Johnny Gilbert has been trying to win the Preakness—and the bankroll that goes with it—and today the strong-handed Syrian from Kansas was given the best chance he's ever had to grab it.

The surprise switch that moved heady Eddie Arcaro from the jockey job aboard Sturdy Lord Boswell, whom he piloted to fourth place in the Kentucky Derby, to Hampden, the Delaware dandy who was third in the run for the roses, leaves Lord B.'s saddle empty for Saturday's fifty-sixth running of the Preakness, richest race in American turf history.

Since Lord B is inclined to be lazy, Leslie Combs, the Kentucky breeder who watches over cosmetics Queen Elizabeth Graham's racing interests went looking today for a strong-armed saddlesmith who would hustle the stretch-running son of Boswell.

So, he asked the square-chinned 32-year-old Pittsburg, Kans., booter if he wanted the job—and Johnny jumped at it. Mrs. Graham's okay is expected any minute.

Pimlico has been one of the big tracks in Johnny's jockeying career dating back to 1932. He got his two biggest thrills in the Pimlico Futurity here at old Hilltop—booting Swivel home in 1932 for a $62,430 pot, the largest he's ever won, and steering Bold Irishman to the wire in front of Whirlaway in 1940. Two years later, he pinned it on Whirly again when he sent Riverland romping home in the Riggs.

But the Preakness has always given him the run-around and if he's going to win it at all, this would be the time to do it, since there's a neat $141,620 in the pot and Lord Boswell's the best bet he's ever had.

Most of Johnny's four Preakness bids, unfortunately, have been made just when something special like Whiraway or War Admiral or Burgoo King was on hand. As a result, he managed to get only a second out og King Coal against Whirly in 1941, a couple of thirds with Flying Scot in 1937 and Utopian in 1933 back of War Admiral and Head Play, and a fifth with War Hero against Burgoo King 14 years ago.

Lord B Right Up There

This time, however, Lord B, is right up there with the Texas terror Assault, Hampden, and his own teammate, the Gian Knockdown, as the standouts for Saturday's mile-and-three-sixteenths.

Assault of course, is the "peoples' choice" off his eight-length Derby win. He blew three eights of a mile in 40:3.5 second this morning in preparation for a final tough workout tomorrow. Lord Boswell, Knockdown and Hampden just galloped around the track.

The Preakness field still shapes up with 11 definite starters and one probable, the Canadian campaigner Windfields, whose Toronto owner, E. P. Taylor, put up $3000 to make him a supplementary eligible three weeks ago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE
Toronto, 7; Jersey City, 3.
Rochester, 11; Syracuse, 3.
Montreal, 6—5; Newark, 2—6.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
Minneapolis, 9; Indianapolis, 2.
Milwaukee, 4; Louisville, 3.

EASTERN LEAGUE
Hartford, 9; Williamsport, 5.

COLLEGE BASEBALL
Virginia, 8; Washington and Lee, 4.
Randolph-Macon, 5; William and Mary, 1.
Oberlin, 4; Kenyon, 3.
Michigan, 10; Detroit, 6.
Aberdeen Proving Grounds, 3; Bainbridge, 1.

COLLEGE TENNIS
Illinois Tech, 6; George Williams College, 1.
Wayne, 9; Detroit, 0.

COLLEGE TRACK
Detroit, 89½; Central Michigan, 36½.

COLLEGE GOLF
Michigan State, 20; Michigan, 7.

Nats Lose, 1-0, On Triple-Play By Detroit

NATS, from Page 1

Newhouser a lift in the ninth by going behind second base for Torres' ground ball that was the first out . . . It was Newhouser's second two-hit-shutout of the season . . . The Tigers' third, fourth, fifth and sixth-place hitters managed to get only one ball out of the infield, collectively, against Wolff, whose knuckle-ball control was so superb he walked nobody . . . The Nats will face another left-hander today with Stubby Overmire on the mound for the Tigers and Sid Hudson starting for Washington.

Detroit.	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Lake, ss.	4	0	0	3	4	0
Mayo, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1	0
McCosky, cf.	4	0	1	2	0	1
Moore, lf.	4	0	0	4	0	0
Greenberg, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0	0
Mullin, rf.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Outlaw, 3b.	3	0	2	0	1	0
Richards, c.	2	0	0	4	0	0
Newhouser, p.	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	30	1	4	27	10	1

WASHINGTON.	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Torres, 3b.	4	0	0	0	3	0
Lewis, rf.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Spence, cf.	4	0	0	4	0	0
Vernon, 1b.	3	0	1	12	1	0
Heath, lf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Priddy, 2b.	3	0	0	3	2	1
Travis, ss.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Evans, c.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Wolff, p.	1	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	27	0	2	27	10	1

Detroit	000 010 000—1
WASHINGTON	000 000 000—0

Two-base hit—Evans. Sacrifice—Richards. Triple play—Newhouser to Mayo to Greenberg. Left on bases—Detroit, 3; Washington, 3. Base on balls—Newhouser, 3. Strikeouts—Wolff, 2; Newhouser, 3. Umpires—Rue, Pasarella and McGowan. Time—1:44. Attendance—10,064.

The Opening Wedge . . .

Nats Get Bid From Baseball Guild Without Enthusiasm

The first open attempt to enlist Washington players in the proposed baseball players union was revealed yesterday when virtually all members of the Nats and Manager Ossie Bluege received letters outlining the benefits of the American Baseball Guild and inviting them to join.

Guild Promoter Robert Murphy of Boston, asked the players to return to him signed forms "authorizing the American Baseball Guild to represent me for the purpose of collective bargaining."

Murphy, in his letter, declared players on other major league clubs were receiving similar letters. He elaborated on the guild's eight-point platform and announced that dues would be 50 cents a week for players making less than $5000 per year; $1 per week for players earning between $5000 and $10,000 and $1.50 per week for those making more than $10,000.

His eight-point program:

1. Fifty per cent of purchase price to go to player if he is sold. Murphy declares statistics show 95 per cent of all players are traded or sold during their careers.

2. Arbitration. Salary and other grievances to be decided by two representatives of player and club owner, plue neutral arbitrator.

3. No maximum salary.

4. Minimum salary of $7500 for big leaguers.

5. Freedom of contract. Contracts not to be so one-sided and entirely in favor of club owners.

6. The guild definitely stands for peaceful settlement of differences rather than strikes and lockouts.

7. Provisions for bonuses, insurance, etc.

8. All officers of guild to be professional or former ballplayers. Murphy pledged the players the right to withdraw from the guild at any time, and reminded the players the law protected them if they wished to keep their membership in the guild secret.

He advised them that when a majority of players on one club had signed, the guild would immediately notify the club owner that he deal with the guild as required by law.

The reaction among Washington players to Murphy's invitation could be described as a shade less lukewarm than lukewarm.

"It isn't worth $72 a year dues to me," said Jeff Heath curtly.

No member of the Washington club indicated that he was seriously considering joining the guild. "I'll do what the other guys do," said Outfielder George Binks.

"It might be a good idea," said Gerry Priddy, "but I'm not convinced." Other players laughed it off.

Owner Clark Griffith, recently cited for alleged "intimidation and coercion" of his players against the guild, commented: "I'm not talking any more about the players union or the Mexican baseball situation."

Bee Bee, Perry Increase Pace In Daily Drills

Bee Bee Washington and Aaron Perry stepped up the tempo of their training pace yesterday for their all-local middleweight championship match at Griffith Stadium Monday night, May 20.

Perry unloaded his big guns in sparring for the first time since he began training at Liberty A. C. Monday by knocking out two sparmates—Eddie Joppy in the second round and Eddie Harris in the first heat. According to Goldie Ahearn, co-promoter of the show with Joe Turner, Joppy was given such a powerful belt by Perry's right he was out for "some 10 minutes."

Meanwhile Washington and his carload of sparmates moved into Turner's Arena for a 10-day training seige, and the Foggy Bottom boxer lost little time in displaying his class to the fight faithful. Manager-Trainer Billy Edwards called on the "Deanwood Tiger," Jimmy McGriff, Washington's ace stablemate, to play the role of "Atom Aaron" Perry, and McGriff did a bangup job.

Himself a puncher like Perry, McGriff moved in at Washington swinging strong rights and lefts, and for three rounds Washington maneuvered, on instructions from Edwards, just as he plans to do the night of the big show.

After the sparring session, Washington worked six additional rounds in rope skipping, shadow boxing and punching the hard bang. Perry did likewise at Liberty.

Yanks Go Ritzy In Fashion Show

New York, May 8 (AP).—A fashion show will precede by the Yanks-Boston Red Sox game at the Yankee Stadium Friday and 500 pairs of nylons will be given away free to women spectators. Ray Bolger, dancing star of stage and screen, will act as master of ceremonies and 15 Powers and Conover girls will model the vacation fashions for the pre-game show being staged by a department store.

Grid Date Changed

Chicago, May 8 (AP).—Owner Charles Bidwill of the Chicago Cardinals football team today announced the Cardinals contest with the Pittsburgh Steelers, originally scheduled for December 8, had been moved up to September 20. The game will be played at Pittsburgh.

W. and L.	100 100 002—4
Virginia	100 011 02x—2

Berda and Bell; Wade, Neighbors and Schulz.

Ft. Meade Netmen Defeat Hoyas, 5-4

Fort Meade's tennis team scored a 5-4 victory over Georgetown University netmen yesterday at G. U. courts, copping two of the three doubles matches after splitting in the six single events. It was the third loss in six matches for Georgetown.

SINGLES—Neff (G) defeated Willner, 6—2, 6—3; Miller (M) defeated Hagan, 6—0, 7—5; Poore (M) defeated Schaptman, 7—5, 2—6, 6—4; Sawch (G) defeated Steiffle, 7—5, 2—6, 6—4; Byerly (M) defeated Reynolds, 6—3, 6—3; Rubio (G) defeated Choy, 7—5, 1—6, 6—4.

DOUBLES—Miller and Willner (M) defeated Neff and Reynolds, 4—6, 6—3, 6—1; Hagan and Schaptman (G) defeated Poore and Steiffle, 6—4, 3—6, 8—6; Choy and Byerly (M) defeated Kearney and Rubio, 6—2, 6—3.

Beginning of the End for Nats and Wolff



EYELASH—Pat Mullin, Tiger outfielder, dribbled one down the first-base line and beat it out for a hit despite the heroic efforts of Mickey Vernon to slide into the bag while fielding the ball. And a few minutes later Mullin scored the one and only run of the game when Priddy made a wild throw on a double-play ball by Paul Richards, Tiger catcher.

Associated Press Photo

Chandler's 5th Is 5-1 Defeat Of St. Louis

New York, May 8 (AP).—Spud Chandler became the first pitcher in the major leagues to hang up five victories without a defeat today when he limited the St. Louis Browns to three hits while the New York Yankees clubbed Sam Zoldak for seven and a 5-1 triumph before 14,105 fans.

Chandler had a one-hit shutout going into the ninth inning, but pinch-hitter Lou Finney singled, Al Zarilla walked, and Walt Judnich singled to drive in Tex Shirley, who ran for Finney, with the Browns' lone tally.

Johnny Lucadello got the first hit off Chandler in the initial inning but Chandler, who fanned nine, allowed only two runners, both on errors, to reach base from there on until the ninth.

The Yanks scored two runs in their half of the first frame on Phil Rizzuto's single and steal of second, George Stirnweiss's double, an infield hit by Tommy Henrich and Joe DiMaggio's long fly. Rizzuto accounted for the Yanks' remaining tallies with a three-run homer in the seventh inning.

The defeat was Zoldak's first after three consecutive victories.

St. Louis	AB	H	O	A	New York	AB	H	O	A
Zarilla,lf	3	0	2	0	Rizzuto,ss	4	2	0	3
Grace,rf	4	0	3	0	St'weiss,3b	3	1	0	5
L'dello,3b	4	1	1	1	Henrich,rf	4	2	1	0
Judnich,cf	4	1	3	0	DiMaggio,cf	3	0	1	0
B'ardino,2b	4	0	2	1	Keller,lf	3	0	1	0
Ch'tman,ss	3	0	1	4	Etten,1b	4	0	15	1
Stevens,1b	3	0	10	1	Grimes,2b	4	1	1	6
Mancuso,c	3	0	2	0	Dickey,c	3	1	8	1
Zoldak,p	2	0	0	0	Chandler,p	3	0	0	1
*Finney	1	1	0	0					
†Shirley	0	0	0	0	Totals	31	7	27	17
Totals	31	3	24	7					

*Batted for Zoldak in 9th.
†Ran for Finney in 9th.

St. Louis	000 000 001—1
New York	200 000 30x—5

Runs—Shirley, Rizzuto (2), Stirnweiss, Grimes, Dickey. Errors—Chandler, Rizzuto. Runs batted in—Stirnweiss, DiMaggio, Rizzuto (3), Judnich. Two-base hits—Stirnweiss, Henrich. Home run—Rizzuto. Stolen bases—Rizzuto, Henrich. Double play—Stirnweiss to Grimes to Etten. Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; New York, 5. Bases on balls—Zoldak, 3; Chandler, 1. Strikeouts—Chandler, 9; Zoldak, 1. Umpires—Summers, Grieve and Pasarella. Time—1:34. Attendance—14,105.

Vet Thought Dead To Toss Out First Ball for Salisbury

Salisbury, Md., May 8 (AP).—A 22-year-old war veteran who was wounded and left for dead in a Guam foxhole in 1944 will throw out the first ball to start the home season of the Salisbury Cardinals in their Eastern Shore League game against the Easton Yankees Friday.

The veteran is Richard Lee Malone, son of Mrs. Leroy Wingate. Malone will take the ball from Mayor I. Virgil Hitchens and hurl it to Mayor-Elect E. R. White, jr.

Malone was a leading Wicomico High School athlete when he was graduated in 1941. He will throw the ball with his left hand because of a battlefield injury which has impaired the use of his right arm.

He was a pharmacist's mate in the Navy and was left for dead by the enemy on Guam after a hand-to-hand encounter with them.

The Cardinals have moved their game up to 4 p. m., shifting it from a previously scheduled night contest because of the coal strike.

Other teams in the Shore League, which opens its schedule tomorrow, also are planning day games until the emergency has ended.

Los Angeles Dons Sign Two Now in Japan

Los Angeles, May 8 (U.P.).—Two servicemen still on duty in Japan were signed today to play with the Los Angeles Dons of the All-America professional football conference.

Signed on recommendation of Quarterback Angelo Bertelli who coached them in Tokyo's "Atom Bowl" game, were Bill Joslin, 205-pound fullback, and Gorham Getchel, 210-pound end.

Following their discharges in the United States, Joslin and Getchel will join the Dons.

Hatch, Canada's No. 1 Horse Owner, Dies in Toronto

Toronto, Ont., May 8 (U.P.).—Harry C. Hatch, wealthy 62-year-old sportsman and owner of Canada's most successful horse racing stable, died today at Toronto General Hospital.

Five-time winner of the King's Plate, Canada's No. 1 horse race, Hatch's stable swept three of the first four positions in the Dominion's mile and an eighth classic for 3-year-olds in 1944, a feat unprecedented in Canadian racing history.

Hatch's Arcara won the race, Ompalo finished second, and Sayonara, the third horse in the triple-entry, was fourth.

Hatch was president of the Hiram-Walker-Gooderham and Worts distillery firm, one of the largest distillers in the British Empire.

Padgett Hits Homer in 10th To Beat Reds

Cincinnati, May 8 (AP).—Pinch Hitter Don Padgett blasted a homer off Relief Pitcher Clayton Lambert with two mates on base in the tenth inning today to enable the Brooklyn Dodgers to overcome the Cincinnati Reds, 8-5.

The Dodgers set the stage for Padgett's payoff clout by rallying for four runs in the ninth frame to tie the score at 5 all.

Billy Herman, veteran Brooklyn infielder, belted in the tying runs with a base-clearing two-bagger off Lambert, who had relieved Starter Clyde Shoun in the ninth with one run in and the bases jammed.

Brooklyn	AB	H	O	A	Cincinnati	AB	H	O	A
Stanky,2b	2	1	3	2	Frey,2b	6	3	6	6
*Lavagetto	0	0	0	0	McC'ick,cf	4	1	4	0
Lombardi,p	1	1	0	0	Hatton,3b	3	1	2	2
Herman,3b	6	3	3	2	Libke,rf	3	1	1	0
Reiser,cf	5	0	3	0	‖Lakeman	1	0	0	0
Walker,rf	5	0	2	0	Usher,rf	0	0	0	0
Galan,1b-lf	3	1	9	1	Lamanno,c	5	0	2	0
Reese,ss	4	2	4	4	Haas,1b	4	2	10	0
Furillo,lf	4	1	2	0	West,lf	3	1	1	0
†Padgett	1	1	0	0	Clay,lf	1	0	1	0
Stevens,1b	0	0	0	0	Miller,ss	5	1	3	4
Anderson,c	5	4	3	1	Shoun,p	2	0	0	1
Higbe,p	1	0	0	0	Lambert,p	0	0	0	0
Herring,p	0	0	0	1	Hetki,p	0	0	0	0
‡Naylor	1	0	0	0	¶Moss	1	0	0	0
Behrman,p	0	0	1	0					
§Ramazotti	1	0	0	0	Totals	38	10	30	13
Webber,p	0	0	0	0					
Rojek,2b	2	2	0	0					
Totals	41	16	30	11					

*Ran for Stanky in 9th.
†Batted for Furillo in 10th.
‡Batted for Herring in 5th.
§Batted for Behrman in 7th.
‖Batted for Libke in 9th.
¶Batted for Hetki in 10th.

Cincinnati	013 010 000 0—5
Brooklyn	000 000 104 3—8

Runs—Lavagetto, Galan (2), Reese (2), Furillo, Padgett, Rojek, Frey, McCormick (2), Hatton, Haas. Errors—Reiser, Galan. Runs batted in—Rojek, Herman (3), Padgett (3), Hatton, Libke, Lamanno. Two-base hits—Anderson, Herman, Haas. Three-base hit—Frey. Home run—Padgett. Sacrifices—McCormick, Shoun. Double plays—Herman to Stanky to Galan, Herring to Reese to Galan, Galan to Reese, Miller to Frey to Haas, Hatton to Frey to Haas (2), Haas (unassisted), Frey to Haas. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 9; Cincinnati, 11. Base on balls—Higbe, 1; Behrman, 3; Lombardi, 1; Shoun, 5; Lambert, 1. Strikeouts—Higbe, 1; Herring, 1; Webber, 1; Shoun, 1. Hits—Higbe, 6 in 2; Lombardi, 0 in 2; Herring, 1 in 2; Behrman, 2 in 2; Webber, 1 in 2; Shoun, 10 in 8 2-3; Lambert, 5 in 2-3; Hetki, 1 in 2-3. Hit by pitched ball—By Webber (Shoun). Winning pitcher—Lombardi. Losing pitcher—Lambert. Umpires—Boggess, Barr and Conlan. Time—2:54. Attendance—4781.

Feller Notches 3d Victory as Tribe Wins, 5-2

Philadelphia, May 8 (AP).—Coasting along behind a five-run lead acquired in the third inning, Bob Feller pitched the Cleveland Indians to a 5-to-2 victory over the Philadelphia Athletics today before a chilled crowd of 6,386.

Eight days after his no-hit, no-run performance against the New York Yankees, the Cleveland star limited the hapless A's to six hits and fanned 11 while handing the Mackmen their fourth straight loss. The win was Feller's third of the season against as many defeats.

Going into the last half of the ninth Feller had a three-hitter, but had to take a fresh grip on himself to fan Pinch Hitter George Armstrong and end the game after singles by George McQuinn, Pete Suder and George Kell put the Mackmen in a threatening position.

The Indians sent 10 men to the plate in the big third, when they scored all their runs on a single by Sherman Lollar, doubles by Ray Mack, George Case and Bob Lemon, plus singles by Mickey Rocco, and Lou Boudreau. Luther Knerr, the Athletics' starter, was charged with all the runs and the defeat.

Cleveland	AB	H	O	A	Philadelphia	AB	H	O	A
Case,lf	4	1	1	0	Derry,lf	3	0	4	0
Lemon,cf	4	1	3	0	Peck,rf	4	1	0	0
Rocco,1b	4	1	7	1	Wallaesa,ss	1	0	3	1
Edwards,rf	2	1	2	0	*Konopka	1	0	0	0
B'dreau,ss	4	1	0	2	Caulfield,ss	2	1	2	2
Keltner,3b	2	0	0	3	Stainback,cf	3	1	3	0
Ross,3b	2	0	2	0	McQuinn,1b	4	1	7	0
Lollar,c	4	1	11	1	Rosar,c	2	0	4	1
Mack,2b	4	1	0	3	†Handley	0	0	0	0
Feller,p	4	0	1	0	Desautels,c	0	0	0	0
					§Suder	1	1	0	0
Totals	34	7	27	7	Hall,2b	4	0	2	2
					Kell,3b	4	1	2	2
					Knerr,p	2	0	0	0
					Savage,p	2	0	0	0
					‡Valo	1	0	0	0
					Brown,p	0	0	0	0
					¶Armstrong	1	0	0	0
					Totals	33	6	27	8

*Batted for Wallaesa in 4th.
†Ran for Rosar in 7th.
‡Batted for Savage in 7th.
§Batted for Desutels in 9th.
¶Batted for Brown in 9th.

Cleveland	005 000 000—5
Philadelphia	000 001 001—2

Runs—Case, Lemon, Rocco, Lollar, Mack, McQuinn, Caulfield. Errors—Peck, Wallaesa (2), Caulfield. Runs batted in—Feller, Case, Lemon, Rocco, Keltner, Stainback, Kell. Two-base hits—Lollar, Case, Lemon, Peck, Edwards, Caulfield. Stolen bases—Case, Rocco, Handley. Sacrifice—Lemon. Left on bases—Cleveland, 9; Philadelphia, 7. Base on balls—Savage, 4; Feller, 3; Brown, 2. Strikeouts—Knerr, 2; Feller, 11; Savage, 2. Hits—Knerr, 5 in 2 1-3; Savage, 2 in 4 2-3; Brown, 0 in 2. Losing pitcher—Knerr. Umpires—Berry, Hubbard and Weafer. Time—2:06. Attendance—6386.

Yanks Release Dubiel

New York, May 8 (AP).—The New York Yankees today released right-handed pitcher Walter Dubiel to the club's Newark farm in the International League. Dubiel won 10 games while losing nine for the New Yorkers last year, six of his victories being over the Boston Red Sox. He has not appeared in a game this year.

Gettysburg Gets Coach

Gettysburg, Pa., May 8 (AP).—Appointment of Clyde H. Cole, former Penn State grid and wrestling star, as football line coach at Gettysburg College was announced today by Gettysburg President Henry W. A. Hanson.

Standings in the Majors

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	GB
Boston	19	3	.864	....
New York	15	6	.714	3½
Detroit	11	10	.524	7½
WASHINGTON	8	10	.444	9
Chicago	7	10	.412	9½
St. Louis	8	12	.400	10
Cleveland	6	12	.333	11
Philadelphia	5	16	.238	13½

Yesterday's Results
Detroit, 1; WASHINGTON, 0.
Boston, 14; Chicago, 10.
New York, 5; St. Louis, 1.
Cleveland, 5; Philadelphia, 2.

Today's Games
Detroit at WASHINGTON, 3 p. m.
Overmire (0-1) vs. Hudson (0-2).
St. Louis at New York
Potter (2-2) vs. Gettel (3-1).
Chicago at Boston
Lopat (2-1) vs. Bagby (1-1).
Cleveland at Philadelphia
Reynolds (1-3) vs. Newsom (3-1).

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.	GB
*St. Louis	11	6	.647	....
Brooklyn	11	6	.647	....
Chicago	10	9	.526	2
Boston	8	8	.500	2½
Pittsburgh	9	10	.474	3
New York	9	10	.474	3
Cincinnati	8	10	.444	3½
*Philadelphia	5	12	.294	6

*Does not include night game.

Yesterday's Results
Brooklyn, 8; Cincinnati, 5.
New York, 1; Pittsburgh, 0.
Chicago, 10; Boston, 5.
Philadelphia at St. Louis, night.

Today's Games
Brooklyn at Cincinnati
Branca (0-0) or Roy (0-0) vs Andrews (1-2).
New York at Pittsburg
Voiselle (1-3) vs. Strincevich (0-2).
Boston at Chicago
Wallace (0-0) vs. Schmitz (2-1).

Cubs Wallop Braves, 10 to 5, Behind Wyse

Chicago, May 8 (AP).—The Chicago Cubs moved into third spot in the National League race today as Hank Wyse tamed the Boston Braves, 10-5, for his first pitching triumph of the season before 9471 fans.

The Braves used four pitchers in a fruitless effort to halt the rampaging Bruins, who chased starter Al Javery, making his 1946 debut, with a six-run splurge in the third inning.

Wyse, a 22-game winner last year, had dropped his only previous start. The sturdy Cub righthander held the Braves hitless for four innings, but then was rocked for nine hits, including Carvell Rowell's first homer of the season in the seventh and a two-run triple by Rowell in the eighth.

The Cubs batted around in their big third in which Eddie Waitkus and Mickey Livingston each punched two-run doubles. Waitkus, Cavarretta and Lou Stringer, replacing the injured Don Johnson at second base, each collected three blows. A triple by Stringer in the fourth was wasted.

Elmer Singleton, Earl Reid and Ed Wright followed Javery to the mound. The Cubs put the game on ice in the seventh against Reid with three markers on three hits and an error.

Until Rowell singled to start the fifth for the first of his three hits, Wyse had allowed only one Brave to reach first, on a walk to Connie Ryan opening the game.

Boston	AB	H	O	A	Chicago	AB	H	O	A
Ryan,2b	2	0	2	1	Lowrey,3b	3	1	1	0
Reid,p	0	0	0	0	Stringer,2b	4	3	3	5
*G'water	1	0	0	0	Waitkus,1b	5	3	17	0
Wright,p	0	0	0	0	C'arretta,lf	3	3	0	0
†Hofferth	1	0	0	0	D'sandro,lf	0	0	0	0
Hopp,1b	4	1	9	0	Pafko,cf	4	1	2	0
Holmes,cf	4	1	0	0	Nicholson,rf	5	1	1	0
Workman,rf	4	1	1	0	L'ingston,c	4	1	2	0
Rowell,lf	4	3	1	0	Jurges,ss	4	0	1	5
Masi,c	3	0	3	0	Wyse,p	5	1	0	4
Poland,c	1	0	3	0					
F'nandes,ss	4	1	1	1	Totals	37	14	27	14
Roberge,3b	4	1	1	3					
Javery,p	1	0	0	0					
Singleton,p	0	0	0	1					
W'mann,2b	3	1	0	0					
Totals	36	9	24	6					

*Batted for Reid in 8th.
†Batted for Wright in 9th.

Boston	000 001 130—5
Chicago	006 010 30x—10

Runs—Hopp, Holmes, Workman, Rowell, Wietelmann, Lowrey (2), Stringer (2), Waitkus (2), Cavarretta (2), Nicholson, Jurges. Errors—Javery, Rowell, Hopp (2), Wyse. Runs batted in—Hopp, Rowell (3), Holmes, Stringer (2), Waitkus (2), Cavarretta (3), Livingston (2), Wyse. Two base hits—Waitkus, Livingston, Pafko, Cavarretta. Three-base hits—Stringer, Hopp. Home run—Rowell. Stolen base—Lowrey. Double plays—Roberge to Ryan to Hopp, Roberge to Ryan, Jurges to Stringer to Waitkus. Left on bases—Boston, 5; Chicago, 11. Base on balls—Javery, 3; Singleton, 2; Reid, 3; Wyse, 1. Strikeouts—Singleton, 2; Reid, 2; Wyse, 2; Wright, 1. Hits—Javery, 5 in 2 1-3; Singleton, 3 in 2 2-3; Reid, 4 in 2; Wright, 0 in 1. Wild pitch—Wright. Losing pitcher—Javery. Umpires—Goetz, Jorda and Reardon. Time—1:47. Attendance—9741.

Koslo Blanks Pirates, 1 to 0, In Mound Duel

Pittsburgh, May 8 (AP).—In a battle between southpaws, New York's Dave Koslo bested Pittsburgh's Fritz Ostermueller today to give the Giants a 1-0 victory over the Pirate in the opener of a two-game series. The victory, the first for the Giants via the shutout route, snapped a four-game Pittsburgh winning streak.

After seven scoreless innings, during which time Ostermueller held the Giants to four hits and Koslo limited the Pirates to six, the New Yorkers broke the ice in the eighth, when Buddy Blattner poled a triple to deep centerfield and scored on Buddy Kerr's outfield fly.

Goody Rosen, Giant centerfielder, injured his left shoulder making a diving catch of Frank Gustine's liner in the fifth inning and had to be replaced by Vince DiMaggio.

New York	AB	H	O	A	Pittsburgh	AB	H	O	A
Rigney,3b	3	0	3	3	Handley,3b	4	1	1	3
Rosen,cf	2	1	2	0	Gustine,2b	4	1	6	2
DiMaggio,cf	2	0	3	0	V.Robays,lf	4	0	2	0
Gordon,lf	4	1	1	0	Elliott,rf	4	1	1	0
Mize,1b	4	1	9	1	Fletcher,1b	2	1	9	0
Graham,rf	3	1	2	0	*Russell	0	0	0	0
Lombardi,c	2	0	5	1	Kiner,cf	4	0	4	0
Blattner,2b	3	1	1	2	Baker,c	4	1	3	1
Kerr,ss	3	0	1	6	Zak,ss	3	2	1	2
Koslo,p	3	0	0	1	†Camelli	1	0	0	0
					O'mueller,p	2	1	0	2
Totals	29	5	27	14	Totals	32	8	27	10

*Ran for Fletcher in 9th.
†Batted for Zak in 9th.

New York	000 000 010—1
Pittsburgh	000 000 000—0

Run—Blattner. Runs batted in—Kerr. Two-base hits—Gustine. Three-base hit—Blattner. Sacrifices—Ostermueller. Double plays—Handley to Gustine to Fletcher (2). Left on bases—New York, 3; Pittsburgh, 8. Base on balls—Koslo, 2; Ostermueller, 1. Strikeouts—Koslo, 3; Ostermueller, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Ostermueller (Rigney). Umpires—Henline, Magerkurth, Stewart and Dunn. Time—2:10. Attendance—4267.

Pesky Scores 6 Runs in 14-10 Game

Boston, May 8 (AP).—The American League leading Red Sox set a new club record of 13 consecutive victories today by outscoring the Chicago White Sox, 14-10, in a free hitting contest which also saw Johnny Pesky, star Boston shortstop, set a new league record of six runs scored in a single contest.

Pesky erased a mark Lou Gehrig set in 1936 and equalled the National League record set by Mel Ott in 1934.

The all time high is seven runs in a single game tallied by Guy Hecker of Louisville in the American Association in 1886.

The Red Sox got off to a running start of nine runs—which they needed—in the first three innings.

Each club bashed out 17 hits, the Chicagoans getting their safeties off Mickey Harris, whose fifth victory of the season was saved for him by Dave (boo) Ferriss.

Hurls Last Putout

Ferriss pitched to the game's last batter, Taffy Wright, pinch-hitting for Whitey Platt, and forced him to ground out.

Four Chicago pitchers were victims of the Boston attack highlighted by a five-run third inning.

In that frame, 11 men went to the plate. Six of them hit and two walked to account for the five markers.

Two unearned runs were tallied by the Bostonians in the first inning. The Croninmen made two more in the second on doubles by Leon Culberson and Pesky—who also moved into the league batting lead—and a Ted Williams single.

The White Sox had come to life in their half of the third. Murrel Jones, who shot down seven Jap planes while piloting a Hellcat fighter, opened that frame with a double.

Two walks and a fielder's choice scored Jones and an infield out and a single fashioned two more.

Two Runs in Fifth

The league leaders gathered two more runs in the fifth on a walk, two singles and a fly out. They scored their twelfth run in the seventh on a single, a walk, sacrifice and a fielder's choice, and their last two in the eighth on a single, a walk, a wild pitch by Earl Caldwell, fourth Chisox flinger, and another single.

Successive singles and a fly out gave Chicago a single marker in the fifth and they scored three runs in both the seventh and ninth innings.

Errors by Culberson and Pesky, and three singles, by Ralph Hodgin, Dario Lodigiani and Ed Fernandes accounted for the Chisox seventh inning runs.

Hodgin opened the ninth with another single. Lodigiani also singled as did Bob Kennedy batting for Caldwell. Hodgin scored on an infield out. A one-baser by Don Kolloway drove home the other two.

Of the 34 hits bashed by both teams, 31 were singles.

Chicago	AB	H	O	A	Boston	AB	H	O	A
Moses,rf	5	2	1	0	M'kovich,rf	4	1	2	0
K'loway,2b	6	2	3	1	Pesky,ss	5	4	0	2
Platt,cf	5	1	2	0	Williams,lf	4	2	2	0
§Wright	1	0	0	0	Doerr,2b	4	2	6	5
Appling,ss	5	2	4	2	York,1b	3	2	8	1
Jones,1b	5	2	6	1	DiMaggio,cf	5	2	5	0
Hodgin,lf	4	2	1	1	Wagner,c	4	1	3	0
L'giani,3b	4	2	0	3	C'berson,3b	5	2	0	4
Tresh,c	3	0	3	0	Harris,p	5	1	1	1
F'nandes,c	2	1	2	1	Ferriss,p	0	0	0	0
Haynes,p	1	1	1	0					
Grove,p	0	0	0	0	Totals	39	17	27	13
*Curtright	1	0	0	0					
Papish,p	1	1	0	0					
†Wells	1	0	0	0					
Caldwell,p	0	0	1	1					
‡Kennedy	1	1	0	0					
Totals	45	17	24	10					

*Batted for Grove in 4th.
†Batted for Papish in 7th.
‡Batted for Caldwell in 9th.
§Batted for Platt in 9th.

Chicago	000 310 303—10
Boston	225 020 12x—14

Runs—Platt, Appling, Jones (2), Hodgin (3), Lodigiani, Tresh, Metkovich (2), Pesky (6), Doerr, DiMaggio, Wagner, Culberson (2), Harris. Errors—Jones, Kolloway, DiMaggio, Pesky, York, Culberson. Runs batted in—Kolloway (2), Tresh, Curtright, Moses (2), Hodgin, Fernandes, Lodigiani, Jones York (2) DiMaggio (2), Pesky (2), Williams (2), Culberson, Harris, Metkovich, Doerr (3). Two-base hit—Jones, Pesky, Culberson. Sacrifice—Doerr. Double plays—Culberson to Doerr to York (2). Left on bases—Chicago, 11; Boston, 11. Base on balls—Haynes, 1; Grove, 2; Papish, 2; Caldwell, 4; Harris, 3. Strikeouts—Papish, 3; Caldwell, 1; Harris, 3. Hits—Haynes, 9 in 2 2-3; Grove, 2 in 1-3; Papish, 3 in 3; Caldwell, 3 in 2; Harris, 17 in 8 2-3; Ferris, 0 in 1-3. Wild pitch—Caldwell. Winning pitcher—Harris. Losing pitcher—Haynes. Umpires—Jones, Rommel and Boyer. Time—2:37. Attendance—11,390.

Spring Horse Show At V. M. I. Carded This Weekend

Lexington, Va., May 8 (AP).—Outstanding hunting horses from many points in Virginia will be exhibited at the Virginia Military Institute spring horse show and hunter trials here Saturday and Sunday.

The horse show will take place Saturday at the VMI Riding Hall, and the hunter trials will be held Sunday over the course on White's Farm, the institute cavalry and artillery drill area near Lexington.

There is a possibility that Maj. Gen. Richard J. Marshall, new superintendent of VMI, may be among the spectators. It was reported General Marshall is returning this week from Japan, where he has been winding up his duties as chief of staff to Gen. Douglas MacArthur before assuming his post as head of the school.

Judges for the two-day show will include Col. Marion Voorhees, commanding officer of the United States Army Quartermaster Remount Depot at Front Royal; William H. Emory of Warrenton and Turner Wiltshire of Middleburg.

Blacksmiths Want Cut on Race Winners

New York, May 8 (AP).—Blacksmiths, who did not report for work at Belmont Park yesterday, indefinitely postponed their scheduled meeting with a six-man horsemen's committee today. The smithies are asking $25 every time a horse shoed by one of their members wins a race.

Ashley T. Cole, chairman of the New York Racing Commission, said the meeting was delayed to permit informal conversations to continue.

Rouge Dragon Wins 'Chase

Delhi Dan 2d In Feature At Pimlico

By Walter Haight
Post Reporter

Pimlico, May 8.—Rouge Dragon, owned by M. A. Cushman, northern Virginia sportsman, was a two-length winner in the $10,000 added Jervis Spencer Steeplechase Handicap before a crowd of 20,000 here today. The son of the jumping star, Annapolis, finished ahead of Brookmeade Stable's Delhi Dan. A lenth farther back came Rigan McKinney's Navigate to be third in the test for two miles first run in 1907.

Rouge Dragon, winner of the event in 1944, was the favorite today and paid $4, while going the route in 3.51 1/5. First money of $8900 put the 8-year-old over the $100,000 mark in earnings. Willie Leonard was the rider and he brought home his third winner in the handicap, being aboard Boojum II last year and Good Chance in 1943.

Rated Mount

Leonard rode a heady race. He rated Rouge Dragon while Bill Coffman, Floating Isle and Soldiers Song got to the front in that order. Floating Isle approaching the 14th fence, he put the 8-year-old to a drive and went to the front. Delhi Dan and Navigate rallied but never seriously threatened.

With the exception of bad landings by Soldier Song and Bill Coffman, the race was without mishap.

Apprentice Don Padgett had another field day. He rode the first three winners on the card. He won the first race with Watt Elliott's Dorothy Pomp, a $5.40 favorite. It was the last race for the 10-year-old mare who now goes to the breeding farm. Padgett came back to take the second with E. C. Eastwood's Crazy Whirl, a $7.40 shot. The all-Padgett daily double paid $16.70.

Padgett, the Waltersboro (S. C.) kid won his third straight in a blanket finish, taking the decision by a head margin in a dash of six furlongs while aboard Mrs. Elmer Trueman's Black Tea. Padgett, who generally goes to the outside, sent Black Tea through on the rail. The winner paid $19.70.

PIMLICO SELECTIONS
1—Bass Fiddle, Chalpre, Rough Amos.
2—Sixteen Cents, Madlyn K., Inducted.
3—No selections.
4—Bullow, Big Affair, Rifle.
5—Shaffie, Jet Pilot, Oberod.
6—FLANGE, Sarawak, March Chick.
7—Foreigner, Fabrin, Pigeon Hill.
8—Boot and Spur, Our Boy, Smoke Winters.

Hoya Homeer Tops C. U., 6-4

A home run with one on in the ninth inning yesterday by Pete Baker gave Georgetown University's Hoyas a 6-4 victory over Catholic at Brookland.

It was the third triumph in six starts for the Hilltoppers, who went into the final inning trailing by one run. The loss was the fourth in a row for the Cardinals in four starts.

Bobby Gorra and Johnny Kleric, Georgetown's best moundsmen, turned the trick. Gorra hurled eight innings, and was touched for two runs in each of the fifth and eighth. Georgetown scored runs in the first two innings, added another in the eighth, and clinched it in the ninth.

After Bill Dzugan singled to open the ninth Gorra was safe on a fielder's choice which forced Dzugan out at second. Art Bartolozzi was sent in to run for Gorra. Charley Miller doubled and Jack Burke flied to left to score Bartolozzi. Baker then blasted his homer.

Catholic	000 020 020—4	8	4
Georgetown	110 000 013—6	7	2

Gorra, Kleric and Bregman; Ranson and Dyer.

Rifle Captains Named

Madison, Wis., May 8 (AP).—William Chipman, Chevy Chase, Md., was named captain of the University of Wisconsin men's varsity rifle team today. Mary Emig, Detroit, was chosen captain of the women's rifle marksmen.

CHURCHILL SELECTIONS
1—Marcella K., Neugnon, Ariel Image.
2—That-a-Lady, Brave Bid, Charge.
3—Centre Ring, Dinner Guest, Karakorum.
4—Etcetera, Bayonet, Loida.
5—Empty Plate, Rotate, Timocracy.
6—Gay Rover, Watch Andy, Nickey W.
7—APPOINTEE, Nancy's Baby, Border Voluble.
8—Paducah, Wise Paisano, Bit Gay.

BELMONT SELECTIONS
1—Around Town, Anecdote, Aigrette.
2—ISATIN, Buzz Bomb, Dock Call.
3—No selections.
4—Carib Song, Paciencia, Lolling.
5—Greek Warrior, Lehavre, Scholarship.
6—Surosa, Elpis, Mahmoudess.
7—Meltonian, Outothebiue, Menever.
8—Histrionic, Jack Dove, Raw Recruit.

Post Consensus

AT PIMLICO
1—Chalpre, Hello Bill, Rocket Plane.
2—Traction, Sixteen Cents, Goldie's Honey.
3—Creamery, Northern Light, Phalanger.
4—McIntosh-Bryson Entry, Sandals Fleet, Big Affair.
5—SHAFFIE, Jet Pilot, Oberod.
6—Flange, Sarawak, Sandy Trail.
7—Dot o Dash, Foreigner, Pigeon Hill.
8—Some Where, Flag Anchor, Robert E. Lee.

AT BELMONT PARK
1—No selections.
2—Buzz Bomb, Isatin, School Tie.
3—Kline-Dixon Entry, Quonset, Weir Entry.
4—No selections.
5—Greek Warrior, Eternity, Scholarship.
6—SUROSA, Santas Vixen, Mahmoudess.
7—Outothebiue, Jarvis Bay, Forfar.
8—Histrionic, Dagger, Dina Flag.

AT NARRAGANSETT
1—Halcyon Boy, Eleventh Hour, Juanita M.
2—War Spy, Weapons Price, Third Rail.
3—Noble Cyclops, Hemlock, Happy Smiles.
4—Willowmark, Town House, Watch Word.
5—Kathy, Charter Member, Voucher.
6—Golden Thorn, Attendant, Misflying.
7—BURGOO MAID, JO Agnes, Magdala.
8—Her Reply, Haggerty, Ho Hum.

Narragansett

By the Associated Press

1—1 1/16; $2400; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Ledgemere 114 — Yaf 107
Eleventh Hour 113 — Restrict 114
Multi Guest 113 — Juanita M. 109
Texas Brier 112 — Affair 113
Mahlette 108 — Clarie Whiss 108
Halcyon Boy 113 — Main Acre 114
Snazy 112 — Ole Whiz 114
Pharlox 113 — Well Maid 103

2—3/4; $2300; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Alcinoon 114 — War Spy 109
Play Greenmail 114 — Cold's Best 112
Stormy Hill 112 — Weapon's Pride 104
Gunnery 114 — Lady Deck 109
Third Rail 114 — Oat Coat 114
Siganar 114 — Bolee 114
Phaon 114 — Vista 102
Jack Rubens 109 — Goodal 113

3—3/4; $2400; maiden 3-year-olds.
†Hemlock 118 — Happy Smiles 118
†Port Orford 118 — My Teacher 118
Sun Beau Go 113 — Noble Cyclops 118
Steeple 118 — Fox Man 118
Halcyon Air 118
†C. T. Chenery entry.

4—3/4; $2400; maiden 3-year-olds.
Townhouse 118 — Sister O. 113
Sivwel 118 — Linwood Tubby 113
Fleet Brother 118 — Willowmark 108
†Buck's Girl 113 — Watch Word 118
Sure Sleepy 108 — Blondan 113
Black Tempest 118 — Betty's Queen 113
Brown Appell 118 — †Kidnapped 113
Sun Clock 113 — Buck Sergeant 113
†A. Richer and J. Baglio entry.

5—3/4; $2300; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Dispose 107 — Valdina Minton 107
Chance Bord 110 — Charter Member 117
Voucher 117 — J. J. Lynch 113
Crazy Horse 112 — Fast Tempo 110
El Gema 120 — Soapsuds 113
Kathy 102 — Little Hoops 113
Bannerian 103 — Scarlet Fancy 100
Icy Stream 113 — Miss Kino 107

6—1 1/8; $3000; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
First Mate 113 — Conquer III 113
Well Repaid 111 — †Misflying 105
Golden Thorn 115 — †Y Gun 113
F. B. Eye 115 — Incoming 118
Attendant 118
†M. W. O'Connor and E. Denesult entry.

7—3/4; $3000; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Burgoo Maid 113 — Ask Aunt Ada 108
Ring Curtain 103 — Two Ten 108
Post War Style 108 — Bright Signal 108
Jo Agnes 113 — Mar d'Esprit 103
Nediana 108 — Magdala 108
Miss Balladier 111 — Jaylcee 106
Four Queens 106

8—1-70; $2500; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Tacaro Pilata 103 — Lassagrie 111
New Hall 118 — Speed Up 108
Ho Hum 106 — Bobtown 113
Flight Man 109 — Doodle Bug 111
Haggerty 118 — Annas 111
Defense Bond 111 — Her Reply 111
Grand Venture 113 — Guerrilla 113
Mattie Sue 101 — Chance Cross 111

NARRAGANSETT SELECTIONS
1—Affair, Halcyon Boy, Snazy.
2—Siganar, Third Rail, War Spy.
3—Hemlock, Steeple, Fox Man.
4—Kidnapped, Brown Appell, Sun Clock.
5—SOAPSUDS, J. J. Lynch, El Gema.
6—Incoming, Misflying, First Mate.
7—Jo Agnes, Ask Aunt Ada, Burgoo Maid.
8—Guerrilla, Bobtown, Doodle Bug.

1—3/4; $2400; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Zacaman, 117 (Frye) 5.80 3.80 2.80
Falsely, 110 (Buxton) 3.60 3.00
Blue Wise, 111 (Pollard) 4.80
Maximont, Over Ice, Valdina Greedy, Dark Morning, Bill's Anne also ran. Time, 1.16⅕.

2—3/4; $2400; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Ce Hatter, 106 (Franklin) 7.40 3.40 2.80
Sir Kid, 113 (Nash) 3.00 2.60
Hiccup, 108 (Leblanc) 4.20
Model Lady, Nonyaw, Make Fast, Hoodoo Lady, Outside Pair also ran. Time, 1.15.

DAILY DOUBLE PAID $39.60.

3—3/4; $2,500; 3-year-old; allowances.
Red Flare, 107 (Martin) 6.40 3.80 3.00
Mullingar, 114 (Chaffin) 5.60 3.80
My Julie, 104 (Licausi) 3.80
Bet Me, Evelyn W., Playing Pomp, Pied Piper, Saipan, Cold Blast, Angry Cohort, Port Said, Navy Flyer also ran. Time, 1.14⅗.

4—3/4; $3000; 4-year-old up; claiming.
War Page, 115 (Canning) 5.60 3.40 2.80
Blenweed, 111 (Maschek) 4.20 3.00
Respire, 115 (Rogers) 3.40
Black Brat, Dauntless Gal, Lady's Orphan, Lost Gold, Granlag, Zacabrand, Ever On also ran. Time, 1.13⅗.

5—3/4; $3000; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Taecess, 105 (Keene) 10.20 4.80 3.00
Lusty Tidbit, 107 (Turnbull) 4.20 2.80
Little Bengy, 115 (Licausi) 2.60
Tree Fly, Sandlapper, Tim B., Sis Rosie also ran. Time, 1.13⅘.

6—1 1/8; $3500; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Scotch Abbot, 115 (Turnbull) 6.20 2.80 2.20
F. B. Eye, 112 (Rogers) 2.60 2.20
Mixer, 112 (Strange) 2.20
Desert Battle, Great Beyond.

7—1 1/16; $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
King's Feast, 111 (Frye) 56.00 29.80 14.80
Western Prince, 110 (Rogers) 30.80 12.40
Gray Syrge, 115 (Canning) 3.80
I Conquer, Executive, Big Raid, Darby Duncan, Bus V. Z., Teddy's Tea, Saving, Wise Timmie.

8—1 1/8; $2400; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Cee Raf, 113 (McGowan) 11.40 7.60 5.00
Bob Hi, 110 (Andino) 36.60 18.40
Scotch Bread, 105 (Keene) 10.20
Sarsfield, Bristol Boy, Skippy's Lad, †Gordon Pot, Lady's Count, New Chum, Splinter, †Peacemaker, Incentor.
†The Frances Stable and M. Level entry.

Churchill Downs

By the Associated Press

1—3/4; $1800; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Latch On 115 — Inverwick 113
Ariel Image 113 — Westy Streak 113
Marbacka 105 — Marcella K. 108
Lady Allen 108 — Neugnon 110

2—3/4; $1800; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Charge 114 — James Mc. 113
Brave Bid 113 — Anaesthesia 106
Chief Bud 113 — Ridgegate 108
Sea Tack 113 — That-a-Lady 106

3—3/4; $2000; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Sable Star 111 — Princess Kim 106
Eternal Reward 116 — Dinner Guest 111
Castle Heights 116 — King Gall 116
Karakorum 116 — Indian Ruler 111
Centre Ring 111

4—3/4; $2000; 3-year-olds; claiming.
Beautician 106 — Miss Walker 108
Bayonet 108 — County Belle 103
Caesight 108 — Be Busy 108
Etcetera 111 — Loida 106

5—3/4; $2000; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Empty Plate 113 — Beave-He 111
Timocracy 109 — Campanula 108
Rotate 108 — Princess Rena 106
Away 113 — Ship Jr. 109
Hopcat 101 — Bessie Vance 106
Edie Jane 111

6—3/4; $2000; 2-year-olds; allowances.
Gay Rover 111 — Watch Andy 116
Carassanara 111 — Bright Steel 116
Nickey W. 116 — Easy Trade 116
Wild Advice 116 — Ellencita 106
Thunder Roof 116 — High Proof 111

7—1 1/16; $2000; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Yank Member 112 — Nancy's Baby 105
Appointee 112 — Little Monarch 112
Border Voluble 112

8—1 1/16; $2200; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Bit Gay 105 — Door Yock 108
Wise Paisano 106 — Dark Heather 111
Diavolo Man 113 — Paducah 120

1—3/4; $1800; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Step Morning, 116 (Hartwick) 5.60 4.20 3.00
Vermin Miss, 105 (Dankaner) 3.40 2.80
Spike J., 110 (Adams) 5.60
Bleaner B., Tip Your Hat, Ruff N' Tuff, Bid a Sweep, Maymate, Hedge Hopper, McCosh, Gay and Light, Icanoo.

2—3/4; $1800; 3-year-olds; claiming.
Old Bet, 103 (D.Scurlock) 5.20 3.10 2.60
Charles Bryce, 113 (Brooks) 4.80 3.60
Sweet Geeds, 103 (Adams) 3.80
Janet J., Begone, Monann, Dental Chair.

3—3/4; $2200; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Bessaround, 103 (Truchka) 3.00 2.60 2.20
May Fly, 105 (Brooks) 4.00 2.80
Spirsilla, 100 (Wallace) 2.40
Fly Off, Tiger Tillie.

4—3/4; $1800; maidens 2-year-olds; allow.
Freedomay, 118 (Wagner) 4.40 2.80 2.40
Jay, 118 (Anderson) 4.00 2.80
Annual Report, 118 (Bodiou) 3.80
Campagnas Gal, Teresa's Bud, Tecuma, Boiye, Diavolo Chief, Tranquil Tide, Mayor Leo.

5—6½ fur.; $1800; maidens 3-4 year olds.
Mazanaquita, 110 (Brooks) 22.40 6.00 4.40
Luxembourger, 110 (Wagner) 2.80 2.60
Castle Rose, 110 (Roberts) 3.60
Scholarity, †Tasman, Admiral Pal, Suede, Fair Dreamer, †Lit, Happy Finn, Obelisk, Geneva Lad.
†Mary D. Snyder entry.

6—3/4; $2500; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Annie's Reply, 113 (O.Scurlock) 24.00 9.00 7.00
Chapel Bells, 111 (Brooks) 3.60 3.00
Merry March, 113 (Pruitt) 14.00
Captain Joe, Dockie, Silvery Moon, Gay Town, Son Forever.

7—1 1/16; $2500; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Rex, 118 (Wahler) 28.40 11.00 4.00
Galageon, 113 (Layton) 4.00 2.60
Thor, 116 (Wallace) 2.80
Allmont, What Night, Wire Quest, Jacalites.

8—1 1/16; $2000; 3-year-olds; claiming.
Whats Yours, 112 (Campbell) 10.00 5.20 4.20
Motivate, 119 (Hartwick) 5.00 2.60
Petrose Girl, 111 (Young) 3.40
Beau Sweep, Easy Dough, Petsome.

Belmont Park

By the Associated Press

1—4½; $3500; 2-year-olds; claiming.
Uncle Cecil 111 — Aigrette 108
Suribachi 114 — Fort 108
Gunboats 101 — Naneen 111
Around Town 117 — Eternal Love 113
Anecdote 108

2—3/4; $4000; maiden 3-year-olds up.
Singing Light 116 — Dock Call 116
Potomac 116 — Beyond Reach 111
Buzz Bomb 116 — Arrow Courier 116
Bath's Bomb 116 — Hezekiah 116
Akron Gal 111 — Sea Wolf 116
Isatin 116 — Rooster 116
Viola Kap 111 — Guy Park 116
Oh Ma Ma 121 — School Tie 116
Crowflight 111 — Eastonian 116
Afreet 116 — Kilgobbin 116

3—Ab. 1½; $3500; maiden 3-year-olds up.
†Hyacinthus 150 — Link's Boy 137
†Intact 132 — Kittiwhisk 135
Last 142 — Esposita 137
‡Sole Parate 142 — Zadoc 145
†Teton 132 — Quonset 145
Crocus 135
†Mrs. E. D. Weir entry.
‡C. M. Kline and F. E. Dixon, Jr., entry.

4—4½; $4000; maiden 2-year-old fillies.
Dark Venus 115 — Dell Maid 115
†Imperil 115 — ‡Ann Mac 110
Lolling 115 — Arrogance 115
†Stage Mother 115 — Fair Cross 115
Mother 115 — Miss Atomic 110
Paciencia 108 — ‡Hasty Daisy 110
Noteworthy 115 — Carib Song 115
†Spring Fiesta 115
†Formerly Wee Blennie.
†W. P. Chrysler entry.
‡J. W. Bowley entry.

5—3/4; $5500; 4-year-olds up; class C.
Wildlife 119 — Le Havre 118
Darby Dunedin 112 — Scholarship 113
Eternity 119 — Alison Peters 111
Greek Warrior 119

6—Mile; $8000; 3-year-olds up; handicap.
Santa's Vixen 109 — Mahmoudess 117
Elpis 119 — Surosa 122
Turnpilate 115

7—Mile; $4500; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Hibernian 114 — Pickpocket 114
Game O' Chance 114 — †Meltonian 120
Bam 114 — Forfar 109
Letmethru 114 — †Menever 114
Last Tower 109 — Casano 115
Complex 120 — Jackamine 115
Joeljoy 114 — Jarvis Bay 114
Outothebiue 114 — Gallavant 114
Lilly 104 — Four Oaks 114
†L. L. Haggin 2d and H. P. Headley entry.

8—1½; $3500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
†Masculine 117 — Jack Dove 114
Jimjoe 120 — Wishihadagal 114
Able Marine 114 — Hill Fox 106
Histrionic 120 — Dina Flag 112
†Raw Recruit 118 — Darby Daphne 103
Precious Years 113 — Dagger 119
†A. Jeanfreau and F. Forestiere entry.

1—7/8; $3500; 3-year-olds; claiming.
La Princesse, 108 (Jessop) 50.40 20.50 12.30
Ferry Command, 113 (Givens) 15.00 9.10
Canteen Lad, 113 (McCreary) 4.20
Hasty Blue, *Diablillo, Lepsel, King Pretty, Top Dollar, Pagranny, Marseilles, Judy's Girl, *Stage Star, *Sweet Tide, *Kay Scout.
*Field.

2—4½; $4000; 2-year-olds; maidens.
Marble Arch, 116 (Atkinson) 13.70 8.60 5.10
Gestapo, 116 (Arcaro) 13.70 7.20
Cornish Knight, 116 (Longden) 3.90
Aristos, *Cobblestone, Stepintheback, †Bull Head, †Sanchilla, *Knighthood, *Scotch Secret, Lennie Boy, Bastogne, Friendly Don, Gold Bull, *Jay Larking, *Homogenize, Liberty Road, *Stage Kid, Bandleader.
†E. Schwarzhaupt-Mrs. Lazare entry.
*Field.

3—Abt. 2 m.; $3500; 4-year-olds up.
Deanslaw, 142 (Magee) 4.90 3.50 2.90
Hidalgo, 135 (Kratz) 4.00 3.20
Virelay, 130 (Fife) 4.00
Bold Mate, Persepolis, Battle Cruiser.

4—3/4; $4000; 3-year-olds; allowances.
Spinaza, 109 (Miller) 44.10 14.60 8.50
New Idea, 114 (Hildebrandt) 4.50 3.20
Geisha, 114 (Deneso) 3.70
Darby d'Abbie, *Right Off, Rains Came, Waymark, She's Home, Sewed Up, *His Daughter, Run Lady, *Kapyito, Darby Devon, Linda.
*Field.

5—3/4; $4000; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Larky Day, 115 (Kirkland) 9.50 5.00 3.90
Danada Red, 118 (James) 3.80 3.00
*Gallant Bull, 115 (Hansman) 5.70
Play Pretty, Crack Time, *Card Game, Black Swan, Sea Fare, Pompion, His Jewel, Chance Nick, Stage Fire, Right Happy, *Sorlaky.
*Field.

6—3/4; $10,000 added; 3-year-olds; stake.
Master Bid, 126 (Jessop) 6.10 3.60 3.10
†Blunt Remark, 126 (James) 3.40 3.00
*†Hadrian, 126 (Longden) 3.00
*On the Half, 126 (Kirkland) 5.30
Manipur, Skylighter, Calvados, Phidias, Matruh.
†F. Frankel entry.
*Dead heat for third position.

7—1 m.; $4500; 4-year-olds up; allowances.
Strictie, 115 (Longden) 14.50 8.50 4.50
Mono Miller, 115 (McCreary) 6.00 3.70
Dorothy A., 114 (James) 2.70
Hairanette, Cross Bayou, Nuala, Lucky Aunt, Vitamin Dee, Naval Station.

8—1½; $3500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.
Lloyd's, 113 (Lindberg) 28.40 8.90 6.00
Army March, 108 (Atkinson) 3.90 3.20
Gun Deck, 106 (McCreary) 5.40
†Sun Fly, Bee Twentynine, Anticlimax, †Speedy Show, Chance Mate, Cheesestraw also ran.
†Mrs. F. Bieber entry.

Bill Bennings

AT PIMLICO
1—Chalpre, Hello Bill, Rough Amos.
2—Sixteen Cents, Frosty River, Cherie.
3—Creamery, Pharant, Harmonious.
4—Up Tick, Sandals Fleet, Bullow.
5—Jet Pilot, Shaffie, Oberod.
6—March Chick, Flange, Sandy Trail.
7—Pigeon Hill, Foreigner, Dot o Dash.
8—ROBERT E. LEE, Flying Junior, Some Where.

Official Pimlico Race Charts

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1946—BY WALTER HAIGHT.
WEATHER CLEAR. TRACK GOOD.

FIRST RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 3:16½. Winner, Watson Elliott's b. m. (10) Pompey—Dorothy Kendle. Value to winner, $1650. Time, 1:53.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
DOROTHY POMP	(Padgett)	115	7	8	4^2	4^2	2^1	2^1	$1^{1½}$	$1.70
TRAGEDIENNE	(Mora)	108	6	3	3½	2^1	1^1	1hd	2^3	7.25
LA CACICA	(Bauer)	108½	9	1	$2^{1½}$	3^1	$4^{1½}$	3^2	3^2	39.60
GOOD GRAVY	(Basile)	114	3	12	$9^{1½}$	$7^{1½}$	6^2	4^2	4^2	7.45
ON PRINT	(Bollinger)	109	11	7	7½	5^1	5^1	5^1	5½	129.20
MEND	(Cherry)	107½	4	2	1^1	$1^{1½}$	3hd	6½	6nk	1.60
FAST LIGHT	(Erickson)	114	10	6	8^1	8½	7^2	7^1	7½	29.70
FROSTY COAT	(Dunbar)	109	8	11	10^2	9^1	8^2	$8^{1½}$	8^2	97.85
RAYLIGHT	(Ferguson)	104	12	5	9½	6^1	9^2	9½	9^2	32.35
CAVALIERA	(V. Scocca)	109	5	9	11^1	11^2	10^2	10^2	10^3	111.05
INA BELLE	(Combest)	106½	1	4	6^2	10nk	11^4	11^3	11^3	114.95
STAR MAID	(Leggett)	114	3	10	12	12	12	12	12	122.95

DOROTHY POMP, $5.40, $3.60, $2.90; TRAGEDIENNE, $5.80, $4.60; LA CACICA, $14.90.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500; claiming. For 3-year-olds. Start good. Off at 2:46. Winner, E. C. Eastwood's ch. f. (3) Knickerbocker—Dance. Value to winner, $1650. Time, 1:16.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
CRAZY WHIRL	(Padgett)	107	6	7	$3^{1½}$	$2^{1½}$	$1^{1½}$	1^3	$2.70
WEE GRAY	(Cherry)	107	10	1	6½	4½	3½	$2^{1½}$	7.40
SIGHTSEER	(Howell)	117	11	6	7^4	7^2	2hd	3^2	†2.40
GEORGE WOODY	(Seagraves)	112	3	8	8^2	8^2	7^1	4½	‡14.65
PHARAQUEST	(Root)	112	2	4	5½	5^1	6½	5½	6.75
CATEYES	(Flynn)	112	9	5	4hd	3^2	5^2	6nk	‡
TINTARY	(V. Scocca)	107	5	3	1^1	1nk	$4^{1½}$	7^1	9.30
FOXLER	(Leggett)	114	8	11	10^2	10^2	8^2	8^2	42.15
MAGIC STEP	(Claggett)	117	1	9	9½	9^2	9^2	9^2	†
MABELEW	(Mora)	114	7	10	11	11	10	10hd	40.35
FERNLET	(Combest)	107	4	2	2^1	6½	11	11	9.25

†Mrs. D. Shea and C. F. Peters entry. ‡William McIntosh and E. K. Bryson entry.
CRAZY WHIRL, $7.40, $4.60, $3.10; WEE GRAY, $7.30, $3.70; SIGHTSEER (entry), $2.80.

Daily Double, DOROTHY POMP and CRAZY WHIRL, Paid $16.70

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $2500. For maiden 3-year-olds. Start good. Off at 3:17½. Winner, Mrs. E. Trueman's br. f. (3) Quatre Bras II—Toddle On. Value to winner, $1650. Time, 1:16⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BLACK TEA	(Padgett)	112	11	7	5nk	3^1	$3^{1½}$	1hd	$8.85
NEDDIECAN	(Jemas)	122	10	6	6^1	8^2	6^1	2nk	18.85
HOLIDAY GIRL	(Walters)	112	2	2	2^2	2^2	2^1	3^1	3.80
SLIEVEMISH	(Scawthorn)	117	1	4	8½	7nk	5^1	4½	16.30
BULL SESSION	(Snider)	122	8	11	11^4	9^1	8^1	5½	9.55
STALL WALKER	(Gilbert)	117	6	8	9^2	6hd	4hd	6^2	2.65
INSIDER	(Howell)	122	3	5	3^2	$4^{1½}$	7½	7^2	5.90
STANLEY	(Combest)	117	12	1	1^1	1^2	1½	8^2	21.20
PETER PALMER	(Hacker)	122	4	12	12	11^2	11^2	9½	48.30
SIR GERALD	(Gill)	117	7	10	10^2	10½	10½	10^2	165.55
BIG CREEK	(Basile)	122	9	9	$7^{1½}$	5hd	9^1	11^2	24.50
ITAWAMBA	(Root)	122	5	3	$4^{1½}$	12	12	12	12.85

BLACK TEA, $19.70, $8.90, $5.40; NEDDIECAN, $15.90, $7.80; HOLIDAY GIRL, $4.00.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3000; claiming. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 3:46½. Winner, J. H. Hammond's blk. g. (4) Halcyon—Agnes Ayres. Value to winner, $1850. Time, 1:14⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BUTLER	(C. Kirk)	119	9	8	7^2	4½	1½	$1^{1½}$	$45.60
FIRST PAL	(Bernhardt)	111	11	4	4½	5nk	2½	2^2	4.80
EVER MESSAGE	(Snellings)	121	7	7	6hd	6^2	4^2	3½	1.80
SAROS	(Padgett)	106	10	1	3^2	3^1	3½	4^2	6.70
BLUE FLIGHT	(Basile)	114	12	5	8½	7^2	7nk	5^1	7.15
PATTY KNOT	(Combest)	106	5	3	2^2	2½	5^1	6^2	7.10
ERATO	(Tammaro)	113	2	2	$1^{1½}$	$1^{1½}$	6^1	7^2	†10.75
TUMBLE BOY	(Cherry)	110	8	10	10^1	10^2	10^2	8^2	†
GAY BOO	(Fitzgerald)	119	6	11	12	12	11^2	9^1	80.05
BALU EMPRESS	(Franklin)	103	4	9	9½	8^1	8^1	10^2	37.50
CAB SIR	(Kelly)	119	1	9	8^2	9^2	9^2	11^2	18.05
FRENCH WARD	(Claggett)	107	3	12	11^2	11^2	12	12	261.60

†W. B. Casilear and Virginia D. Waple entry.
BUTLER, $93.20, $29.40, $13.20; FIRST PAL, $6.80, $4.40; EVER MESSAGE, $3.30.

FIFTH RACE—Two miles. Purse, $10,000 added; handicap; steeplechase. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 4:16. Winner, M. A. Cushman's ch. g. (8) Annapolis—Pimento II. Value to winner, $8900. Time, 3:51⅕.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	5	10	15	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ROUGE DRAGON	(Leonard)	153	2	1	4^2	3^2	3^2	1^2	1^2	$1.00
DELHI DAN	(Adams)	137	8	7	$5^{1½}$	6½	5½	2½	2^1	4.65
NAVIGATE	(Russell)	143	7	2	6nk	5½	4hd	3^2	3^2	11.50
SOLDIER'S SONG	(Miller)	142	1	3	3^2	1hd	1^1	4^2	4^2	6.20
AHMISK	(Bland, jr.)	146	5	8	8	8	7^2	7^2	5nk	†10.60
LIEUT. WELL	(Passmore)	135	6	6	7½	7^1	8	5½	6^2	25.15
FLOATING ISLE	(McDonald)	151	4	5	2^2	2^2	$2^{1½}$	6^2	7^2	9.25
BILL COFFMAN	(Fields)	146	3	4	1^2	4^2	6^2	8	8	†

†Clark, jr., and Bieber entry.
ROUGE DRAGON, $4.00, $3.20, $2.60; DELHI DAN, $4.20, $3.10; NAVIGATE, $4.20.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $3500; allowances. For 2-year-olds. Start good. Off at 4:47½. Winner, Mrs. Walter M. Jeffords' ch. c. (3) Mahmoud—Maminnie. Value to winner, $2300. Time, 1:14⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
MAHOUT	(Snellings)	121	5	8	9^1	$7^{1½}$	6^2	1^1	$2.60
CEDAR BRAND	(Snider)	121	7	3	4½	$6^{1½}$	4hd	2nk	5.35
PROGNOSIS	(Padgett)	113	10	7	7^2	2hd	1hd	3^2	3.60
O. GIRL	(Root)	107	2	5	6½	5½	3hd	$4^{1½}$	†4.00
FLYING WEATHER	(Mora)	112	12	1	3^2	1½	3hd	5^2	6.20
DOC O'SULLIVAN	(Clark)	106	8	4	2½	3½	2hd	6^1	†
HONEYTOWN	(Jemas)	121	4	11	8^1	8^1	$7^{1½}$	7^2	15.50
SASON	(Claggett)	109	3	12	12	12	8^1	8^2	‡32.15
PAPER CLIP	(Basile)	112	9	9	11^2	10^2	9^1	9^1	‡
WARY FLIGHT	(Erickson)	112	11	10	10½	11^2	11^2	$10^{1½}$	182.35
SHIVAREE	(Combest)	107	1	2	1^2	4^1	10^2	11^2	44.05
LADY LIGONIER	(Austin)	107	6	6	5hd	9^1	12	12	149.60

†McIntosh and Paradise Farm entry. ‡Christopher and Hunt entry.
MAHOUT, $7.20, $4.70, $3.30; CEDAR BRAND, $6.00, $3.50; PROGNOSIS, $3.10.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile 70 yards. Purse, $3500; allowances. For 4-year-olds up. Start good. Off at 5:18½. Winner, Christiana Stables' b. g. (4) Heliopolis—Misleading. Value to winner, $2300. Time, 1:46⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ALEXIS	(Scawthorn)	112	1	3	2^1	2^2	1^1	$1^{1½}$	1hd	$0.50
RAMPART	(Covalli)	104½	4	4	3^2	3^2	3^2	2^2	2hd	2.60
TEDIOUS MISS	(Crowther)	114	5	1	$1^{1½}$	$1^{1½}$	2^2	$3^{1½}$	3½	17.90
FRIEND OR FOE	(Erickson)	109	6	6	5^2	5^2	4^2	4^2	4^2	49.15
GYPSTER	(Cook)	121	2	2	6	6	6	6	$5^{1½}$	12.90
HUMORESQUE	(Farino)	121	3	5	4½	4hd	5^2	5hd	6	38.00

ALEXIS, $3.00, $2.20, $2.10; RAMPART, $3.40, $3.10; TEDIOUS MISS, $3.90.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $3000; claiming. For 3-year-olds. Start good. Off at 5:45. Winner, Mrs. E. C. Saisbury's b. f. (3) Peace Chance—Frivolous Girl. Value to winner, $1850. Time, 1:52⅘.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
GIMPY GIRL	(Rienzi)	112	6	8	7^1	7^2	7^1	3nk	1hd	$12.30
GRIAN	(Scawthorn)	113	8	2	2nk	2hd	2½	1nk	2nk	3.00
BUB-MARK	(Combest)	108	4	4	3nk	3nk	1½	2½	3½	22.05
EDNA LAWLESS	(Padgett)	112	1	1	4½	5^2	5^1	4hd	4hd	3.10
PRANCING TED	(Basile)	119	3	3	$1^{1½}$	1^2	3½	4½	5^2	3.25
MIBILL D.	(V. Scocca)	114	9	7	8^2	$8^{1½}$	7^2	6½	6½	6.55
CHALUPA	(Cherry)	109	5	5	5^1	6^1	6½	6½	7^2	10.40
STAR TIME	(De Lara)	118	2	9	9	9	9	8^2	8^2	27.05
DALE MARDIC	(Crowther)	113	7	6	$6^{1½}$	4½	4nk	$9^{1½}$	9	17.45

GIMPY GIRL, $26.60, $10.40, 7.00; GRIAN, $4.30, $4.10; BUB-MARK, $6.10.

Pimlico Race Entries, Jockeys

FIRST RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $3500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

P.P.	Horse and Jockey	Wgt.	Odds.
1	†Rose of Dawn (no boy)	107	15-1
2	Yellow Silk (no boy)	110	15-1
3	Idle Man (no boy)	110	20-1
4	‡Gallant Dec (Mora)	115	15-1
5	Rough Amos (Root)	120	6-1
6	Time Play (Covalli)	115	15-1
7	Mid Knight (Erickson)	115	20-1
8	Chalpre (Franklin)	110	5-2
9	Epay (no boy)	120	10-1
10	†Pari Dominate (no boy)	110	12-1
11	Rocket Plane (no boy)	122	6-1
12	Infinite Girl (no boy)	115	8-1
13	Riverbank (Covalli)	115	8-1
14	Hello Bill (no boy)	117	5-2
15	‡Over Gold (no boy)	110	15-1
16	Bass Fiddle (no boy)	120	15-1

†Fielding and Meyers entry.
‡Smith and Maisel entry.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $2500; 3-year-olds up; claiming.

1	†Ropesterata (no boy)	104	12-1
2	Traction (V. Scocca)	111	3-1
3	Cherie (no boy)	101	10-1
4	Sixteen Cents (C. Kirk)	116	4-1
5	Ginokum (no boy)	106	6-1
6	Inducted (Kelly)	116	8-1
7	Army Plume (no boy)	111	8-1
8	Little Knight (Campbell)	116	20-1
9	Fred Cody, Howell)	119	10-1
10	Phoness (Combest)	96	20-1
11	†Dissident (Padgett)	109	12-1
12	Junior Four (Scott)	116	12-1
13	Frosty River (Claggett)	111	15-1
14	Goldie's Honey (Snellings)	111	3-1
15	Madlyn K. (Lang)	106	8-1
16	Stray Winds (Bauer)	111	20-1

†Silva and Jardon entry.

THIRD RACE—About 2 miles; purse, $3500; steeplechase; maidens 4-year-olds up.

1	†Port Marley (Powers)	151	8-1
2	Phalanger (People)	141	20-1
3	Fred Havecker (Harris)	144	15-1
4	George Corn (Kirtland)	142	12-1
5	‡Fauntleroy Run (Field)	146	3-1
6	‡Northern Light (Burns)	151	3-1
7	‡American Way (Bland, jr.)	146	3-1
8	Big Three (Adams)	146	12-1
9	Orgullosa (Reid)	146	8-1
10	Gold Day (Glascock)	142	20-1
11	‡Harmonious (McDonald)	141	10-1
12	Creamery (Magee)	146	4-1
13	‡Chen (Mason)	146	10-1
14	Pharant (no boy)	136	12-1
15	†Tetrol (Miller)	146	8-1

†Leiper and Firestone entry.
‡Mott and Counselman entry.
‡Jenkins-Black and Rokeby entry.

FOURTH RACE—Four and one-half furlongs; purse, $2500; 2-year-olds; claiming.

1	Up Tick (Scawthorn)	113	10-1
2	Adeste (Basile)	113	12-1
3	Big Affair (Tammaro)	116	8-1
4	Rifle (no boy)	116	15-1
5	Discerning Eye (Roberts)	113	20-1
6	†Portward (Jemas)	112	5-2
7	Glorious Bid (no boy)	108	8-1
8	Great Hope (Erickson)	116	10-1
9	Wave Set (Rienzi)	113	20-1
10	Sandals Fleet (Padgett)	111	4-1
11	†Bullow (Jemas)	116	5-2

†McIntosh and Bryson entry.

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs; purse, $5000 added; 2-year-olds; stakes.

1	Shaffie (Walters)	125	3-5
2	Oberod (Scawthorn)	119	6-1
3	Jet Pilot (Snellings)	122	2-1

SIXTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $3300; 4-year-olds up; allowances.

1	Flange (Clark)	109	2-1
2	Sarawak (C. Kirk)	112	2-1
3	Beggar (Combest)	104	8-1
4	March Chick (Padgett)	110	10-1
5	Nita Jean (V. Scocca)	105	20-1
6	Sandy Trail (Gilbert)	109	4-1

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $2500; 3-year-olds; claiming.

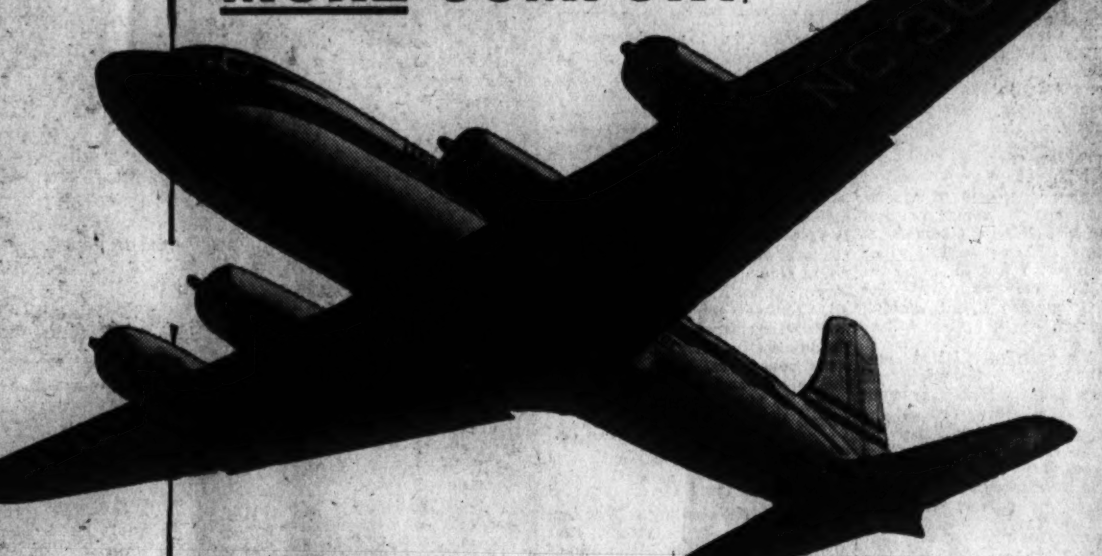
1	Fabrin (Lang)	112	8-1
2	Little Action (Snider)	109	20-1
3	Pigeon Hill (no boy)	104	10-1
4	La Patica (no boy)	104	6-1
5	Equa Krona (Dunbar)	104	4-1
6	Dot O' Dash (no boy)	109	2-1
7	Little Push (Mearle)	109	6-1
8	Foreigner (Roberts)	114	8-1
9	Lucky Penny (Cherry)	104	12-1
10	Spun Yarn (no boy)	107	20-1
11	Darling Grace (C. Kirk)	109	4-1

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $2500; 4-year-olds up; claiming.

1	Smoke Winters (no boy)	111	8-1
2	Diah (Combest)	106	10-1
3	†Flying Junior (no boy)	116	6-1
4	Jab Me (no boy)	111	20-1
5	Discount (Lang)	100	4-1
6	Flag Anchor (no boy)	122	4-1
7	Kimberly (Campbell)	111	8-1
8	Some Where (no boy)	112	2-1
9	Simetrica (no boy)	106	10-1
10	Robert E. Lee (Cherry)	111	4-1
11	Winnpearl (no boy)	109	20-1
12	Teddy Lace (Padgett)	101	8-1
13	†Our Boy (no boy)	119	6-1
14	Awashonks (no boy)	106	8-1
15	Boot and Spur (Howell)	122	12-1
16	Solid Sender (Erickson)	111	10-1

†Beach and Archer entry.

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Steps Worth Taking

There's a calm satisfaction in ascending the steps of the Pan American Building. The satisfaction that comes with the realization of 21 American nations united in peace, commerce and plans for a greater future. And there's satisfaction in a cool, tingling glass of
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Mary Haworth's Mail

Girl, 23, Develops Phobic Fear of Fainting Since She Lost Appendix; Eight Years Ago, After Scarlet Fever, She Started Stuttering

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: I am a girl 23, with a great inferiority complex. I just can't say a word in company. I cannot relax or be gay. Now, to climax a long history of shyness, I live in dread of fainting.

My problem seems to date back to my high school days, when I had scarlet fever and it left me quite nervous. I started to stutter and the kids at school laughed at me. One of the teachers called on me to recite, just to amuse the class. This only happened once or twice, because I just couldn't say a word.

About a year later I had overcome the habit of stuttering and was very happy. Now it is eight years later and I was just getting out of my shell when I had an emergency appendix operation which left me very anemic. I fainted a few times at work. Then I went to my doctor, who gave me iron shots.

Afraid to Ride Public Vehicles

NOW I live in horror of fainting again. The worry and nervous strain are awful. Fear seems to be my middle name. I won't ride on a streetcar or bus because they seem to make me dizzy. Now my habit of stuttering is back; so I am back in my shell again. My doctor says my whole trouble is worry; yet he offers no solution whatever—except to stop worrying, which is easier said than done.

Please don't say I am a coward, afraid to face life. I'm not really, except when these spells come on. I want to meet young people and have a good time, but this fear of fainting creeps into my mind and I'm at a loss. I hate having people think I am a fainting lily. I have tried—really truly tried,—for six months to overcome this fear, but it seems I can't. Is there any help for me? E. B.

Girl at War With Herself

DEAR E. B.: Your medical history of two major illnesses, eight years apart, does not account for the nervous difficulties which follow in their wake. Your stuttering, your fainting and fear of it, and your general sense of helplessness after a siege of invalidism all point to what we may call an anxiety neurosis.

When you are in customary health, you are just barely able, by straining desperately for poise, to keep the lid on a chronic state of almost intolerable distress, originating in the subconscious mind. And of course this eternal warfare against nebulous worry tends to keep your energies always sapped to subnormal, so that socially you seem to be a negative personality.

Then when you fall physically ill, the bare margin of fitness you had before, with which to manufacture poise, is drained away and you are weakly at the mercy of a rising tide of vaguely frightening inner turmoil. As for what it's all about—it might refer to an unconscious sense of awful guilt, formulated in early childhood on some nonsensical basis, with both the episode and the specific secret alarm it kindled long since forgotten by conscious mind.

She Feels Guilty; Fears Discovery

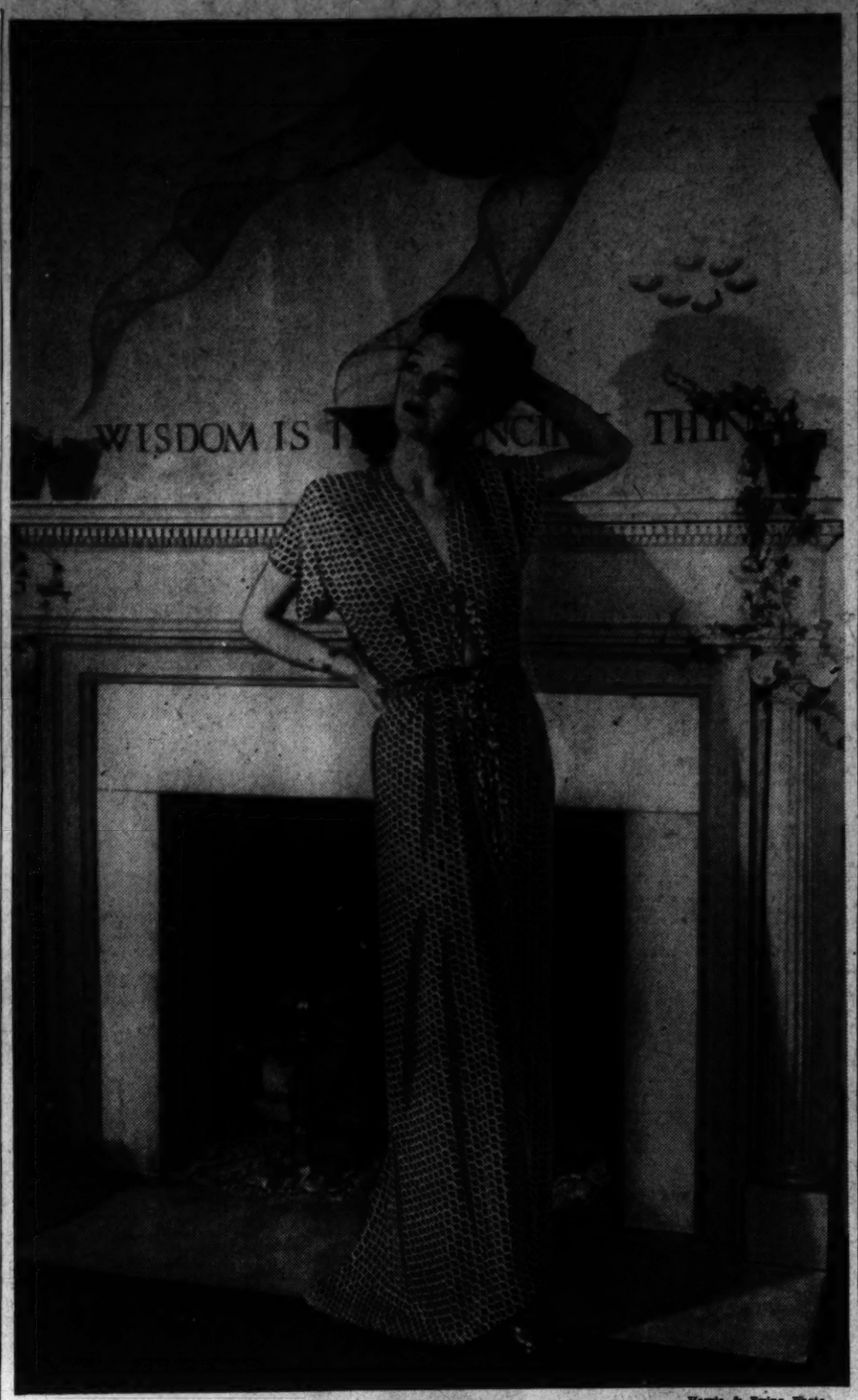
FROM THIS seedling of fear (or sense of moral damnation) implanted in the subconscious mind, might steadily grow an uneasy conviction of being unfit for decent company; and together with it, a creeping unconscious terror of being "found out" in one's supposedly heinous true colors one day.

At the same time, other forces in the subconscious might be feeding the personality other assumptions, directly opposed—for instance, the more correct conviction that one is a particularly fine, capable individual, well entitled to love, respect, success, popularity and other good fruits of existence.

Thus the individual would involuntarily be spurred to act on these more positive assumptions; yet even as he did so, he would be paralyzed, so to speak, by his false sense of guilt, which calls for conduct of a hangdog sort and whispers along his nervous system, "Impostor, hypocrite, watch your step," etc.

Something of this sort underlies your acute nervous distress; and as you have learned, the exercise of will power cannot bring relief—because it does not get at the source. You are to be commended for your valiant efforts along that line; but the truth is, you urgently need psychoanalytic help—to bring the hidden fears to light and thus break their hold on you. At your young age, 23, this should be a fairly simple matter. So find that help, by asking your medical society for a reference list of psychoanalysts. M. H.

Mary Haworth counsels through her column, not by mail or personal interview. Write her in care of The Post.



Harris & Ewing Photo

Gina Malo, nee Flynn, is one of the most vivacious actresses to come to Washington. She plays one of the merriest wives you'll ever see in "The Merry Wives of Windsor," now in its second week at the National Theater

Here she poses against the mantel of the United Nation Club's new library. The dinner dress is of black and white, aglitter with sequins across the top, outlining the open midriff and cascading down the front to the slit skirt.

Sure an' 'tis a dress to be merry in . . .

Navy Nurses' Retiring Chief To Be Honored

Capt. Sue S. Dauser, retiring superintendent of the Navy Nurse Corps, will be honored at luncheon today at the Statler Hotel. The event will commemorate the thirty-eighth anniversary of the founding of the Navy Nurse Corps.

Hostess will be Captain Dauser's successor, Capt. Nellie Jane DeWitt. Among the guests will be Vice Admiral Ross T. McIntire, Surgeon General of the Navy, and Mrs. McIntire, Rear Admiral and Mrs. W. J. C. Agnew, Commodore and Mrs. M. D. Willcutts, Capt. Jean T. Palmer, director, women's reserve, USNR; Col. Katherine A. Towle, director, Marine Corps Women's Reserve; Comdr. Loretta Lambert, Lieut. Comdr. Elizabeth M. Schaak, Lieut. Comdr. Jessie E. Crump, Lieut. Comdr. Ruth B. Dunbar, Lieut. Comdr. Mary F. Bosco, Lieut. Comdr. Veronica M. Bulshefski, Lieut. Comdr. Ann Davidson, Lieut. Comdr. Gladys E. Dvorak, Lieut. Comdr. Josephine L. Darnall, Lieut. Comdr. Evelyn T. Stotz, Lieut. Thelma F. Laird, Lieut. Caroline C. Maas and Lieut. Irma F. Monlux.

Latin America's Poets to Be Topic

Final spring meeting of Washington's Catholic Poetry Society Sunday at 3 p. m. in Social Hall, Trinity College, will be devoted to reviewing Latin American work.

Dr. Manoel Cardozo, associate professor of romance languages, Catholic University, will introduce the speakers: Dr. Francisco Aguilera, Hispanic Foundation, on "Some Aspects of Modern Spanish American Poetry"; Dr. Margaret J. Bates, on "Desolacion," by Chile's Gabrielle Mistral, Nobel Prize winner.

Marriage Announced

The marriage of Miss Rita Villarreal to Pfc. Robert Nelson Waller, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer J. Waller of Chevy Chase, Md., has been announced by her father, Jesse Villarreal of Austin, Tex. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. R. J. Talman in Reno, Nev., on May 4.

Admiral King's Visiting Daughter Inspires Parties

Center of a flurry of informal parties is Mrs. James O. McReynolds, youngest of Fleet Admiral and Mrs. Ernest J. King's six daughters, who is here from Los Angeles visiting her parents. With Mrs. McReynolds is her 2-year-old son, James King McReynolds.

The Kings recently moved back to their home at 2919 43d st. nw., where Miss Florence King gave a cocktail party Saturday night to welcome her sister, who will be here until May 31.

Mr. McReynolds, who served as a lieutenant colonel in the Army Air Force, now is in business in Los Angeles. When Mrs. McReynolds returns to California, Miss King will accompany her for an indefinite stay.

6 Ambassadors Head Patrons, For 'Bluebird'

Ambassadors from six famine-stricken countries are among patrons for the two performances of Maeterlinck's "The Blue Bird," to be given by the Children's Studios tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. and Saturday at 2:30 p. m., in Lisner Auditorium, George Washington University. Proceeds will go to UNRRA.

They are the French Ambassador, Henri Bonnet; the Netherlands' Dr. Alexander Loudon, Czechoslovakia's Vladimir Hurban, China's Dr. Wei, Greek Ambassador Cimon Diamantopoulos, and Alberto Tarchiani from Italy.

Additional patrons are Commissioner John Russell Young, Senator Arthur Capper, Eugene Meyer and Frank R. Jelleff.

About 70 students from 5 to 15 will take part in the play.

'Mother-Daughter' Lunch

Mrs. Tomas Cajigas and her daughter, Miss Anita Cajigas, will entertain at a "mother and daughter" luncheon on Monday at the Club Duet. The fete is one of a series which they have planned this spring.

Gala Barbecue To Push Drive For Auditorium

Novel invitations issued by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Arnold to a pledge barbecue Saturday night at their Walnut Hill estate, Falls Church, Va., bear a sketch of their popular barbecue pit with its enormous brick terrace and great open fireplace, and miniature road maps to guide guests.

The party is being held in connection with the fund-raising drive for the Arlington War Memorial, an auditorium with a seating capacity of 4000 suitable for the presentation of operas, concerts and ballets. So far, the drive has been limited to Arlington County.

Among interesting special guests expected at the event are Charles Coburn, now appearing at the National in "The Merry Wives of Windsor"; Katharine Cornell, who will open there next week in "Antigone" and "Candida"; Mary Martin, who is contemplating flying down from New York, and Arthur Godfrey, who will probably act as master of ceremonies when pledges are made. Mr. and Mrs. Gene Tunney and Miss Kate Smith, former Arlingtonians, also are on the invitation list.

Microphone arrangements are permanent installations at Walnut Hill, so that music can be "piped down" to the barbecue grounds from the house and individual entertainers may be heard by large groups. It's rumored several headline acts from the Capitol may appear after the show.

In case of rain the barbecue will be postponed until Sunday.

Miss Mount to Be Luncheon Hostess

Miss Myrl Marie Mount of Washington, Dean of home economics of the University of Maryland, will entertain 40 guests at luncheon tomorrow at Olney Inn in honor of Mrs. Alice W. Hostetler of Glen, Md., only woman candidate from Montgomery County for the Maryland Senate in the Democratic primaries on June 24.

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Illinois' Senator Brooks Weds Daughter of Late Idaho Solon

MRS. ARTHUR J. PEAVEY, Jr., only daughter of the late Senator from Idaho and Mrs. John Thomas, was married at 4:30 p. m. yesterday to Senator C. Wayland Brooks of Illinois. The ceremony took place in Metropolitan Memorial Methodist Church, the Rev. Edward Gardiner Latch officiating. Because of the recent death of the bride's father, only immediate members of the families were present.

Given in marriage by her cousin, Earl B. Bolte, Gooding, Idaho, the bride wore aqua taffeta with long gathered skirt and peplum jacket, cream lace mitts and Juliet cap of aqua lace. She carried a white prayer book with two orchids and wore her mother's pearl necklace.

Children Attendants

Mrs. Charles E. Greif, Boonton, N. J., attended her sister-in-law as matron of honor, costumed in pink net with colonial bouquet of blue flowers. Nine-year-old Betty Anne Peavey, student at Immaculata Seminary, was her mother's junior maid of honor, wearing white net with yellow ribbons in her hair and carrying an old-fashioned nosegay. Peggy Anne Greif, niece of the bride, was flower girl in yellow organdy with spring flowers.

Russell Ackerly Brooks, who operates Senator Brooks' farm in Illinois, was his father's best man. John Thomas Peavey, son of the bride, served as chief usher.

Chicago His Home

Mrs. Brooks attended Mills College, Oakland, Calif., is a graduate of the University of Idaho and a member of Kappa Kappa Gamma. Her first husband was killed in a hunting accident in Idaho in 1941. Her father served five terms in the Senate and during his last illness Mrs. Brooks served as his secretary.

When in Illinois Senator Brooks, now serving his second term in the Senate, makes his home in Chicago and at his farm in LaSalle County. He is a member of the Appropriations, Naval Affairs, Commerce, Audit and Control Committees.

Senator and Mrs. Brooks will make their home at the Westchester Apartments, 4000 Cathedral ave. nw. They will not leave town until after the adjournment of Congress.

Be SMART



Call it scarf, shawl, or robozo, it's really sheer magic, whether of lace for informal evening or dinner wear or bright cotton print for casual occasions. For mother fashion-new touch, consider the combination of bodice-flattering jersey or very soft crepe with the lace.

Portraits

By James J. Metcalfe

Foster-mother

There is no mother who is more . . . Deserving of our praise . . . Than she who takes another's child . . . To comfort and to raise . . . Who has the blessing of the court . . . To keep and call her own . . . The baby someone selfishly . . . Allowed to live alone . . . Her name is foster-mother but . . . It should be angel-queen . . . For she is all the nobleness . . . That motherhood can mean . . . She is a bit of heaven on . . . A cold and cruel earth . . . Where all too often human life . . . Is deemed of little worth . . . Her child belongs to her not by . . . The grace of nature's art . . . But by the choice made freely from . . . The goodness of her heart.

Mrs. Forrestal in N. Y.

Mrs. James Forrestal, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, is in New York and is stopping at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. Imbrie Returns

Mrs. Robert Whitney Imbrie has returned to Washington after a visit in Providence, R. I., and Boston.

'In the Muslin'

Next time you buy a sofa or an upholstered chair, buy it "in the muslin." Then buy, or make one yourself, a washable slipcover. That way lies constant attractiveness because the cover can be freshened any day by a quick trip through the household washer. Easy ironing, too, those flat areas, especially in the home with an ironer. Think about two covers, for different seasons.

Martha Ellyn's Platter Chatter

Like to Make Foreign Foods? Try Senora de Andrade's Bolivian Dishes

AS typical of a country as its language or dress is its food. And many of so-called foreign dishes so full of color, good flavor and romance, can fit admirably into our present day food pattern.

To be sure, many distinctive dishes of other countries are a bit difficult to reproduce. Some ingredients are rare and often you may consider it takes so much time to assemble, blend and cook them that it does not seem worth the effort.

But not so with native Bolivian dishes. Ever since I was first invited to eat "Humita" (corn souffle) I've been curious to know how to make it and other fare from that country.

Vivacious and charming Senora Blanca De Andrade, wife of the Bolivian Ambassador, who knows how to turn out many a fine dish herself, now has given me recipes from her own cuisine that will make for interesting, delicious dining.

Senora De Andrade, with her husband, two daughters, Ana Maria, 11, and Lupita, 7, and son Mario, 5, came to Washington to live about a year ago. She's learned how to shop in our American markets and how to adapt our foods to the dishes she makes. She has cook books that look much like those of any American who keeps a file of recipes, dog-eared and smudged. Many of the recipes are written in longhand, just as she first jotted them down.

Husband Cooks, Too

This dynamic South American is quick to give her husband credit for culinary achievement. He knows how to make many of the more difficult dishes for which their country is so noted.

"Not long ago he made empanadas for a number of men guests—a sort of a pie that may be filled with any number of foods," she explains.

When a young girl, the senora learned to cook, but mostly fancy foods such as she could serve at parties. But after her marriage and going to the country to live at their farm, Huerta Grande, near Valle, she had to learn to cook, since their cook did not show up.

Most of the dishes in Bolivia are cooked long and slowly. Bolivians eat four times a day. At breakfast they have usually orange juice and coffee and toast with marmalade. But their big meal is lunch, which they usually eat at 1 o'clock. At 4 they have tea with pasteleria—pastry in our language. At 9 o'clock at night they usually have fruit and coffee.

The meal at 1 o'clock usually follows a pattern similar to this:

Lunch Menu

Galantina de gallina
(Chicken Galantine)
Caldillo de ostras
(Oyster Soup)
Huminta
Corn Souffle)
Panfrances
(Bread)
Manjar Blanco
(Dessert)
Demitasse

Huminta is at its best when made with fresh corn. So this is a recipe that should be filed away and brought out when the first dew-fresh roasting ears make their appearance. It will serve eight persons generously.

Here are the directions given me by Senora De Andrade:

Galantina De Gallina

One large chicken will serve 15 persons while a smaller one will serve 10. First clean and bone chicken. Grind 1½ pounds of beef and ½ pound of pork. To this meat add 2 slices of bread that have been soaked in milk and then crumbled. Add salt and pepper to taste. Next add 4 unbeaten eggs, a pinch of nutmeg. Have prepared Julienne slices of cooked carrots, thin slices of bacon and soaked prunes that have been cut in half. Salt the inside of the chicken. Then place the ground meat, carrots, bacon and prunes in the chicken in layers. Fasten opening of chicken. Put cheesecloth around chicken and fasten securely. Place chicken in pan, covering in with cold water. To the water add 1 carrot, stalk of celery, 1 onion. Cook on top of stove for about 1½ hours.

The chicken is done when a knife is inserted and it comes out clean. Take out chicken and put under press, such as a board to keep it covered with stock and leave it until cold, four hours or overnight. When it is desired to cover with aspic, add gelatin to the stock, using 1 tablespoon unflavored gelatin softened in 2 tablespoons cold water for each pint of stock. Cover galantine with jelly. When galantine is cut in slices it will be attractive with color of carrots and prunes. Garnish with tomato wedges, radishes and celery.

Friends Welcome Attache's Wife, Back From Bogota

Preceding her husband by several weeks, Mrs. Kenneth Watson has arrived from Bogota, Colombia, and, after several days here, now is visiting friends in New York. Lieutenant Watson, who has been Naval Attache at the American Embassy in Colombia, is expected the latter part of next week.

Sunday night James Parks was host at a dinner at the 1925 F Street Club for Mrs. Watson and Monday Mrs. Robert M. Guggenheim entertained with a small luncheon for her at the Mayflower. Others in the group were Senora de Echegaray, Mrs. Claude Pepper and Mrs. Peter Ansberry.

Johnsons Return

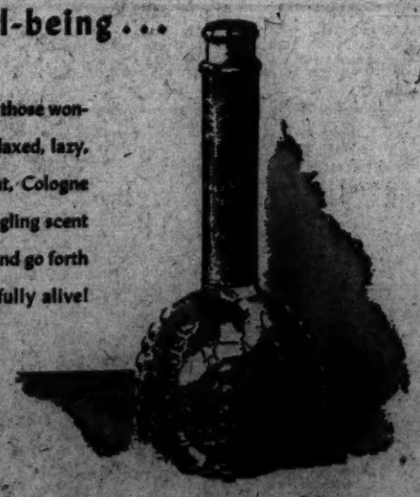
Miss Ruth Johnson and Miss Constance Johnson have returned from New York where they spent several days at the Barclay Hotel.



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For that perfect sense of well-being . . .

Fresh from the bath . . . with time on your hands . . . those wonderful few minutes to yourself when you feel relaxed, lazy, at peace with your world. To enhance the moment, Cologne by Lucien Lelong to give a delicious, delicately tingling scent to your skin. Use after the bath—or at any time—and go forth feeling refreshed, well-groomed and so wonderfully alive!



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Today's Radio Programs

THE WASHINGTON POST
Thursday, May 9, 1946

THURSDAY — WASHINGTON — E.S.T.

	WMAL 630	WRC 980	WOL 1260	WINX 1340	WWDC 1450	WTOP 1500
	News, 6, 7, 8:30. Today's Prelude, 6:05. Town Clock, 7:10. David Wills, 7:45. Town Clock, 8-9.	WRC Almanac, 5:30. News, 6, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30. Your Timekeeper, 6:05-9.	News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30; Musical Clock, 6:05-9; Voice of Washington, 8.	News, 6, 7, 8. Jerry Strong. Wake Up With WINX, 6:05-9.	Hunnicutt, 6-9. Devotions, 6:45. News, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:15.	Corn Squeezing Time, 5:30; News, 6:45, 7, 7:30, 8; Godfrey in Ill; Arch MacDonald will substitute, 7-9.
9 :00	Breakfast Club	Lone Journey	Human Interest	News; Music in the Air	Tune Shop	News; Mahoney
:15	Don McNeill	Lora Lawton	At Home With Paiges	Music in the Air	(Willis Conover)	Home Service Daily
:30	Jack Owen	Road of Life	Married for Life	Musical Reveille	" " "	Evelyn Winters
:45	Nancy Martin	Joyce Jordan	" " "	" "	" " "	Bachelors Children
10 :00	My True Story	Fred Waring	Cecil Brown, News	News; Music	Open House	Valiant Lady
:15	True Story; Crocker	" "	Elsa Maxwell	Music Hall	" "	Light of the World
:30	Church Hymns	Barry Cameron	Take It Easy	" "	" "	Tena and Tim
:45	The Listening Post	David Harum	Victor Lindlahr	" "	" "	Aunt Jenny
11 :00	Breakfast	Matinee Today	News, Lyle Van	News; Symphony	Blessed Eventor	Kate Smith Speaks
:15	With Breneman	" "	Morton Downey	Haydn's	Crosby Time	Big Sister
:30	Ruth Crane	Nancy Osgood	Hymns You Love	Cello Concerto	Man on the Street	Romance Helen Trent
:45	" "	" "	Musical Comedy Quiz	(Feuermann)	Pin-Up Tunes	Our Gal Sunday
12 :00	News, Evans	News; Improvisations	News, Warren	WINX News	Tello-Test	News at High Noon
:15	Ted Malone	Look to This Day	Marian Sexton	Movie Snapshots; Music	" "	Ma Perkins
:30	Glamour Manor	The Name Speaks	Silver Spring Post	Lunch With Long	Crossroads of Army	Young Dr. Malone
:45	Cliff Arquette	Morgan Beatty	John Anthony	Latin Touch	News; Hit	Road of Life
1 :00	Baukhage Talking	Guiding Light	Cedric Foster	News; Bouquets	All Sports Parade	Second Mrs. Burton
:15	Constance Bennett	Today's Children	Inquiring Mike	Musical Bouquets	Tony Wakeman	Perry Mason
:30	Music Box	Woman in White	Queen for a Day	The Christian Home	All Sports Parade	Rosemary
:45	Trafton Robertson	Masquerade	" " " "	Your OPA	Tony Wakeman	Life Can Be Beautiful
2 :00	Ida Clark	Woman of America	True Confessions	News; Rhythm	All Sports Parade	Aunt Mary
:15	Safety Series	Ma Perkins	" "	Spotlight on Rhythm	Tony Wakeman	Dr. Paul
:30	Bride and Groom	Pepper Young Family	Mryt and Marge	" " "	All Sports Parade	Janice Grey
:45	John Nelson	Right to Happiness	Easy Aces	Treasury Salute	Tony Wakeman	Time to Remember
3 :00	Al Pearce and	Backstage Wife	Erskine Johnson	News; Tea for Two	All Sports Parade	G. E. House Party
:15	His Gang	Stella Dallas	So the Story Goes	Tea for Two	Tony Wakeman	" " "
:30	Accent on Music	Lorenzo Jones	If's a Fact	" " "	All Sports Parade	; Hoss
:45	Ladies Be Seated	Young Widow Brown	Andy Russell	" " "	Tony Wakeman	Stumpus
4 :00	Jack Berch Show	When a Girl Marries	WOL Open House	News; Band Wagon	All Sports Parade	The Godfrey Show
:15	Accent on Music	Portia Faces Life	Frank Blair, Karl	Broadway Band Wagon	Tony Wakeman	" " "
:30	News, Evans	Just Plain Bill	Bates; Variety,	Music Hall	All Sports Parade	Pop's Sweet Shop
:45	Hop Harrigan	Front Page Farrell	News, Sports, Music	" "	Tony Wakeman	" " "
5 :00	Terry and Pirates	News; Leif Eid	Starvation, Inc.	News; Music Hall	Band of the Day	" " "
:15	Dick Tracy	Musicade	Superman	Music Hall	Crooners' Battle	" " "
:30	Jack Armstrong	" ; Bergman	Captain Midnight	" "	Sports; Theater	News; City Desk
:45	Tennessee Jed	Lowell Thomas	Tom Mix	" "	Theater of the Air	Robert Trout, News
6 :00	Evans, Agronsky	Supper Club	News; D. C. Assign'nt	WINX News	Melody Lane	Top News, D. C. Diary
:15	Star Dust; Sports	News of the World	Congress Today	Bob Wolff, Sports	" "	Speaking of Sports
:30	Earl Godwin	Bob Burns	The Johnson Family	Dinner Date	Sports	Mr. Keen
:45	Singing Sam	" "	Inside of Sports	" "	Supper Club	" "
7 :00	Louise Massey	Burns and Allen	Fulton Lewis, jr.	News; Art Tatum	Romantic Rendezvous	Suspense
:15	Raymond Swing	" " "	Songs of Good Cheer	Les Brown	Eddie Roger's Orch.	"
:30	Professor Quiz	Dinah Shore's Show	Rogues Gallery	Show Time	News with Austad	FBI in Peace and War
:45	" "	" " "	" "	" "	Alice Lane	" " " "; News
8 :00	Lum 'n' Abner	Bing Crosby's	Gabriel Heatter	News; Waltzes	News; Labor	Music of
:15	Earl Godwin	Music Hall	Real Life Stories	Waltzes	Labor Arbitration	Andre Kostelanetz
:30	Detect and Collect	Jack Haley's Show	Treasure Hour	Mozart's	" "	Hobby Lobby
:45	" " "	" " "	of Song	"Magic Flute"	" "	" "
9 :00	Curtain Time	Abbott and Costello	Evening Serenade	News; Symphony	1450 Club	Island Venture
:15	" "	" " "	" "	Berg's	Jackson Lowe	" "
:30	Town Meeting:	Rudy Vallee's	I Am an American	Violin Concerto	News; 1450 Club	Palestine Report
:45	Leon Henderson	Varieties	Blue Barron's Orch.	(Krasner)	Jackson Lowe	" "
10 :00	Sen. W. L. O'Daniel	News; Tyner Time	Richard Eaton	News; Music	1450 Club	Lanny Ross Show
:15	Fulton Lewis, jr.	Tyner; Show Pieces	Sports, Bill Brundige	Music by Masters	Jackson Lowe	Jack Smith Show
:30	Rabbi Gerstenfeld	The Story of Music	Symphonette--	Music for Dreaming	News; Your Gov'ment	The Factfinder
:45	" "	" " "	Michel Piastro	" " "	Congress Reports	In My Opinion
11 :00	News, Evans	News; Serenade	Voice of Washington	News; Post Preview	MacFarlane, News	News, Daly & Harnch
:15	Hour of Dreams	Richard Harkness	Fulton Lewis, jr.	Music for the Years	Super Session	Arch McDonald's
:30	Lee Dayton	Design for Listening	Sweet Music	" " " "	" "	Moondial
:45	Melodic Favorites	" " "; News	" " "; News	" " " "	Rhythm Roundup	Music Before Midnight

W3XO—F. M. 43200 K.C.

7:00 p. m.—Dinner Music
7:15 p. m.— " "
7:30 p. m.—This Musical World
7:45 p. m.— " " "
8:00 p. m.—News
8:10 p. m.—Concert Hall
8:30 p. m.—Mozart's "Magic Flute"
8:45 p. m.— " "
9:00 p. m.—Masterworks
9:05 p. m.— "
9:30 p. m.— "
9:55 p. m.—Interlude
10:00 p. m.—News
10:05 p. m.—Easy Listening
10:30 p. m.— "
10:55 p. m.—Weather

Date with Les Brown

You have a date each evening with top bands and vocalists. Don't miss tonight's date with Les Brown and his orchestra.

Monday through Friday—7:15-7:30 P. M.
WINX—1340 on your dial

WPIK—730 KC. Baseball Game will be broadcast at 3 p. m. today.

Quotations on N. Y. Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press

Total sales yesterday, 1,210,000 shares; previous day, 1,350,000; week ago, 978,120; year ago, 1,491,460; two years ago, 646,560; January 1 to date, 149,783,982; year ago, 138,739,145; two years ago, 81,652,114.

Dow-Jones Stocks

New York, May 8.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Ch'ge.
30 inds.	202.95	205.65	201.35	204.71	+0.66
20 rails	63.76	63.95	63.33	63.57	—0.39
15 utils.	42.73	43.04	42.50	42.72	—0.08
65 stocks	75.73	76.37	75.45	75.98	+0.01

Transactions in stocks used in averages today: Industrials, 84,800; rails, 62,600; utilities, 54,100; 65 stocks, 201,500.

	Sales Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Abbott Lab	14	78	72	78	+6
ACF-Brill Mot	2	16	15	15	— ¼
Acme Stl	5	43½	42½	43½	+ ½
Adams Exp	4	22½	21¾	21¾	+ ¼
Addressog-Mult	6	36½	35½	36½	+ ¼
Admiral Corp	8	15½	15¼	15¼	— ¼
Air Reduction	146	54½	53¾	54½	— ¾
Aldens Inc	3	42	40¼	42	+1¼
Alaska Juneau	5	8¾	8½	8¾	+ ¼
Alleghany Corp	44	6½	6⅜	6½	— ⅛
Alleghany pf	7	60¼	59¾	60¼	— ¼
Alleghany pr pf	2	71¾	70¾	70¾	— ¼
Alleg Lud Stl	25	48⅞	47½	48⅝	+ ¼
Al Chem & Dye	19	206½	203	204	— 1
Allied Kid	4	25½	25	25½	+ ½
Allied Mills	9	35½	34¾	35½	+ ¼
Allied Strs	8	59	58¼	59	+ ¼
Allis-Ch Mfg	15	55	53½	54	— ¾
Alpha P Cem	1	37½	37½	37½	+ ½
Amal Leather	4	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
Amerada Pet	1	162½	162½	162½	— ½
Am Ag Ch Del	2	45	45	45	— ½
Am Airlines	88	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	— ¾
Am Bank Note	3	40½	40¼	40¼	—1
Am Bosch	1	23	23	23	— ¼
Am Brake Shoe	4	60½	60¼	60¼	— ¼
Am Cable&Rad	31	14	13¾	13⅞	+ ⅛
Am Can	19	93⅝	91½	93⅝	+1⅝
Am Car & Fdy	8	66⅞	66½	66½	— ¼
Am Ch & Cable	7	35¾	35½	35¾	— ¼
Am Colortype	4	31½	31¼	31½	+ ¼
Am Crystal Sug	1	27½	27½	27½	— ½
Am Distil	15	68⅝	64⅞	67½	+2½
Am Export L	2	59	58½	58½	....
Am & For Pow	10	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
Am & F P $6 pf	7	116½	115	116½	+2½
Am & F P $7 pf	2	127¼	127¼	127¼	+1
Am & F P 2 pf	17	38	37½	37¾	— ⅝
Am-Hawaii SS	4	50	50	50	+ ¼
Am Hide & Lea	9	10⅝	10¼	10¼	— ¼
Am Home Prod	1	120	120	120	—2¼
Am Ice	4	16¼	16	16	— ¼
Am Internat	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	....
Am Locomotive	15	37¼	37	37	— ½
Am Locomot pf	1	118	118	118	— 1
Am M & Fdy	15	37½	36¾	37	— ¼
Am M & Met	15	22½	21⅞	21⅞	— ¼
Am Metal	4	37¼	37	37	— ¾
Am News Co	9	51	50½	51	— ¼
Am Pow & Lt	78	17¼	17⅝	18⅛	— ½
Am P&L $6 pf	5	125	124	125	+1
Am P&L $5 pf	4	113	111½	113	....
Am Rad & St S	46	20¼	19⅝	20	— ¼
Am Roll Mill	31	32½	31¼	32	— ¼
Am Roll Mill pf	3	103½	103	103	— ¼
Am Safety Raz	7	60	58	59½	— ½
Am Seating	4	29¾	29½	29½	— ¼
Am Smelt & R	18	68½	67	68½	— ¼
Am Stl Fdrs	16	44½	44	44½	....
Am Stove	3	32½	31½	31½	— ¾
Am Sugar Ref	6	51	50½	51	+ ½
Am Tel & Tel	15	193⅞	193⅛	193¾	+ ⅜
Am Tob B	4	98½	98	98	—1
Am Type Fdrs	9	26¼	25⅞	26¼	+ ¼
Am Viscose	8	72¼	72	72¼	+ ¼
Am Wat Wks	34	25¼	24¾	24⅞	— ¼
Am Woolen	20	55⅝	54⅝	55	....
Am Wool pf	6	155	154⅝	154½	....
Am Zinc L & S	10	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
Am Zinc pr pf	3	90	90	90	+3¼
Anaconda Cop	26	46⅝	46½	46½	— ¼
Anch Hock Gl	3	57	56½	56½	— ¼
A P W Prod	3	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
Arch-Dan-M	2	31½	31¼	31½	+1
Armour & Co	61	15½	15¼	15¼	— ¼
Armstrong Cork	5	61	60½	60½	—1
Arnold Const	1	30½	30½	30½	....
Artloom Corp	16	27¼	26	27¼	+ ¾
Assd Dry Goods	15	71⅝	68	70¾	+2¼
Atch T & S F	13	107½	106⅝	107	....
Atch T&SF pf	3	119	118½	119	+1¼
Atl Coast Line	3	71½	70¾	71½	....
Atl G& WIndies	9	45	42	45	+2¼
Atl G&W In pf	1	93	93	93	....
Atl Refining	35	47⅝	46⅝	46⅝	— ½
Atlas Corp	49	33	32¼	33	+ ¼
Aust Nichols	58	21½	20⅝	21½	+ ¼
Aust Nich pr A	12	134	128½	134	+5½
Autocr Co	8	12	11¾	11¾	....
Aviation Corp	32	12½	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
Aviation Corp pf	1	64½	64½	64½	+2¼
Bald Loco	33	34	33	34	+ ¼
Balt & Ohio	46	23⅝	22⅝	23	— ¾
Balt & Ohio pf	13	36½	35⅝	36	— ¾
Barber Asph	11	40	39½	39½	+ ¼
Barker Bros	3	31	30½	31	+1
Barnsdall Oil	19	29½	28½	29⅝	+ ¼
Bath Ir Wks	7	30	29	29	— ½
Bayuk Cigars	4	64½	64	64	—1
Beatrice Cream	1	63	63½	63¾	— ¼
Beech Airc	12	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
Beech-Nut Pack	2	130	130	130	....
Belding-Hem	3	24½	24½	24½	— ¼
Bell Airc	6	27½	27½	27½	+ ¼
Bell & Howell	2	32½	32½	32½	....
Bendix Aviat	20	48¼	47½	48	+ ¼
Benef Ind Ln	1	34½	34½	34½	— ¼
Best & Co	6	47½	47½	47½	— ¼
Best Foods	20	27	26½	26½	— ½
Beth Steel	21	104⅛	103½	103½	—1¼
Bigelow-Sanf	1	35½	35½	35½	— ¼
Black & Decker	6	40½	39¾	40½	+ ¼
Blaw-Knox	15	26½	26	26	— ⅜
Boeing Airplane	19	28½	27½	28	— ⅛
Bohn Al & Br	4	63	63	63	— ½
Bond Strs	20	42½	42¼	42½	+ ⅝
Bond Strs pf	3	201½	199	201½	+2
Borden Co	3	56	55	55	—1
Borg-Warner	15	54	53¼	53½	+ ¼
Braniff Airw	8	25½	24½	24¾	— ¾
Bridgeport Br	6	17½	17¼	17¼	— ½
Briggs Mfg	7	48½	48	48	— ¼
Bristol-Myers	1	54	54	54	....
Bklyn Un Gas	2	37	37	37	— ½
Brunswick-Bal	2	32½	32½	32½	....
Bucyrus-Erie	3	24½	24½	24½	....
Budd Mfg	27	20½	20½	20½	— ¼
Budd Wheel	22	22½	21¾	22	— ¼
Buffalo Forge	1	37½	37½	37½	....
Bullard Co	3	36½	36½	36½	....
Bulova Watch	1	54	54	54	— ½
Burling Mills	65	54¾	50¼	54⅜	+4⅞
Burling Mills pf	1	109	109	109	+1
Burr Add Mach	73	19	18½	19	+ ¼
Bush Terminal	13	11¾	11½	11½	— ¼
Butler Bros	10	33¾	33	33	— ¾
Butte Cop & Z	5	7⅞	7½	7½	— ¼
Byers A M	8	27½	27¼	27½	— ¼
Calif Packing	3	45	44⅝	45	+1
Callahan Z-Ld	18	5	5	5	....
Calumet & Hec	12	10¼	10	10	— ⅛
Campbell Wy	1	38	37⅝	38	+ ½
Can Dry G Ale	3	43	43	43	....
Canad Pac	45	18⅝	18¼	18½	— ⅛
Cannon Mills	1	70½	70½	70½	— ¼
Capital Adm A	7	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ½
Carpenter Stl	1	50	50	50	— ¼
Carrier Corp	16	28½	28¼	28½	+ ½
Carriers & Gen	4	10	10	10	— ⅛
Case J I Co	4	45½	45	45	— ½
Caterpil Tract	10	77⅜	75	77¾	+2
Celanese Corp	5	73½	72½	73½	+ ½
Celotex Corp	5	28	27⅞	27⅞	....
Cent Aguirre	7	26	25½	25½	— ½
Cent Foundry	18	15½	15¼	15½	....
Cen Hud G&E	5	11½	11½	11½	....
Cent RR N J	7	26½	25¾	25¾	— ¼
Century R M	1	42½	41½	42½	+1
Cerro de Pas	1	42½	41½	42½	....
Certain-teed Pd	58	23½	22½	22¾	....
Chain Belt	3	39	39	39	....
Checker Cab	3	36¼	36¼	36¼	....
Ches & Ohio	21	59½	59½	59½	— ¼
Chi & E Ill	8	12⅞	12½	12½	— ¾
Chi & E Ill A	4	21½	21	21½	— ¼
Chi Grt West	7	12½	12¼	12¼	— ¼
Chi Grt W pf	13	25⅛	24½	24¾	— ⅜
Ch M S P&P	91	29½	28⅞	29⅛	— ½
C M S P&P pf	29	69½	68⅜	69¼	— ¼
Chi & N W	5	36¼	36	36	—1
Chi & NW pf	8	66⅝	66¼	66¼	— ½
Chi Pneu Tool	6	30¾	30	30¾	+ ¾
Chi Pn T $3 pf	3	55¾	55	55	....
Childs Co	13	10⅛	9¾	9¾	— ¼
Chrysler Corp	20	129	125¾	128⅞	+2½
C I T Finan	7	54½	54	54	— ½
Cin Mill Mch	8	33½	32½	33	— ½
City Ice & F	4	35¾	35¼	35½	+ ¼
City Invest n	31	19	16½	18½	+2½
City Stores	16	35⅞	35	35⅞	+ ¼
Clark Equip	4	64	64	64	—1
Climax Molyb	20	35¼	34¼	34⅞	— ¼
Cluett Peabody	1	54¾	54¾	54¾	+ ¾
Colgate-Palm-P	6	53	52½	53	+ ½
Col Fuel & Ir	52	17	16⅝	16¾	— ¾
Col F & Ir pf	9	20⅞	20½	20⅝	— ¼
Colum Brcast A	5	42½	41½	41½	— ¼
Colum Brcast B	6	41½	41½	41½	— ¼
Colum G & El	80	12½	11⅞	12	— ¼
Col G&E 6% pf	2	110¼	110	110¼	+ ¼
Colum Pict	9	32¼	30	31⅞	+1½
Colum Pict pf	1	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	+1¾
Colum Carbon	19	45	44¾	45	— ¼
Coml Credit	4	54½	54¼	54¼	— ¼
Coml Solvents	150	27¼	26⅛	26⅜	— ¾
Comwlth Edis	38	35⅞	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅛
Comwl & South	151	4⅛	4	4⅛	....
Com & Sou pf	11	127	126¼	127	....
Congoleum-Nair	3	37	36½	37	+ ¼
Consol Cigar	1	51	51	51	+ ¼
Cons Coppermin	14	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅜
Cons Edison	65	35⅞	35⅛	35⅞	— ¼
Cons Edison pf	4	109	109	109	....
Cons Laundries	3	21	20½	21	+ ¼
Cons Nat Gas	6	51¾	51½	51¾	+ ¼
Con RR Cuba pf	2	37½	36¾	37½	+ ¼
Cons Vultee	28	25⅝	24¾	24¾	— ½
Container Corp	8	50½	49½	50½	+ ¼
Cont Bak	13	17¾	17	17	— ½
Cont Bak pf	1	108	108	108	— ½
Cont Can	26	47⅞	46½	47¾	+1¼
Cont Diam Fib	8	14⅝	14¼	14½	— ¼
Cont Ins	1	56	56	56	....
Cont Motors	24	19	18⅝	18⅞	— ⅜
Cont Oil Del	16	47½	47	47½	+ ¼
Cont Steel	1	20½	20½	20½	— ½
Cooper-Bess	2	25¾	25½	25½	— ½
Copperweld Stl	5	19	18½	18¾	+ ¼
Corn Products	15	59½	58½	59½	+ ¼
Cornell-Dub El	3	22½	22¼	22½	+ ½
Corning Glass	3	35¾	35½	35½	— ¼
Coty Inc	3	13¾	13⅝	13¾	— ½
Coty Internat	6	6⅛	6	6	— ¼
Crane Co	9	45¼	45	45¼	— ¼
Crane Co pf	2	108¼	107½	108¼	+ ¼
Crosley Corp	1	31	31	31	— ¼
Crown C & S	3	51	50¾	51	+ ½
Crown Zellerb	21	37	35⅞	36⅞	— ¾
Cr Zell 4 pf	1	137	137	137	—1½
Crucible Steel	4	45½	45¼	45¼	+ ¼
Crucible St pf	1	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	+ ⅝
Cuban-Am Sug	6	25½	25	25	— ¼
Cudahy Pack	10	54½	52½	53	— ½
Cuneo Press	1	57	57	57	....
Cunning Drug	1	65	65	65	+1½
Curtis Pub	52	22⅝	22¼	22⅝	+ ⅜
Curtis P pr pf	1	76½	76½	76½	+ ½
Curtiss-Wright	56	7⅝	7½	7½	....
Curtiss-Wr A	45	22½	20⅝	21¾	+ ⅞
Cutler-Hammer	5	40¾	39¾	40¾	+ ¼
Davison Chem	2	25½	25	25	— ½
Dayton Rub	3	32¾	32	32¾	+ ½
Decca Records	3	73	73	73	+1¼
Deere & Co	5	50	49⅝	50	+ ½
Deere & Co pf	5	38½	38	38	— ½
Del & Hudson	3	45¼	45	45	— ¼
Del Lack & W	10	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ¼
Detroit Edison	12	27⅞	27¼	27⅞	+ ⅛
Devoe & R A	4	38⅝	37⅞	38⅝	+ ¾
Diamond Match	3	45	45	45	+1
Diam T Mit	1	29⅝	29	29	— ½
Dist Corp-Sg	38	119	110⅛	112	— ¼
Dixie Cup A	1	58⅛	58	58	— ¼
Doehler-Jarvis	8	30⅞	30½	30½	— ¾
Dome Mines	4	24½	24	24	— ¼
Douglas Aircr	7	90½	90	90	— ¼
Dow Chem	2	178	177	178	....
Dresser Ind	9	26¾	26¼	26½	— ½
Dunhill Int	6	36½	36	36	....
duPont de N	10	209½	206	209½	+1
Eagle-Pich	12	26⅞	26	26½	— ⅛
Eastern A L	2	122½	122	122½	+1¼
East Stl	11	59	56	58¼	+5½
Eaton Mfg	3	62	61½	62	+ ¼
Edis Bros Strs	5	39⅞	39½	39½	— ⅝
Ekco Prod	2	50	49	49	—1½
Elastic St N	2	11¾	11½	11¾	— ½
El Auto-Lite	6	75½	74½	75	— ¼
Elec Boat	5	31¼	31	31¼	— ½
El & Mus Ind	12	6	5⅞	6	....
El Pow & Lt	86	28	26¾	27	— ¾
El P & L $6 pf	1	155	155	155	—2
El P & L $7 pf	6	170¼	170	170	[illegible]
El Storage Bat	2	52	52	52	— ¼
El Paso N Gas	1	36	36	36	— ½
Emerson El M	12	22½	22	22½	[illegible]
Emer Rad & Ph	41	25½	23⅞	25½	+3¼
Endicott-John	1	52½	52½	52½	+1¼
Eng Pub Service	15	38⅝	38¼	38⅝	[illegible]
Equit Off Bldg	20	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	[illegible]
Erie R R	33	16⅝	16⅜	16⅝	— ⅛
Erie RR pf A	4	77½	77	77½	— ½
Eureka Wms	6	17½	17¼	17½	— ½
Evans Products	7	30½	30	30¼	— ¼
Eversharp	12	54½	52¾	54	+1
Ex-Cell-O	1	55	55	55	— ½
Exchange Buffet	3	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ¼
Fairbanks Morse	10	75	74½	75	+1½
Fajardo Sugar	8	28½	27⅞	27⅞	— ¼
Farns Tel&Rad	17	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
Fed Mng&Smelt	3	49½	49	49½	— ½
Fed Mogul	1	34	33⅞	34	— ¼
Fed Mot Truck	13	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
Federat D Strs	12	80	77	80	+2
Ferro Enam	2	29½	28½	29¼	— ¼
Fid P Fire Ins	2	61½	61½	61½	[illegible]
Firestone T&R	6	77	76½	76½	— ¼
First Nat Strs	1	63	63	63	— ¼
Flintkote	17	45½	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅝
Florence Stove	5	55	54½	54½	— ¼
Florida Pow	10	18⅛	18	18	[illegible]
Florsheim Sh A	1	55½	55½	55½	— ½
Follansbee Stl	6	17⅞	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
Food F Strs new	209	22⅝	20⅝	22	+2½
Food Machin	3	97	96½	96½	— ½
Foster Wheeler	1	42½	42½	42½	— ¼
Francisco Sugar	5	29	28½	29	+ ½
Freeport Sulph	1	57½	57½	57½	+ ¼
Fruehauf Tra	8	43	42½	43	+ ¼
Gabriel Co	5	12½	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
Gair Robert	13	10	9⅞	9⅞	[illegible]
Gair Robert pf	5	20½	20½	20½	+ ¼
Gamewell Co	3	33	33	33	— ¼
Gardner-Denver	2	34½	34½	34½	[illegible]
Gar Wood Ind	61	15½	15¼	15¼	— ¼
Gar Wood pf	2	62½	61	62½	+1½
Gaylord Cont	29	60	57½	60	+2
Gen Am Invest	4	19½	19	19½	+ ¼
Gen Am Trans	12	67½	65¾	67½	+ ¼
Gen Baking	24	12½	12¼	12½	[illegible]
Gen Bronze	3	25	24½	24½	—1
Gen Cable	3	14	14	14	— ¼
Gen Cigar	5	38	37½	37½	— ¼
Gen Elec	61	46⅝	45⅞	45⅞	— ¾
Gen Foods	4	54⅝	54	54	— ¼
Gen Mills	3	46	46	46	+1
Gen Motors	106	71¼	70⅝	70⅞	— ⅞
Gen Motors pf	2	129	129	129	[illegible]
Gen Pub Service	7	5⅝	5½	5½	— ¼
Gen Pub Util	71	21⅛	20⅝	21⅛	+ ¼
Gen Real & Ut	15	8½	8⅛	8½	+ ¼
Gen Refract	4	32½	31¾	32½	+ ¼
Gen Shoe	6	37¾	36¾	37¾	[illegible]
Gen Tel	8	43	42¾	42¾	— ¼
Gen Time Inst	1	43½	43½	43½	+ ¼
Gen T & Rub	3	50⅝	49¾	50¼	[illegible]
Gillette Saf R	17	39½	38⅞	39½	+1¼
Gillett Saf R pf	15	39⅝	38⅞	39⅝	[illegible]
Gimbel Bros	7	69½	68¼	69½	+ ¼
Glidden Co	6	47	46	46½	+ ½
Glidden cv pf	1	58½	58½	58½	— ¼
Goebel Brew	8	6⅞	6¾	6¾	[illegible]
Goodall-Sanf	6	42	42	42	[illegible]
Goodrich (B F)	13	79½	78	79¼	+ ¼
Goodyear T & R	10	73⅞	73	73	—1¼
Goodyr T&R pf	1	110	110	110	[illegible]
Goth Hosiery	2	39½	39	39½	+ ¼
Graham-Pg Mot	70	11½	10⅞	11¼	+ ¼
Granby Con M	5	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	+ ⅛
Grand Union	11	46	44	45½	+1¼
Granite City Stl	4	21½	21¼	21¼	— ¼
Grant (W T)	16	38	36½	38	+1
Gt N Ir Ore ct	1	18	18	18	[illegible]
Gt North Ry pf	19	57⅞	57½	57⅝	— ¼
Gt West Sug	1	30½	30⅛	30⅛	[illegible]
Gt West Sug pf	1	165	165	165	[illegible]
Green (H L)	1	68½	68½	68½	[illegible]
Greyhound Corp	85	45¼	43⅞	44⅞	+1⅜
Grum Airc En	22	45⅝	44½	44⅞	— ¼
Guantan Sug pf	1	97	97	97	+1
Gulf Mob&O pf	2	66	66	66	—1
Gulf Oil	18	75	74	75	— ½
Hall (WP) Print	1	41	41	41	+ ¼
Hamil Watch	1	23⅝	23	23	— ¼
Harb-Walker	13	29⅞	29¼	29⅞	+ ⅜
Hart Sch & M	1	52½	52½	52½	+ ½
Hayes Indust	6	18½	18	18	— ½
Hayes Mfg	11	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	— ¼
Hercules Motors	3	33⅝	33¼	33⅝	[illegible]
Hercules Powder	2	66	65½	66	[illegible]
Hercules Pow pf	1	137¼	136½	137¼	+ ½
Hersh Ch cv pf	1	140	140	140	+ ½
Hewitt Rub	19	39	38¼	38⅞	+ ½
Holly Sugar	2	33	32½	33	+ ½
Homestake Min	21	46½	45⅝	46⅛	+ ⅛
Houd-Hershey	6	22½	22	22¼	— ¼
Houd-Hersh pf	2	61¼	61	61	— ¼
Household Fin	5	32½	31¾	32¼	[illegible]
Houston Oil	25	27⅞	26⅞	27⅜	+ ¼
Howe Sound	4	47½	46½	47	[illegible]
Hudson & M	5	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
Huds B M & S	11	41¾	41¼	41½	+ ¼
Hudson Motor	13	29	28½	28⅞	[illegible]
Hupp Motor	16	8⅜	8⅛	8⅜	[illegible]
Idaho Power	4	42	40¼	42	+ ¼
Illinois Central	15	36⅞	36⅛	36⅝	[illegible]
Ill Central pf	1	72	72	72	— ½
Ill Term RR	19	12	11⅝	11⅞	— ¼
Indpls P & L	72	31⅞	31	31¼	— ⅜
Ind El de Mex	1	17½	17½	17½	— ½
Indust Rayon	12	46½	45⅝	46½	+ ¼
Inger-Rand	3	142	141	141	[illegible]
Inspirat C Cop	10	20	19⅝	19⅝	[illegible]
Insuransh Ctf	1	11½	11½	11½	[illegible]
Interchem Cp	1	51½	51½	51½	+ ¾
Intercon Rub	1	10½	10½	10½	[illegible]
Interlake Iron	19	16½	16¼	16⅜	[illegible]
Int Bus Mach	2	228	226½	228	+3
Int Harvester	4	92½	92	92¼	+1¼
Int Hydro-El A	28	14	13⅝	13⅞	[illegible]
Int Min & Ch	11	35½	34¾	35¼	[illegible]
Int Mining	13	8¾	8½	8⅝	— ⅛
Int Nick Can	68	38⅝	37⅞	38¼	[illegible]
Int Paper	46	50½	48⅞	50	+ ⅜
Int Pap pf	4	124½	123	124½	+1½
Int Ry Cen Am	11	26	25½	26	[illegible]
Int Shoe	2	46⅛	46	46	[illegible]
Int Tel & Tel	80	25⅞	25⅛	25⅝	+ ¼
I T & T for ct	3	26¼	25⅝	25⅝	— ½
Int Dept Strs	7	47	46	47	+1
Island Crk Cl	1	46	46	46	[illegible]
Jacobs F L	1	18	18	18	[illegible]
Jewel Tea	2	51½	51½	51½	[illegible]
J & L Stl	95	43⅛	42	42⅞	[illegible]
J & L St pf B	28	129½	126	129	[illegible]
Joy Mfg	5	31½	31	31⅛	[illegible]
Kalam Stove&F	1	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	[illegible]
Kan City South	107	32⅞	31	32⅝	[illegible]
Kan City Sou pf	2	64½	64½	64½	[illegible]
Kayser (J)	2	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	[illegible]
Kels-Hay Wh A	6	29	28½	28½	[illegible]
Kels-Hay Wh B	3	22⅝	22	22½	[illegible]
Kennecott Cop	26	57	56½	56½	[illegible]
Keystone S & W	1	45½	45½	45½	[illegible]
Kinney (GR) Co	3	22½	22	22½	[illegible]
Koppers Co	16	40¼	39¾	40¼	[illegible]
Kresge (S S)	12	44	43	43	[illegible]
Kresge Dept St	5	44½	44	44	[illegible]
Kress (S H)	2	59¾	59½	59¾	[illegible]
Kroger Co	13	62½	62	62	[illegible]
Laclede Gas	28	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	[illegible]
Lambert Co	3	61½	61	61	[illegible]
Lane Bryant	5	57⅞	56½	57⅞	[illegible]
Lee Rub & Tire	1	77	77	77	[illegible]
Lehigh C & N	42	16⅛	15⅞	16	[illegible]
Lehigh Port C	12	51¼	50	51¼	[illegible]
Lehigh Val Coal	14	4⅞	4¾	4¾	[illegible]
Lehigh V C 1 pf	4	35⅞	35⅛	35⅜	[illegible]
Lehigh V C 2 pf	1	55	55	55	[illegible]
Leh Val RR	11	12½	12⅛	12⅜	[illegible]
Lehman Corp	7	59¼	58½	59	[illegible]
Lehn & Fink	5	28⅜	28¼	28¼	[illegible]
Lerner Stores	3	40¾	40⅛	40¼	[illegible]
Lib-O-F Glass	8	66⅝	66⅛	66¼	[illegible]
Libby McN & L	27	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	[illegible]
Life Savers	1	34	33⅝	34	[illegible]
Liggett & Myers	6	100	100	100	[illegible]
Liggett & My B	1	200	199	200	[illegible]
Lily Tulip	2	62	62	62	[illegible]
Lima Locomot	1	72	72	72	[illegible]
Lion Oil	13	34	34	34	[illegible]
Liquid Carbonic	5	37⅞	37¼	37¼	[illegible]
Lockheed Airc	25	33	32½	32½	[illegible]
Loew's Inc	33	39⅞	39	39½	[illegible]
Long-Bell Lbr A	30	30	29	30	[illegible]
Lorillard (P)	6	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	[illegible]
Louisv G&E A	8	28	27⅝	28	[illegible]
Lowenstein & S	26	43	42	42¾	[illegible]
Louisv & Nash	3	65½	65	65	[illegible]
Lukens Stl	3	23½	23	23	[illegible]
MacAnd & Forb	3	41½	41	41½	[illegible]
Mack Trucks	3	71⅞	71	71½	[illegible]
Macy (R H)	13	56	55½	56	[illegible]
Mad Sq Gar	1	58⅝	58	58	[illegible]
Magma Copper	8	29	28½	29	[illegible]
Manati Sugar	4	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	[illegible]
Mandel Bros	4	24	24	24	[illegible]
Manhattan Sh	3	41	40	41	[illegible]
Maracaibo O	16	9½	9	9½	[illegible]
Marine Midland	25	9⅝	9¼	9¼	[illegible]
Marshall Field	16	54½	52⅞	53⅞	[illegible]
Martin (G L)	7	39⅞	39	39	[illegible]
Martin-Parry	4	23⅛	22⅝	23	[illegible]
Masonite Corp	2	70¼	69½	70¼	[illegible]
Master Elec	4	41½	41½	41½	[illegible]
Mathieson Alk	1	33½	33¼	33¼	[illegible]
May D Stores	14	68⅞	66⅞	68⅞	[illegible]
Maytag pf	1	52½	52	52	[illegible]
McCall Corp	2	67½	67	67	[illegible]
McCrory Stores	6	40⅛	39⅞	39⅞	[illegible]
McGraw Elec	6	40	39½	40	[illegible]
McGraw Hill	4	46½	46	46	[illegible]
McIntyre Porc	5	63	62½	63	[illegible]
McKess & Rob	5	51¼	51	51¼	[illegible]
McLellan Strs	4	32	32	32	[illegible]
McQuay-Norris	3	27¾	27½	27½	[illegible]
Mead Corp	22	27	26½	26½	[illegible]
Melville Shoe	3	49½	49	49	[illegible]
Mengel Co	7	32⅝	31¾	32	[illegible]
Miami Copper	5	16½	16¼	16¼	[illegible]
Mid-Cont Pet	13	41¾	41	41	[illegible]
Midland Stl Pr	4	54½	53½	54	[illegible]
Minn-Hon Reg	4	63½	61½	61½	[illegible]
Minn-Moline	10	15½	15¼	15½	[illegible]
Minn St P SSMA	3	19⅞	19½	19¾	[illegible]
Minn Mng & M	7	43	42⅞	43	[illegible]
Mission Corp	4	41	41	41	[illegible]
Mo-K-Texas	4	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	[illegible]
Mo-K-Tex pf	10	43½	43	43	[illegible]
Mohawk Carpet	1	66	66	66	[illegible]
Mojud Hos	5	46	45⅞	46	[illegible]
Monarch Mch T	2	43½	42½	43½	[illegible]
Monsanto Chem	1	156⅞	156⅞	156⅞	[illegible]
Montgom Ward	18	98⅛	96⅞	97⅝	[illegible]
Moore-McC Lin	10	26⅝	26	26½	[illegible]
Motor Products	1	29⅞	29½	29⅞	[illegible]
Motor Wheel	2	30½	30¼	30¼	[illegible]
Mueller Brass	4	61½	60¼	60¾	[illegible]
Mullins Mfg	2	16⅛	16	16	[illegible]
Munsing Inc	1	26	25½	26	[illegible]
Murphy G C	4	40	40	40	[illegible]
Murray Corp	18	17½	16⅞	17½	[illegible]
Murray Corp pf	2	51	51	51	[illegible]
Nash-Kelvinat	38	21	20¼	20⅞	[illegible]
Nat Acme	8	37¾	37¼	37¼	[illegible]
Nat Airlines	28	27	26⅝	26⅞	[illegible]
Nat Auto Fib	21	19½	19	19½	[illegible]
Nat Aviation	6	22⅝	21⅝	22	[illegible]
Nat Biscuit	10	36	35½	36	[illegible]
Nat Can	7	18⅝	18¼	18¼	[illegible]
Nat Cash Reg	11	40⅞	39½	40⅞	[illegible]
Nat Container	18	35	34½	35	[illegible]
Nat Cylind G	29	22½	21½	22¼	[illegible]
Nat Dairy Prod	20	43½	42¼	43	[illegible]
Nat Dept Strs	7	53½	52	53½	[illegible]
Nat Sug Ref	2	36	35½	36	[illegible]
Nat Supply	15	23⅛	22⅝	22¾	[illegible]
Nat Sup $2 pf	4	28⅝	28	28⅝	[illegible]
Nat Tea	11	39	38½	38¾	[illegible]
Nat Vul Fib	13	20½	19⅞	20⅛	[illegible]
Natomas Co	16	12⅝	12½	12½	[illegible]
Nehi Corp	1	27½	27½	27½	[illegible]
Newmont Min	3	46¾	46	46¾	[illegible]
Newpt N Ship	4	29⅝	29	29⅛	[illegible]
N Y Air Brake	5	59	59	59	[illegible]
NY Central RR	247	26⅜	25	25¼	—1⅝
NY Chi & S L	1	49	49	49	[illegible]
NY C& S L pf	3	125½	124	125½	+2¾
NYC Omnibus	3	32⅞	32½	32⅞	[illegible]
N Y Shipbldg	13	22⅞	22½	22⅝	[illegible]
Norf & West	1	284½	283½	284½	[illegible]
No Am Aviat	8	13⅞	13½	13½	[illegible]
Nor Amer Co	28	36⅞	35⅞	35⅞	[illegible]
North Pacific	33	30⅜	29½	30	[illegible]
Northwest Airl	15	52	49¼	49¼	[illegible]
Norwalk T & R	1	17	17	17	[illegible]
Norwich Pharm	3	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	[illegible]
Ohio Oil	35	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	[illegible]
Oliver Corp	2	31⅞	30¾	31⅞	[illegible]
Omnibus Corp	8	15⅝	15½	15½	[illegible]
Oppenheim Col	2	44⅝	44	44	[illegible]
Otis Elevator	25	36	34¾	35⅞	[illegible]
Owens-Ill Glass	3	95⅛	95	95⅛	[illegible]
Pac Gas & Elec	15	44⅞	44¼	44⅝	[illegible]
Pac Lighting	5	64	64	64	[illegible]
Pac Mills	5	44⅛	43½	44⅛	[illegible]
Pac Tin Cons	10	8⅝	8½	8⅝	[illegible]
Pac West Oil	1	33	33	33	[illegible]
Packard Motor	71	9⅝	9¼	9¼	[illegible]
Pan Am Airw	91	20⅞	20¼	20¼	[illegible]
Pan Am Petrol	3	19	18⅝	19	[illegible]
Panhand E P L	2	53	53	53	[illegible]
Panhand EPL pf	1	110	110	110	[illegible]
Panhandle P&R	62	11⅝	11	11¼	[illegible]
Param Pictures	137	82⅝	76	81½	+2¾
Park & Tilford	8	80	79	79½	[illegible]
Park Ut Con M	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	....
Parke Davis	5	43½	43	43½	+ ½
Parker Rust-Pr	6	31½	31	31½	+ ½
Parmelee Trans	11	19⅛	18⅝	18⅞	— ¼
Patino Mines	3	20½	20⅜	20⅜	— ½
Penick & Ford	1	73½	72½	72½	+1½
Penney (J C)	13	55⅞	55	55⅞	+ ½
Penn-Cent Airl	3	38½	38	38½	+ ½
Penn Coal&Coke	4	14⅛	14¼	14¼	+ ½
Penn-Dix Cem	6	28⅝	27⅞	28	— ½
Penn Pw & Lt	8	24½	24	24	—1
Penn RR	68	41½	40⅝	40⅞	— ½
Penn Salt	1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peoples Gas L&C	1	111½	111½	111½	+1½
Pepsi-Cola	34	33⅝	33	33	[illegible]
Pere Marquette	3	28½	28¼	28½	[illegible]
Pere Marq pf	3	104	104	104	+1¼
Pere Marq pr pf	3	128	128	128	+3
Petrol Corp	4	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ¼
Pfizer Ch & Co	32	73	69½	73	+3¾
Phelps Dodge	7	43⅞	43⅜	43⅝	— ½
Phila Elec	34	30⅛	30	30	— ¼
Phila El $1 pf	7	30½	30¼	30¼	— ¼
Phil & Rdg C&I	22	19⅝	18⅞	19	— ½
Philco Corp	24	35⅛	34⅞	35	— ¼
Philip Morris	3	46⅞	46¾	46⅞	— ¼
Phillips Pet	14	66	65	66	+1⅛
Phoenix Hosiery	1	34	34	34	+1
Pillsbury Mills	1	34½	34½	34½	[illegible]
Pitt Coke & Ch	19	12½	12	12	— ¼
Pitt Con Coal	45	26½	25½	25½	— ½
Pitt Plate Gl	3	42½	42½	42½	+1¼
Pitt Scr & Bolt	17	11½	11⅜	11½	[illegible]
Pitt Steel	6	20	19¾	20	[illegible]
Pittston Co	9	29½	29	29	— ½
Plough	1	30	30	30	[illegible]
Plymouth Oil	8	29	28½	29	[illegible]
Pond Creek Poc	1	37	37	37	—1
Poor & Co B	2	22½	21½	22⅝	+ ½
Pressed Stl Car	22	24⅞	24	24⅞	+ ½
Procter & Gam	5	68⅝	67⅝	68¼	+1¼
Pub Svc Colo	16	39	37½	38⅝	— ¼
Pub Svc N J	6	28⅝	28⅛	28¼	[illegible]
Pub Sv NJ $6 pf	2	147	146½	147	[illegible]
Pub S NJ $5 pf	1	111⅝	111	111⅝	[illegible]
Publicker Ind	33	47⅞	46⅝	47¼	[illegible]
Publicker Ind pf	1	103	103	103	[illegible]
Pullman	13	62	61½	62	[illegible]
Pure Oil	20	26⅞	26	26⅞	[illegible]
Purity Bak	2	36	35½	36	[illegible]
Quaker Sta Oil	2	23	23	23	[illegible]
Radio Corp	73	16⅝	16¼	16½	[illegible]
Radio pf	2	91	91	91	[illegible]
Rad-Keith-Orph	173	27	26¼	26⅞	[illegible]
Raybestos-Man	1	45½	45½	45½	[illegible]
Rayonier Inc	17	29¼	28¾	29	[illegible]
Rayonier Inc pf	2	39	38½	39	[illegible]
Reading Co	5	27½	26½	26½	[illegible]
Reliable Stores	4	41	40½	41	[illegible]
Reliance Mfg	5	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	[illegible]
Remington Rand	36	47½	45½	46⅞	[illegible]
Reo Motors	25	30½	29⅝	30	[illegible]
Repub Avia	47	20½	19⅝	20½	[illegible]
Repub Pict	42	16⅞	16⅜	16⅝	[illegible]
Repub Pict pf	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Repub Steel	52	34½	33⅞	34¼	[illegible]
Rep Steel pf A	2	114½	114¼	114½	[illegible]
Revere Cop & Br	24	26⅞	25⅝	26	[illegible]
Reynolds Metals	1	39	38½	38½	[illegible]
Reynolds Sprg	1	22½	22	22	[illegible]
Reyn Tob B	16	44½	43⅞	44	[illegible]
Reyn Tob pf	2	106	105½	106	[illegible]
Rheem Mfg	4	26⅝	26	26⅝	[illegible]
Richfield Oil	11	18⅝	18½	18½	[illegible]
Ritter Co	1	36	36	36	[illegible]
Roan Ant Cop	7	10½	10⅜	10½	[illegible]
Royal Type	98	29⅞	27½	29½	[illegible]
Ruberoid	3	59	58½	59	[illegible]
Ruppert J	2	26¾	26¼	26½	[illegible]
Safeway Stores	11	30¾	30¼	30¼	[illegible]
St Joseph Lead	3	64	63½	64	[illegible]
Savage Arms	4	14½	14	14⅛	[illegible]
Schenley Distil	57	80⅝	78	80	+2¼
Scott Paper	3	57	56½	57	[illegible]
Seab A L RR	27	32⅝	32	32⅝	[illegible]
Seaboard Oil	10	35	35	35	[illegible]
Sears Roebuck	60	47⅝	46½	47	[illegible]
Seeger-Sunbeam	13	21½	20½	21¼	+1¼
Servel Inc	17	20⅝	20	20	[illegible]
Shamrock O&G	18	29¼	28⅝	29	[illegible]
Sharon Stl	14	36	35	35⅞	[illegible]
Sharp & Dohme	34	36⅝	35¼	35⅞	[illegible]
Sharp & Doh pf	1	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	[illegible]
Shattuck (F G)	5	25⅞	25¼	25¼	[illegible]
Shell Union Oil	6	38⅝	38¼	38⅜	[illegible]
Silver King Coal	6	13¼	12½	12½	[illegible]
Simmons Co	2	49⅞	49½	49½	[illegible]
Simonds S & Stl	3	52½	52	52½	[illegible]
Sinclair Oil	25	19⅛	19	19⅛	[illegible]
Skelly Oil	1	78	77½	78	[illegible]
Sloss-Shef Stl	4	21¾	21	21	[illegible]
Smith AO Corp	2	77	76	76	[illegible]
Smith & Cor Ty	6	43⅞	42½	43¾	+2
Socony-Vacuum	96	16⅞	16⅝	16¾	[illegible]
Sou Am G & P	45	7⅛	7	7	[illegible]
So P Rico Sug	1	52½	52½	52½	[illegible]
So'east Greyh L	1	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	[illegible]
Sou Cal Edison	7	38⅝	38¼	38⅝	[illegible]
Sou Nat Gas	6	29¼	29	29	[illegible]
South Pacific	50	60⅞	60	60⅛	[illegible]
Southern Ry	22	53⅝	52⅝	53	[illegible]
Southern Ry pf	1	82½	82½	82½	[illegible]
Spalding A G	6	28⅞	28	28	[illegible]
Sparks Withing	9	11	10⅝	10⅞	[illegible]
Spencer Kell	1	49½	49½	49½	[illegible]
Sperry Corp	30	32⅞	32⅛	32⅛	[illegible]
Spiegel Inc	17	35⅛	34⅞	34⅞	[illegible]
Square D Co	8	22½	22½	22½	[illegible]
Squibb & Sons	6	47½	47	47	[illegible]
Stand Brands	11	52½	52	52	[illegible]
Std G&E $4 pf	30	51½	50⅞	51½	[illegible]
Std G&E$7pr pf	3	142	141⅛	142	[illegible]
Stand Oil Cal	23	55½	55½	55½	[illegible]
Stand Oil Ind	25	47	46⅛	46⅛	[illegible]
Stand Oil N J	39	78	77⅜	78	[illegible]
Stand Oil Ohio	12	26⅛	26	26	[illegible]
Std Oil Ohio pf	1	106	106	106	[illegible]
Std Stl Sprg	25	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	[illegible]
Starrett (L S)	2	47	47	47	[illegible]
Sterling Drug	1	60	59	59	[illegible]
Stewart-Warn	4	21⅝	21⅜	21⅜	[illegible]
Stokely-Van Cp	16	39	38	38	[illegible]
Stokely-V C pf	5	21⅝	21½	21½	[illegible]
Stone & Webst	18	31⅞	31⅜	31⅜	[illegible]
Studebaker Cp	25	31⅛	30⅝	30⅞	[illegible]
Sun Chem	22	21	20⅞	21	[illegible]
Sun Oil	1	72½	72½	72½	[illegible]
Sunray Oil	11	11⅝	11⅜	11½	[illegible]
Sunshine Bisc	1	48½	47½	48½	[illegible]
Sunshine Mng	15	21⅝	20⅞	21	[illegible]
Superheater	6	32½	32	32	[illegible]
Superior Steel	2	42	42	42	[illegible]
Sweets Co Am	2	46¾	46	46	[illegible]
Swift & Co	7	38¾	38	38½	[illegible]
Swift Intl	10	33⅞	33⅜	33⅝	[illegible]
Sylvan El Prod	4	36½	36½	36½	[illegible]
Syming-Gould	9	15⅛	15	15	[illegible]
Talcott J Inc	1	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	[illegible]
Tenn Corp	12	22⅞	22⅛	22⅛	[illegible]
Texas Co	18	63¼	62½	62⅝	[illegible]
Texas Gulf Pd	13	13⅛	12⅞	13	[illegible]
Texas Gulf Sul	1	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	[illegible]
Tex Pac C&O	33	29	28½	29	[illegible]
Tex Pac L Tr	73	23½	22½	23	[illegible]
Tex & Pac Ry	5	50	49½	50	[illegible]
Thatcher Mfg	2	44⅞	44¾	44¾	[illegible]
The Fair	1	26	26	26	[illegible]
Thermoid Co	2	14½	14¼	14¼	[illegible]
Third Ave Tran	1	14	14	14	[illegible]
Thompson Prod	3	62⅝	62	62⅝	[illegible]
Thompson P pf	1	110⅛	110	110⅛	[illegible]
Thompson-Starr	3	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	[illegible]
Tide Wat A O	16	22⅞	22½	22⅝	[illegible]
Timken-Det Ax	2	50	50	50	[illegible]
Timken R B	15	58	58	58	—2¼
Transamerica	15	18⅝	18⅛	18⅜	[illegible]
Trans & W Air	11	50⅝	50	50¼	[illegible]
Transue & W	2	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	[illegible]
Tri-Cont Cp	18	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	[illegible]
Truax-Traer C	1	20½	20½	20½	[illegible]
Twent C-Fox	26	61¼	60½	61	[illegible]
Twent C-Fox pf	4	75⅞	75½	75⅞	[illegible]
Twin City R T	3	21¾	21¾	21¾	[illegible]
Twin Coach	3	22½	22	22½	[illegible]
Underwood	5	75	75	75	[illegible]
Un Asb & R	5	19⅜	19	19	[illegible]
Union B & P	10	33⅞	33⅜	33⅝	[illegible]
Union Carbide	13	118	116	118	+2
Union Oil Cal	17	28⅝	27½	28⅛	[illegible]
Union Pac	3	164	153½	154	[illegible]
Union Tank C	3	39⅞	39⅝	39⅝	[illegible]
United Air L	41	42¾	42	42¼	[illegible]
United Aircraft	23	31⅝	30⅞	31	[illegible]
Unit Airc pf	2	111½	110⅝	111¼	[illegible]
United Biscuit	1	56	56	56	[illegible]
United Carbon	1	90⅞	90⅛	90⅛	[illegible]
Un Cig-Wh Strs	18	26¾	26⅜	26⅝	[illegible]
Un Cig-Wh prpf	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United Corp	161	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	[illegible]
United Corp pf	6	53½	53	53	[illegible]
United Drug	15	35⅝	34⅝	35	[illegible]
United Elec Coal	7	18⅝	17½	18	[illegible]
Unit Eng & Fdy	3	62⅝	62	62	[illegible]
United Fruit	1	143	142⅜	143	[illegible]
Unit Gas Imp	13	27⅝	27⅜	27⅜	[illegible]
Unit M & M	48	70	66½	70	+2½
United Paperbd	7	13⅞	13⅜	13⅞	[illegible]
U S & For Sec	25	29⅝	29	29	[illegible]
U S Freight	3	22	21½	22	[illegible]
U S Gypsum	4	125½	123½	125½	+2
U S Hoff Mach	2	42½	42	42½	[illegible]
U S Indus Chem	2	54¾	54¼	54½	+1
U S Leather A	2	37½	37	37½	[illegible]
U S Lines	47	19⅝	18⅝	19	[illegible]
U S Lines pf	14	11	11	11	[illegible]
U S Pipe & Fy	1	57	57	57	[illegible]
U S Real & Imp	15	5⅛	5	5	[illegible]
U S Rubber	15	76⅞	76	76	[illegible]
U S Sm R & M	3	69⅝	69	69	[illegible]
U S Sm R&M pf	2	87	86¾	87	+1
U S Steel	65	88½	84¾	[illegible]	[illegible]
U S Steel pf	2	157⅞	157½	157⅞	[illegible]
U S Tobacco	6	27⅞	26⅞	27⅞	[illegible]
U S Tob pf	1	51⅞	51½	51⅞	[illegible]
United Stockyds	6	8⅛	8	8	[illegible]
Unit Strs 2 pf	24	17⅛	16⅜	17⅛	[illegible]
Unit Stores pf	1	117½	117½	117½	[illegible]
Univ-Cyclops Stl	3	23	23	23	[illegible]
Univ Lab	3	19⅛	19	19	[illegible]
Univ Pict	17	47⅞	44¾	46⅞	+1½
Van Norman	1	24	24	24	[illegible]
Vanadium Corp	4	31⅞	31⅛	31⅛	[illegible]
Vick Chem	1	49	49	49	[illegible]
Vic Chem Wks	1	49	49	49	[illegible]
Va-Caro Chem	11	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝	[illegible]
Va Iron C&C pf	1	100	100	100	[illegible]
Virginian Ry	5	50⅜	50	50	[illegible]
Viking Corp A	1	50	50	50	[illegible]
Walgreen Co	1	51	51	51	[illegible]
Walker H G&W	15	127½	124	125½	—1¼
Walworth Co	23	18⅛	17⅞	17⅞	[illegible]
Ward Baking	5	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	[illegible]
Warner Br Pict	65	53⅛	50¾	52	[illegible]
Warren Pet	3	28⅜	28	28¼	[illegible]
Waukesha Mot	3	29	28¾	29	[illegible]
Webster Tob	2	14½	14¼	14¼	[illegible]
Wesson O & S	3	37¾	37	37¾	[illegible]
West Ind Sug	14	43	42½	42¾	[illegible]
W Va Pulp&Pap	4	47½	47	47½	[illegible]
Western Air L	2	26¼	26	26¼	+1
West Auto Sup	3	84⅝	84	84⅝	+2
West Maryland	3	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜	[illegible]
West Pac	5	53⅛	52⅞	52⅞	—1
West Un Tel A	59	38⅝	37	38	[illegible]
Westing Air Br	16	37⅞	37	37⅞	[illegible]
Westing Elec	73	34	33⅜	33⅞	[illegible]
Weston El Inst	1	39	39	39	[illegible]
Westvaco Chlor	3	41	40⅛	40⅛	[illegible]
Westvaco Chl pf	1	104⅛	104	104	[illegible]
Wheeling Steel	5	51⅝	50½	51⅛	[illegible]
White Dent	1	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	[illegible]
White Motor	5	38⅞	37¾	38⅞	[illegible]
White Sew Mch	29	17⅝	16⅞	17⅝	[illegible]
Wilcox Oil	2	11⅞	11¾	11¾	[illegible]
Willys-Overland	31	23⅛	22⅝	22⅞	[illegible]
Wilson & Co	46	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝	[illegible]
Wilson & Co pf	2	99⅝	99½	99½	[illegible]
Wilson-Jones	4	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	[illegible]
Woodward Iron	1	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	[illegible]
Woolworth F W	11	59⅞	59⅛	59⅜	[illegible]
Worthing P & M	4	61⅜	60½	61⅛	[illegible]
Wrigley (W) Jr	2	76½	76	76	[illegible]
Wyand Wor	11	46⅛	45⅝	45⅝	[illegible]
Yale & Towne	1	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	[illegible]
York Corp	10	23⅜	23⅛	23⅛	[illegible]
Young Spg & W	1	30½	30½	30½	[illegible]
Youngst Sh & T	19	72	70½	71⅞	[illegible]
Youngst Stl Dr	4	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	[illegible]
Zenith Radio	2	36	35⅝	35⅝	[illegible]
Zonite Products	16	13⅞	13½	13½	[illegible]

New York Cotton

New York, May 8 (AP).—Cotton futures moved higher today on mill and New Orleans buying which met only limited offerings.

Steadiness was influenced by an unfavorable weekly weather report which noted cold weather and rain in the South delayed planting and growth. The final range was unchanged to 30 cents a bale higher, with the May, 1946, delivery off 50 cents a bale on liquidation anticipating expiration of trading in that contract on May 16.

Early losses of 75 cents a bale had been registered on the pessimistic report regarding the coal strike.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	
May	27.40	27.42	27.35	†27.40	—10
July	27.45	27.57	27.43	27.56	+ 1
October	27.52	27.71	27.52	27.70	+ 3
December	27.55	27.73	27.55	27.73	+ 4
March	27.64	27.82	27.62	†27.81	+ 4
May	27.71	27.90	27.70	†27.89	+ 6

Middling spot, *28.14, +2.
*Nominal. †Bid.

Pere Marquette C. & O. Merger Waits ICC Nod

Detroit, May 8 (AP).—Governmental approval is the sole remaining formality now for the merger of the Pere Marquette Railway with the Chesapeake & Ohio system.

Stockholders of the Michigan road voted approval of the merger yesterday, leaving the final decision up to the Interstate Commerce Commission. C. & O. stockholders voted approval last month.

The ICC has the proposal under advisement, having completed its hearing on the application April 27.

Merger of the two railroads would effect a unified system extending 5000 miles from the Atlantic Seaboard to western Michigan and connecting via ferries across Lake Michigan.

Economies in operation and improved service for Pere Marquette have been set forth as grounds for the merger.

Newsprint Maker Speeds Shipments

New York, May 8 (AP).—One of the largest manufacturers of newsprint disclosed today plans had been put into effect to speed up shipments to newspapers as a precaution against the possibility of a general freight embargo.

Such a contingency, it was emphasized, appeared remote at present.

At the same time, many newspapers now have on hand dangerously low stocks of newsprint and it was believed desirable to guard against any possibility of a complete shut-off of shipments.

Newsprint and printing inks are exempted from the limited freight embargos scheduled to go into effect May 10.

Int. Paper Reports Sharp Gain in Net

New York, May 8 (AP).—International Paper Co. first quarter net earnings, including returns from foreign subsidiaries, were $4,241,512, John H. Hinman, president, informed the annual stockholders meeting today.

The company reported net earnings of $2,110,243 in the 1945 March quarter, but Hinman pointed out this was exclusive of foreign subsidiary earnings, which would have raised the net to $2,701,419.

The improvement in 1946 quarter earnings reflected the lower 1946 tax rates in both the United States and Canada, the report said.

Live Lamb Prices Set 28-Year Peak

Chicago, May 8 (AP).—Live lamb prices hit the highest level today in 28 years, topping the previous next highest established last month by a nickel a hundredweight.

Today's top was $17.65 paid on a load of good and choice 95-pound Nebraska fed wooled lambs. In addition the producer receives a Government subsidy of $2.65 for a total of $20.30.

Chicago Grain

Chicago, May 8 (AP).—After moving over a nearly 10-cent range, May rye today finished just about where it started—at the bottom. Opening on a loss of 5 cents, the contract moved ahead until at one time it was 4⅝ above yesterday's close. Toward the finish selling expanded and the final price of $2.72⅝ reflected a 5-cent drop from the previous session.

May rye was the only contract in which there were any price changes. There were transactions in all oats deliveries, but all sales were at the ceiling of 83 cents. Wheat, corn, barley and deferred rye were bid at ceilings.

Range follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½
September	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½
December	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½
May, 1947	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½	1.83½
Corn—				
May	1.21½	1.21½	1.21½	1.21½
July	1.21½	1.21½	1.21½	1.21½
September	1.21½	1.21½	1.21½	1.21½
Oats—				
May	83	83	83	83
July	83	83	83	83
September	83	83	83	83
December	83	83	83	83
Rye—				
May	2.73	2.82	2.72⅝	2.72⅝
July	1.48½	1.48½	1.48½	1.48½
September	1.48½	1.48½	1.48½	1.48½
December	1.48½	1.48½	1.48½	1.48½
Barley—				
May	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½
July	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½
September	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½
December	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½	1.26½

Cash Grain.

Chicago, May 8 (AP).—WHEAT—No. 2 red and hard, 1.82 nominal, ceiling.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, 1.19 nominal, ceiling.
OATS—None.
BARLEY—Malting, 1.25@1.43½ nominal; feed, 1.14@1.24½ nominal.
FIELD SEED (hundredweight)—Nominal: Red clover, 31.50; sweet clover, 10.75; alsike, 26.50; alfalfa, common, 33.50@36.50; timothy, 5.75@6.00; red, 12.00@12.50.

D. C. Securities

The Washington Stock Exchange list is published in full on Tuesday. Thereafter quotations are published when there are sales or changes in the bid and asked prices. Quotations follow:

Sales—After Call
Riggs Bank com.—8 at 378.
Garfinckel com.—25 at 57½.
Wash. Gas com.—10 at 33½.

	Bid.	Asked.
Public Utility Bonds		
Am T&T conv deb 3s, 1956	152½	....
Cap Tran 1st Ref 4s, 1964	103	106
Georgetown G 1st 5s, 1961	127	....
Public Utility Stocks		
Amer Tel & Tel (9)	193¾	....
Pot Elec P 5½% pf (5.50)	110	111
Wash Gas Lt com (1.50)	32½	34
Wash G Lt cum pf (4.25)	110	....
Wash G Lt cum conv pf (4.50)	116½	....
Trust Company Stock		
Amer Sec & Tr Co (10)	330	345
Title Insurance Stock		
Real Estate (†6)	192	....
Miscellaneous Stocks		
Garfinckel com (1.60)	56½	59
Hecht com (1.20)	40¾	....
Lanston Mono new) (1.00)	18¼	....
Mergenthaler Lino (a1.00)	76	78
Natl Mtge&Inv pf (p40)	7½	....

†Plus extras. (a)Paid so far this year. (p) Paid in 1945.

Dividend Action

New York, May 8 (AP).—Dividends declared:

	Rate.	Period.	Stk. of record.	Payable.
Accumulated				
Ill Pow pf	$2.25	..	5-11	6- 1
Seattle N Gas pf	$1.25	..	5-15	6- 1
Increased				
Ronson Art Metal	35c	Q	6- 3	6-12
Semler Inc	25c	..	6- 1	6-11
Acme Steel	50c	Q	5-29	6-12
Sunray Oil	15c	..	5-15	6-20
Decreased				
Timken Roller Bear.	37½c	..	5-20	6- 5
Initial				
Parker Pen new	50c	..	5-15	5-27
Regular				
Buffalo Forge	45c	..	5-17	5-27
Consol Cop Mines	10c	..	5-17	5-31
Fajardo Sugar	25c	..	5-16	6- 1
Idaho Power	40c	Q	4-25	5-20
Leath & Co	25c	Q	6-15	7- 1
Michigan P S	25c	Q	5-15	6- 1
Oak Mfg	15c	..	6- 1	6-16
Purity Bak	40c	Q	5-17	6- 1
Reo Motors	37½c	..	6- 5	6-25
Allis Chalmers Mfg	40c	..	6- 7	6-29
Brown Shoe	30c	..	5-15	6- 1
Cen Ill P S 6% pf	$1.50	Q	5-20	6-15
Cushman's Sons pf	$1.75	Q	5-17	6- 1
National-Standard	50c	Q	6-15	7- 1
Purity Bak	40c	Q	5-17	6- 1
Solar Mfg	15c	Q	5-31	6-15
Sun Oil	25c	Q	5-24	6-15
Union Tank Car	50c	Q	5-17	6- 1
No Action				
New York Central Railroad.				

Rails in Van Of Stock Dip On Coal Crisis

New York, May 8 (AP).—Renewed pessimism in the coal crisis gripped the stock market today.

A number of pivotal issues gave up fractions to more than a point, although special news of dividends, stock splits and earnings propped some favorites, especially among industrials.

Rails retreated in response to fears of new losses resulting from the impending freight embargo and scheduled curtailments. The downturn was intensified by omission of dividend action by directors of New York Central. Steels, motors and rubbers were other leaders of an early decline, although most losses in these groups were trimmed somewhat.

WHAT STOCKS DID

	Wed.	Tues.
Advances	408	752
Declines	378	140
Unchanged	193	126
Total issues	979	1018

Selling pressure was never urgent, and transfers totaled 1,210,000 shares against 1,350,000 Tuesday. The Associated Press 60-stock average dipped .1 of a point to 78.6.

After directors approved a stock split and increased dividend rate, Distillers Corp. added 6 points to recent gains, then lost it and closed off ¼ at $112. Burlington Mills closed up 4⅞ at $54.37 on a proposed split, and talk of such action boosted Paramount 2¾ to $81.50. Food Fair Stores, recently split 4-for-1, clibed 2½ to $22 which was equivalent to $88 for the old stock which closed last Saturday at $67.

Timken Roller Bearing was off 2¼ at $58 on a cut in the dividend. A block of 12,300 shares of Air Reduction sold more than a point under the previous close, and a proposed secondary offering of the stock was withdrawn. The issue subsequently recovered to close unchanged to $54.50.

AGE Successor To Retire Bonds

New York, May 8 (AP).—The board of directors of General Public Utilities Corp., successor to Associated Gas & Electric Co. and Associated Gas & Electric Corp., has authorized the call for redemption of the company's 4¼ per cent convertible debentures on or about August 5 at 105 and accrued interest.

Each $1000 principal amount of debentures is convertible up to the day before the redemption date into 59 shares of common stock.

The corporation reported consolidated net income for the first 1946 quarter of $3,534,047, or 47 cents each on 7,536,500 shares of common stock estimated to be issuable pursuant to the plan of reorganization of predecessor companies, but not including shares issuable in exchange for the debenture.

Dividend Raised By U. S. Rubber

New York, May 8 (AP).—Directors of the United States Rubber Co. today declared a dividend of 75 cents a common share, an increase of 25 cents over previous disbursements. The dividend is payable June 10 to stock of record May 20.

The dividend disbursements are payable from earned surplus as of Dec. 31, 1945.

The last increase in common dividend payments was voted in December, 1943, when the amount was uped from 25 to 50 cents. Quarterly disbursements of 50 cents were made in both 1944 and 1945.

N. Y. Central Omits Dividend

New York, May 8 (AP).—Directors of New York Central Railroad Co. announced today no action was taken on a common stock dividend normally due at this time. For the past three years the company has been paying dividends of 50 cents a share in July and $1 in the Januarys follows.

5 for 1 Split Voted

Montreal, May 8 (AP).—Directors of Distillers Corp.-Seagrams, Ltd., at their meeting today approved a split-up of common stock on a five-for-one share basis.

Local Produce

Eggs and Poultry

EGGS—Steady to firm. Whites, Browns, Mixed Colors: U. S. Grade A, large, 40½; mediums, 34; U. S. Grade B, large, 36; U. S. Grade C, 34. Commercially graded A, extra large, 42@42.2; large, 39@40; Grade B, 35@36; Grade C, 29@30; Current Receipts, 33@34.

LIVE POULTRY—Firm. Very light receipts cleared readily under good demand. Fowl, 29.8@30; Leghorns, 38; Broilers, Fryers and Roasters, 34.4@34.7.

DRESSED POULTRY (ice packed)—Steady to firm. Fresh receipts light and offerings scarce. Storage supplies ample. Fowl, 34.6@36.8; Broilers, Fryers and Roasters, 40.5@41.5; B, 39@40.1; C, 35.6.

Fruits and Vegetables
(Sales on Wholesale Market in Less-Than-Carlot Quantities.)

APPLES—Steady. Good movement for large size. Somewhat sluggish for small size. Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia, bushel baskets: Yorks, U. S. No. 1, 2-2¼ inches, 4.50@4.75; 2¼ inches and larger, 5.00@5.29; Winesaps, U. S. No. 1, 2-2¼ inches minimum, 3.75@4.00; 2¼ inches and larger, 5.00@5.29; showing wasty, 4.00@4.75, according to quality and condition.

ASPARAGUS — Pyramid crates, dozen bunches: New Jersey, Colossal, 3.50@5.00; Fancy, 3.50@4.00, according to quality and condition.

CABBAGE—North Carolina, bushel baskets, Domestic Round type, packed locally, 1.50@2.00; 50-lb. sacks, Domestic Round type, 1.50@1.75, few higher; 50-lb. sacks, Pointed type, 1.75. South Carolina, 50-lb. sacks, Domestic Round type, 2.25.

CELERY—Florida, 16-inch wirebound crates, trimmed tops, Golden Heart, 3-6 dozen, 3.50@3.75; 8-10 dozen, 3.00@3.25; Pascal, all sizes, 3.50@4.00, mostly 3.50.

CORN—Florida, sacks, 4 dozen, 2.75@3.00. Texas, sacks, 5 dozen, 3.00@3.25.

LETTUCE—California, L. A. crates, Iceberg type, 4-5 dozen, 4.00@4.50, mostly around 4.50, few higher. South Carolina, bushel baskets, Iceberg type, 1.00@1.50.

POTATOES—Old stock: Market steady. U. S. No. 1, size A: Maine, 100-lb. sacks, Katahdin type, 3.50@3.90; Super Spuds, 50-lb. sacks, 1.75; 10-lb. sacks, 50@52. Idaho, 100-lb. sacks, Russet Burbanks, U. S. No. 1, 4.50. New stock: Market about steady. Florida, 50-lb. sacks, Bliss Triumphs, U. S. No. 1, 2.25@2.75; 100-lb. sacks, Pontiacs, U. S. No. 1, size A, 4.00@4.25. California, 100-lb. sacks, Long Whites, U. S. No. 1, 5.00.

STRAWBERRIES—North Carolina, 24-quart crates, various varieties, 13.00@14.00, low as 8.00; holdovers, showing moldy, 5.00@7.00, few best 10.00@12.00.

SWEET POTATOES — Louisiana, bushel crates, Puerto Ricans, U. S. No. 1, 4.50@4.75. New Jersey, bushel baskets, Jersey type, U. S. No. 1, 4.25@4.40. North Carolina, bushel baskets, Puerto Ricans, U. S. No. 1, 4.00@4.50.

TOMATOES—Repacks, 10-lb. cartons, 2.00; best, 4s, 1.75@2.00; 5s, 1.25@1.50; lugs, 3.50@4.00, mostly 4.00. Originals: Florida, lugs, U. S. No. 1, 6x6 and larger, 3.00@3.50; 6x7, 1.50@2.50. Texas, lugs, U. S. No. 1, 6x6 and larger, 3.25@3.50.

New York Bond Prices

By the Associated Press

Total sales yesterday, $3,810,000; previous day, $5,610,000; week ago, $6,598,000; year ago, $12,338,900; two years ago, $6,951,800; January 1 to date, $578,284,600; year ago, $1,095,033,650; two years ago, $1,205,639,300.

Dow-Jones Bonds

New York, May 8.

40 bonds	107.85	—0.01
10 higher grade rails	117.61	Unch.
10 second grade rails	100.43	—0.05
10 public utilities	106.79	+0.02
10 industrials	106.19	+0.03

Sales in thousands	High	Low	Close
5 Abit P P 5 '53 st	109½	109½	109½
16 Am & F P 5 2030	108	107⅞	108
13 Am T & T 3 '56	105½	105½	105½
5 Am T & T 2¾ '75	104½	104	104
6 Am T & T 2¾ '80	104¾	104¾	104¾
19 B & O '95 A	88	86⅞	87½
41 B & O '95 C	93	92½	92½
10 B & O 2000 D	87½	87	87
23 B & O '96 F	88½	88	88
96 B & O cv '60	71½	70½	70½
28 B & O 4 '48	104½	104½	104½
7 Beth S 2¾ '70	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
18 Bost Me 4½ '70	72½	71⅝	71⅝
5 Bost Me 4 '60	99⅛	99	99
9 Buf R&P '57 st	84½	84¼	84¼
35 Can P 4 perp	117⅝	116⅝	116⅞
13 Celan 3 '65	105	104⅞	104⅞
19 Cen Pac 5 '60	105⅝	105⅛	105⅛
20 Chi & A 3 '49	59½	59	59
7 C & E I inc '97	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
6 Chi I&L 5 '66	20½	20	20
62 CMSPP inc 4½ '19	86⅝	86	86
60 CMSPP cv 4½ '44	84	83½	83⅝
87 C & N W 4¾ '89	92	91½	91⅝
92 C R I P 4½ '52A	66⅛	65⅝	66
37 CRIP 4½ '60	35	34	34
10 C R I & P 4 '88	90½	90½	90½
101 CRIP r 4 '34	63½	62½	62½
18 C C C & L 4½ '77	94¼	93¾	93⅞
22 D & G W 5 '55 A	24	24	24
22 Erie 4½ 2015	93⅞	93½	93⅞
6 Gt Nor 3½ 2000	104¼	104¼	104¼
7 H & M r 5 '57	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝
14 H & M inc 5 '57	39⅛	38⅞	39⅛
12 I C 4¾ '66	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
42 ICCSL 5 '63A	101¼	100⅞	101
7 ICCSL 4½ '63	97⅞	97⅝	97⅝
11 Int GN 6 '52	45⅜	44⅛	45⅜
12 Int GN 1st 6 '52	84⅝	84	84
6 Int GN 5 '56 B	105	105	105
39 Int RR 6 '44	99¾	98	98
13 Int T&T 5 '55	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
38 LVNY 4½ '50	92½	92½	92½
7 Leh V 5 2003 st	66	65½	66
7 Leh V 4½ 2003	58⅞	57⅞	57⅞
7 Leh V 4 2003	54¼	54	54
7 MSPSSM 4 '91	74	73¾	73¾
23 M-K-T 5 '62A	98½	97⅞	98¼
5 M-K-T sf 5 '67	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
26 M-K-T 1st 4 '90	99¾	99⅛	99½
41 Mo P 5¼ '49	40⅞	40	40
8 Mo P 5 '65A	96⅞	96½	96½
65 Mo P 5 '77F	94⅞	94⅛	94⅛
11 Mo P 5 '78G	94¾	94½	94½
117 Mo P 5 '80H	94½	94	94
214 Mo P 5 '81I	94¾	94¼	94½
61 Mo P g 4 '75	53½	52½	52½
6 Mor&E 4½ '55	72⅞	72¾	72¾
9 Mor & E 3½ 2000	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝
17 N Y C r 5 2013	98½	97¾	97¾
81 NYC 4½ 2013A	92½	91⅞	91⅞
23 NYC cn 4 '98	92	91½	91½
17 N Y N H H 6 '48	72½	71½	72¼
20 N Y N H H 4½ '67	69⅜	68¾	69⅛
15 N Y N H H 4 '55	63⅞	63¼	63¼
32 N Y N H H 4 '56	64	63¼	63¼
131 N Y D W r 4 '92	24	23⅞	24
6 N Y P&L 2¾ '75	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
25 N Y W B 4½ '46	42⅞	42⅛	42⅛
6 Norf S 5 2014	63⅝	63⅛	63⅛
30 Nor P 4½ 2047	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
6 Nor P 4 '97	118	118	118
21 Nor P 3 2047	85½	84⅞	85
5 Pen RR g 4½ '65	123⅝	123⅝	123⅝
84 Pere M 3⅞ '80	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
86 Pit C Coal 3½ '65	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
5 Rdg 3½ '95	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
24 St L S F 5 '50 B	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛
99 St L S F 4½ '78	43½	[illegible]	43⅞
101 St L S F 4 '50 A	61⅝	61	61
15 Sea A L inc 4½	84	84	84
16 So Pac 4½ '68	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
37 So Pac 4½ '81	108	107⅝	108
42 So Pac 4½ '69	105⅛	105	105⅛
7 So Pac 4½ Or '77	106	105⅝	106
31 Sou Ry g 4 '56	106⅛	106	106
17 Std O N J 3 '61	102⅛	101⅞	102⅛
29 Th Ave 5 '60	76⅛	75⅞	75⅞
8 Va Ry 3 '95	109⅝	109⅜	109⅝
10 Wab 4½ '91	94⅜	94⅛	94¼
36 W Sh 4 2361	88	87⅝	87⅝
8 W Md 4 '52	107½	107½	107½
71 West Un 5 '60	104½	103⅞	104
16 West Un 4½ '50	104⅝	104	104⅛
51 Wis Cen 4 '49	88	87	87½

Commodity Index

New York, May 8.—The Associated Press weighted wholesale price index of 35 commodities today rose to 117.13. Previous day, 116.90; week ago, 116.81; month ago, 117.18; year ago, 108.60.

	1946.	1945.	1944.	1943.
High	117.40	112.81	108.73	107.54
Low	112.02	107.90	106.03	103.43

(1926 average equals 100.)

Naval Stores

Savannah, Ga., May 8 (AP).—Turpentine, 83½; offerings, 6; sales, 300; receipts, none; shipments, 324; stocks, 1013. Rosin: Offerings and sales, 60; receipts, 251; shipments, none; stocks, 8397. Rosin prices unchanged.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 8 (AP).—Turpentine: Receipts, 12; shipments, none; stocks, 15.

U. S. Exports In March Set 25-Year High

United States commercial exports during March—those outside UNRRA, lend lease and Government shipments—had the highest value since January, 1921, the Commerce Department reported yesterday.

The March value was 586 million dollars, an increase of 118 million dollars over the previous month. In January, 1921, the figure was 654 million dollars.

Total exports, including UNRRA, lend lease and Government shipments, were 816 million dollars in March, compared with 671 million dollars for the short month of February.

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Price $31 per share

*This advertisement relates only to 42,814 shares of the Preferred Stock and 88,564 shares of the Common Stock. The remaining shares of Preferred Stock are to be issued to holders of the Company's outstanding Preferred Stock pursuant to an Exchange Offer made by the Company and the remaining shares of Common Stock have been subscribed for by exercise of subscription warrants issued by the Company to the hholders of its outstanding Common Stock.

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